

## Risk Factors Comparison 2024-02-07 to 2023-02-08 Form: 10-K

Legend: **New Text** ~~Removed Text~~ Unchanged Text **Moved Text** Section

The Company's business, operations, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and stock price can be negatively affected by many risk factors. Investors should carefully consider the risks described below and all other information in this Annual Report. The Company's past financial performance, including historical trends, should not be considered a reliable indicator of future performance. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones facing the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Company or that we currently consider immaterial may materialize and impair the Company's business, operations, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and / or stock price. If actions taken by management to limit, monitor or control enterprise risk exposures are not successful, the Company's business, operations, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In such case, the trading price of the Company's Common Stock and debt securities could decline and investors may lose all or part of their investment.

**RISKS RELATED TO OUR GLOBAL OPERATIONS** The Company is exposed to political, economic, military and other risks related to operating in countries outside the United States, and changes in general economic conditions, geopolitical conditions, U. S. trade policies and other factors beyond the Company's control may adversely impact ~~our~~ **its** business and operating results. The Company's operations and performance depend significantly on global, regional and U. S. economic and geopolitical conditions. During ~~2022-2023~~, non- U. S. markets constituted approximately ~~67-65~~ % of the Company's net sales, with China constituting approximately ~~26-23~~ % of the Company's net sales. The Company employs nearly 90 % of its workforce outside the United States. The Company's customers are located throughout the world, and the Company has many manufacturing, administrative and sales facilities outside the United States. During the last few years there have also been significant changes to U. S. trade policies, sanctions, legislation, treaties and tariffs, including, but not limited to, trade policies and tariffs affecting China. These changes have, in certain cases, increased our costs of doing business. The imposition of additional tariffs or other trade barriers could increase our costs in certain markets ~~;~~ and may cause our customers to find alternative sourcing or could make it more difficult for us to sell our products in some markets. Other countries where we operate or sell our products have changed, and may continue to change, their own policies on trade as well as business and foreign investment in their respective countries. **For example, we have manufacturing facilities in certain jurisdictions that are authorized to operate under preferential duty and / or tariff programs that provide for reduced tariffs and / or eased import and export regulations and are subject to compliance with the terms of such programs, which have become stricter. Failure to comply with the terms of such programs could increase our manufacturing costs and adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.** Additionally, it is possible that U. S. policy changes and uncertainty about such changes could increase market volatility and currency exchange rate fluctuations. As a result of these dynamics, we cannot predict the impact to our business of any future changes to the U. S.' s or other countries' trading relationships or the impact of new laws or regulations adopted by the U. S. or other countries. In addition to the risks noted above, a number of other legal, economic and geopolitical factors both in the United States and abroad could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, operations, financial condition, liquidity and / or results of operations, such as: • a global or regional economic slowdown or recession in any of the Company's end markets (or a prolonging or intensification of such a slowdown or recession), which could negatively affect the financial condition of our customers and result in reduced demand; • postponement of customer spending, in response to tighter credit, inflationary pressures, financial market volatility and other global economic factors; • effects of significant changes in economic, monetary and / or fiscal policies in the United States and / or abroad, including interest rate changes by the U. S. Federal Reserve or other international central banking systems, foreign currency fluctuations, significant income tax changes and inflationary pressures; • intergovernmental ~~and other~~ **and other** conflicts or actions, including, but not limited to, armed conflict, **such as the ongoing military conflicts between Ukraine and Russia as well as Israel and Hamas**, trade wars, cyberattacks and acts of terrorism or war ~~;~~ ~~including the continuing military conflict between Russia and Ukraine and escalating tensions in bordering countries within the Eurozone~~; • employment regulations and local labor conditions, including increases in employment costs, particularly in low- cost regions in which the Company currently operates; • industrial policies in various countries that favor domestic industries over multinationals or that restrict foreign companies altogether; • difficulties protecting intellectual property; • longer payment cycles; • changes in exchange control regulations, including any government actions that prohibit, limit or increase the cost of paying a dividend or otherwise moving cash between the Company's subsidiaries located in different countries; • credit risks and other challenges in collecting accounts receivable; and • changes in assumptions, such as discount rates, along with lower than expected investment returns and performance related to the Company's benefit plans. We may be negatively impacted by adverse public health developments, including epidemics and pandemics ~~;~~ ~~such as the COVID-19 pandemic~~. Any outbreaks of contagious diseases and other adverse public health developments in countries where we operate could have a material and adverse effect on our business, operations, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations. **Since Beginning in early 2020 and continuing through 2022**, the COVID- 19 pandemic ~~has~~ disrupted our offices and manufacturing facilities around the world, as well as the facilities of our suppliers, customers and our customers' contract manufacturers. These disruptions ~~have included~~ ~~;~~ ~~and may continue to include~~, government regulations that ~~inhibit~~ **inhibited** our ability to operate certain of our facilities in the ordinary course, travel restrictions, supplier constraints, supply chain interruptions, logistics challenges and limitations, labor disruptions and reduced demand from certain customers. **Future disruptions from similar harmful public health developments could** ~~During much of 2022, COVID- 19 outbreaks in China resulted in local or regional government- imposed lockdowns and~~

restrictions, which impacted the ability of several of our operations and manufacturing facilities to operate in the ordinary course. As of December 31, 2022, there continue to be isolated COVID-19 outbreaks in certain regions of the world, particularly in China. There can be no assurance that the COVID-19 pandemic will not have a material and adverse effect **impact** on our business, operations, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations **in the future**. The Company and certain of its suppliers and customers have experienced difficulties obtaining certain raw materials and components, and the cost of **most certain** of the Company's raw materials and components is increasing. The Company uses basic materials like aluminum, steel, copper, titanium, metal alloys, gold, silver, palladium and plastic resins in its manufacturing processes as well as a variety of components and relies on third-party suppliers to secure these materials and components. While the Company does not currently anticipate significant, broad-based difficulties in obtaining raw materials or components necessary for production, **inflationary pressures** in 2021 and 2022, there were supply chain and logistical challenges **that may impacted** **impact** the **cost** global economy, including our Company, and **availability of** caused and continue to cause supply constraints and commodity price increases on certain raw materials and components used by the Company. **In addition and result in supply shortages for discrete raw materials or components, which could be further** recent inflationary pressures have been exacerbated by decreased availability of, and increased **commodity** prices for, freight and **additional inflation** logistics, including air, sea and ground freight. **The Moreover, the** Company may not be able to pass along **any** increased raw material or component prices to its customers and may not be able to procure and obtain sufficient quantities of raw materials and components **timely and** at acceptable prices from our suppliers. **In Accordingly, any future delays, disruptions, and supply and pricing risks could affect our ability to meet customer demand for our products or our profitability from selling those products, which could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.** **14** In limited instances, we depend on a single source of supply or participate in commodity markets that may be served by a limited number of suppliers. Delays in obtaining supplies may result from a number of factors affecting our suppliers, and any delay could impair our **ability 13** **ability** to deliver products to our customers. The cost and availability of raw materials may fluctuate significantly due to external factors including, but not limited to, product scarcity, **war or other armed conflict, logistical challenges,** disruptions caused by climate change and adverse weather conditions, commodity market fluctuations, currency fluctuations, governmental policies and regulations such as trade tariffs and import restrictions, as well as pandemics and epidemics ( **such as was the case with, but not limited to,** the COVID-19 pandemic), which may, in turn, negatively impact our results of operations and financial condition. Cybersecurity incidents affecting our information technology systems could disrupt business operations or cause the release of highly sensitive confidential **or personal** information, resulting in adverse impacts to our reputation and operating results and potentially leading to litigation and / or governmental investigations **and, fines and other penalties. We rely on our information technology systems for critical operations and face numerous and evolving** Cybersecurity **cybersecurity** threats and techniques used to disrupt operations and gain unauthorized access to **these our information technology systems. These threats may arise from diverse threat actors such as state-sponsored organizations and opportunistic hackers and hacktivists, as well as through diverse attack vectors,** including, but not limited to, malware, **social engineering /** phishing, credential harvesting, ransomware, **malfeasance by insiders, human or technological error** and other increasingly sophisticated attacks. **Cyberattacks** continue to expand and evolve **globally,** making it difficult to detect and prevent such threats from impacting the Company. Globally, there continues to be an increased volume of cyber threats, ransomware attempts and social engineering attacks, such as phishing and impersonation, and attackers increasingly use tools and techniques that are designed to circumvent controls, to avoid detection, and to remove or obfuscate forensic evidence. In addition, the **COVID-19 pandemic rise of artificial intelligence and machine learning** has increased cybersecurity risk as **led to more sophisticated and deceptive attacks. Attackers can manipulate systems in new ways and more easily perform functions at scale. As a result of, we may be unable to detect, investigate, remediate, or recover from future attacks or incidents, or avoid a material adverse impact to our business. In addition,** global remote working dynamics **that may continue to into the future and** present additional risk that threat actors will engage in social engineering (for example, phishing) and exploit vulnerabilities in corporate and non-corporate networks. Ransomware attacks have become easier to execute, and with the rise of ransomware as a service, it has become an increasingly popular business model to lease or sell ransomware variants to anyone willing to pay the fee. **There can be no assurance that our cybersecurity risk management program and processes, including our policies, controls or procedures, will be fully complied with or effective in protecting our information technology systems. The Company has and third-party providers upon whom we may rely for certain information technology services have** been, and expects **expect** to continue to be, a target of various cybersecurity attacks, including, but not limited to, ransomware attacks. While the impact of such attacks has not been material, future cybersecurity incidents could lead to unauthorized access to and potentially impair the Company's information technology systems, products, customers, suppliers and third-party service providers. Cybersecurity incidents could potentially result in the disruption of our business operations and / or misappropriation, destruction or corruption of critical data and confidential, **personal,** or proprietary information. Cybersecurity events could also result in the loss of or inability to access confidential information and critical business, financial or other data, and / or cause the release of highly sensitive confidential **or personal** information. Cybersecurity incidents could also result from unauthorized parties gaining access to our systems or information through fraudulent or other means of deceiving our employees, suppliers or third-party service providers. **Our Despite providing training to employees as well as implementing preventative security measures to prevent, detect, address and mitigate these threats, our or** key third-party information technology systems and infrastructure are **still** susceptible to disruptions from cybersecurity incidents, ransomware attacks, security breaches, computer viruses, security vulnerabilities or "bugs" in software or hardware, outages, systems failures, natural disasters, adverse public health developments, or other catastrophic events, any of which could **include result in** reputational damage **that may cause the loss of existing or future customers, the** loss of our intellectual property, **the** release of highly sensitive confidential **or personal** information, the inability to access critical data and

other operational ~~disruption~~ **disruptions**, litigation with third parties **(including class actions)** and / or governmental investigations and fines, among other things, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. **Finally, we cannot guarantee that any costs and liabilities incurred in relation to an attack or incident will be covered by our existing insurance policies or that applicable insurance will be available to us in the future on economically reasonable terms or at all.** We and our business partners maintain significant amounts of data electronically in locations around the world. This data relates to all aspects of our business, including financial information and current and future products under development, and also contains certain customer, supplier, partner and employee data, such as sensitive personal data **information**. We maintain systems and processes designed to protect this data, but notwithstanding such protective measures, ~~there~~ **There** is a risk of intrusion, cyberattacks or tampering that could compromise the integrity and privacy of this data or make the data inaccessible to us. In addition, in certain cases, in order to conduct business, we outsource to ~~third~~ **third**-party business partners. We generally obtain assurances from those ~~those~~ **parties that they have systems and processes in place to protect our data, and where applicable, that they will take steps to protect our data; nonetheless, those** partners may also be subject to data intrusion or a cyberattack. Any compromise of the data could substantially disrupt our operations, impact future business opportunities, harm our customers, employees and other business partners, damage our reputation, violate applicable laws, regulations, policies and contractual obligations and subject us to potentially significant costs and liabilities, including litigation or other enforcement actions. ~~The~~ **The** regulatory environment surrounding information security and privacy is increasingly demanding, with frequent imposition of new and changing requirements ~~-, privacy~~ **Privacy** laws and regulations around the world **including**, for example, in the European Union **(“ EU ”)**, People’s Republic of China, and the state of California, ~~which~~ **and several other U. S. states,** impose significant obligations for companies on how they collect, store, protect, process and transfer personal ~~data~~ **information** and can impose significant fines for non-compliance. **In addition, in March 2022, the U. S. enacted the Strengthening American Cybersecurity Act, which imposes cyber incident and ransomware attack response protocols for businesses operating in numerous core industry sectors of the U. S. economy.** The potential for fines **, penalties,** and other related costs in the event of a breach of or non-compliance with any existing and forthcoming information security or privacy laws and requirements may have an adverse effect on our financial results. **For further discussion of the Company’s risk management, strategy, and governance around cybersecurity, refer to Part I, Item 1C. Cybersecurity herein**. The Company may be negatively impacted by extreme weather conditions and natural catastrophic events, including those caused or intensified by climate change and global warming. From time to time, extreme weather conditions and natural disasters have negatively impacted, and may continue to negatively impact, portions of our operations, as well as the operations of our suppliers, vendors, customers and distributors. Such unpredictable weather conditions and natural disasters including, but not limited to, **severe storms, earthquakes, fires , droughts , floods, hurricanes, tornadoes, and stronger and longer- lasting weather patterns, including heat waves and freezes and ambient temperature or precipitation changes,** and their consequences and effects have, in the past, temporarily disrupted our business operations both in the United States and abroad. These events could cause some of the Company’s operations to suffer from supply chain disruptions and potential delays in fulfilling customer orders or order cancellations altogether, lost business and sales **;** **increased costs, energy and water scarcity**, changing costs or availability of insurance, and / or property damage or harm to our people, each and all of which could have an adverse effect on our business, operations, financial condition and results of operations. Increasing scrutiny and expectations regarding ESG matters could result in additional costs or risks or otherwise adversely impact our business. Companies across industries ~~are facing~~ **continue to face** increasing scrutiny from a variety of stakeholders related to their ESG and sustainability practices. Expectations regarding voluntary and potential mandatory ESG initiatives and disclosures may result in increased costs, changes in demand for certain products, enhanced compliance or disclosure obligations, or other adverse impacts to our business, financial condition or results of operations. In addition, an inability to receive or maintain favorable ESG ratings could negatively impact our reputation or impede our ability to compete as effectively to attract and retain employees or customers, which may adversely impact our operations. Unfavorable ESG ratings could also lead to increased negative investor sentiment towards us or our industry, which could negatively impact the share price of our Common Stock as well as our access to and cost of capital. Our international operations require us to comply with anti- corruption laws and regulations of the U. S. government and various foreign jurisdictions, and our business reputation and financial results may be impaired by improper conduct by any of our employees, customers, suppliers, distributors or any other business partners. Doing business on a worldwide basis requires us and our subsidiaries to comply with the laws and regulations of the U. S. government and various foreign jurisdictions, and our failure to comply with these rules and regulations may expose us to significant liabilities. These laws and regulations may apply to companies, individual directors, officers, employees, subcontractors and agents, and may restrict our operations, trade practices, investment decisions and partnering activities. In particular, our international operations are subject to U. S. and foreign anti- corruption laws and regulations, such as the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended **(“ FCPA ”)**. As part of our business, we deal with state- owned business enterprises, the employees and representatives of which may be considered foreign officials for purposes of the FCPA. In addition, some of the foreign locations in which we operate lack a developed legal system and have elevated levels of corruption. As a result of the above activities, we are exposed to the risk of violating U. S. and foreign anti- corruption laws. ~~There~~ **15There** can be no assurance that our policies and procedures designed for complying with applicable U. S. and international laws and regulations will be effective in preventing our directors, officers, employees, subcontractors and agents from taking actions that violate these legal requirements. Violations of these legal requirements could subject us to criminal fines and imprisonment, civil penalties, disgorgement of profits, injunctions, debarment from government contracts and other remedial measures. In addition, any actual or alleged violations could disrupt our operations, cause reputational harm, involve significant management distraction and result in a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition. ~~16The~~ **The** Company’s results can be positively or negatively affected by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company

conducts business in many foreign currencies through its worldwide operations, and as a result, is subject to foreign exchange exposure due to changes in exchange rates of the various currencies, including possible foreign currency restrictions and / or devaluations. Changes in exchange rates can positively or negatively affect the Company's sales, operating margins and equity. There can be no assurance that any or all actions taken by the Company to mitigate currency risk, such as locating factories in the same country or region in which products are sold, hedging contracts, cost reduction and pricing actions or working capital management, will be fully effective in successfully managing currency risk. A significant and sudden decline in the value of any of the foreign currencies of the Company's worldwide operations could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. The Company is dependent on attracting, recruiting, hiring and retaining skilled employees, including our various management teams. Our performance is dependent on our ability to attract, recruit, hire and retain skilled personnel, including our executive and core management teams. Given the current inflationary wage environment and strong demand for skilled labor in many of the countries and regions in which we operate, the ability to identify and attract new talent, as well as retain existing talent, may prove to be difficult. It is possible that the current labor market could have an adverse effect on our ability to attract, recruit, hire and retain skilled employees, which in turn, could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, our business could also be adversely impacted by the ongoing increases in labor costs, including wages and benefits.

**RISKS RELATED TO OUR END MARKETS**The Company encounters competition in substantially all areas of our business. The Company competes primarily on the basis of technology innovation, product quality and performance, price, customer service and delivery time. Competitors include large, diversified companies, some of which have greater assets and financial resources than the Company, as well as medium- to small- sized companies. Rapid technological changes could also lead to the entry of new competitors of various sizes against whom we may not be able to successfully compete. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully against existing or new competition, and the inability to do so may result in price reductions, reduced margins, or loss of market share, any of which could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. The Company is dependent on end market dynamics to sell its products, particularly in the communications, automotive and **military-defense** end markets. The Company is dependent on end market dynamics to sell its products, and **our** operating results could be adversely affected by cyclical and reduced demand in any of these markets. Approximately **42-37** % of the Company's **2022-2023** net sales came from sales to the communications industry. Demand for products in these markets is generally subject to rapid technological change and / or capital spending by operators for constructing, rebuilding or upgrading their systems, all of which could be affected by a variety of factors, including general economic conditions, consolidation within the industry, the financial condition of operators and their access to financing, competition, technological developments, new legislation and regulation. Approximately **21-23** % of the Company's net sales came from the automotive industry. The automotive industry has historically experienced significant downturns during periods of deteriorating global or regional economic or credit conditions, **or as a result of prolonged work stoppages or other disputes with labor unions**. The communications and automotive end markets are also dominated by large customers that regularly exert price pressures on their suppliers, including the Company. Approximately **9-11** % of the Company's net sales came from sales to the **military-defense** end market. Accordingly, the Company's sales are affected by changes in the defense budgets of the U. S. and **foreign-16foreign** governments, which are subject to political and budgetary fluctuations and constraints. Periodic downturns in any of our customers' end markets can significantly reduce demand for certain of our products, which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

**17RISKS -- RISKS RELATED TO ACQUISITION**The Company has at times experienced difficulties and unanticipated expenses in connection with purchasing and integrating newly acquired businesses. The Company has completed **numerous a number of** acquisitions in recent years, including **two-10** in **2022-2023**. The Company anticipates that it will continue to pursue acquisition opportunities as part of its growth strategy. From time to time, the Company experiences difficulty and unanticipated expenses associated with purchasing and integrating acquisitions, and acquisitions do not always perform and deliver the financial benefits expected. The Company has also experienced challenges at times following the acquisition of a new company or business, including, but not limited to, managing the operations, manufacturing facilities and technology; maintaining and increasing the customer base; or retaining key employees, suppliers and distributors. In certain limited cases, the Company has pursued indemnification claims against seller (s) of an acquired business **or sought recovery under third party insurance policies** for pre- acquisition liabilities, breaches of representations, warranties or covenants or for other reasons provided for in the relevant acquisition agreement **or insurance policy**. To the extent we pursue indemnification claims against **the seller (s) of any acquired business**, such seller (s) **or insurers, such seller (s) or insurers** may successfully contest such claims and / or may not have the financial capacity to compensate us for such claims, or such claims may otherwise be difficult or impractical to enforce. We cannot predict or guarantee whether and to what extent anticipated cost savings, benefits, margin improvements and growth prospects will be achieved from recent or future acquisitions. The Company may in the future incur goodwill and other intangible asset impairment charges. On December 31, **2022-2023**, the total assets of the Company were \$ **15-16. 3-5** billion, which included \$ **6-7. 4-1** billion of goodwill (the excess of fair value of consideration paid over the fair value of net identifiable assets of businesses acquired) and \$ **734-834. 1-8** million of other intangible assets, net. The Company performs annual evaluations (or more frequently, if necessary) for the potential impairment of the carrying value of goodwill and other intangible assets. Such evaluations to date have not resulted in the need to recognize an impairment. However, if the financial performance of the Company's businesses were to decline significantly, the Company could incur a material non- cash charge to its income statement for the impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets. Furthermore, we cannot provide assurance that impairment charges in the future will not be required if the expected cash flow estimates as projected by management do not occur, especially if an economic recession occurs and continues for a lengthy period or becomes **more** severe, or if acquisitions and investments made by the Company fail to achieve expected returns.

**RISKS RELATED TO OUR LIQUIDITY AND**

**CAPITAL RESOURCES** The Company's credit agreements and senior notes contain certain requirements, which if breached, could have a material adverse effect on the Company. The second amended and restated credit agreement that governs our \$ 2.5 billion unsecured credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which also backstops the Company's U. S. commercial paper program ("U. S. Commercial Paper Program") and Euro commercial paper program ("Euro Commercial Paper Program"), contains financial and other covenants, such as a limit on the ratio of debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, a limit on priority indebtedness and limits on incurrence of liens. The Company also has similar financial and other covenants associated with its two- year, \$ 750.0 million unsecured delayed draw term loan credit agreement (the "2022-Term Loan") entered into in April 2022. In addition, the ability to meet the financial covenants can be affected by events beyond the Company's control, and the Company cannot provide assurance that it will meet those tests. A breach of any of these covenants could result in a default under the Revolving Credit Facility and the 2022-Term Loan. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Revolving Credit Facility or the 2022-Term Loan, the lenders could terminate all commitments to extend further credit and elect to declare amounts outstanding thereunder to be immediately due and payable, which could result in the acceleration of certain of the Company's other indebtedness and the Company not having sufficient assets to repay **indebtedness under** the Revolving Credit Facility, the 2022-Term Loan and such other **indebtedness debt instruments**. As of December 31, **2022-2023**, the Company had **no borrowings** approximately \$ 632.8 million of outstanding borrowings under the **Revolving Credit Facility, Term Loan, U. S. Commercial Paper Program, and no outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, 2022-Term Loan and Euro Commercial Paper Program**. **However, the Company borrowed under the U. S. 17 Commercial Paper Program throughout much of 2023, and the Company may make additional borrowings under any of its debt instruments from time to time**. In addition to these credit agreements, the Company's various senior notes also impose certain obligations on the Company and prohibit various actions by the Company unless it satisfies certain financial requirements. While the Company is compliant with all such requirements as of December 31, **2022-2023**, there can be no assurance that the Company will remain in compliance with such requirements. ~~18The~~ **The** Company relies on the global capital markets, and an inability to access those markets on favorable terms could adversely affect the Company's results. The Company has used the global capital markets to **raise capital to** invest in its business and make strategic acquisitions. ~~If general economic and capital market conditions deteriorate significantly, it could impact the Company's ability to access the capital markets~~. The capital and credit markets have experienced significant volatility in the past. **If general economic and capital market market conditions deteriorate significantly, it could become** make it more difficult to access capital to finance capital investments, acquisitions and other initiatives including dividends and share repurchases, which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. In addition, if the credit rating agencies that rate the Company's debt were to downgrade the Company's credit rating, it would likely increase the Company's cost of capital and make it more difficult for the Company to obtain new financing and access capital markets, which could also have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company's results may be negatively affected by changing interest rates. The Company is subject to interest rate volatility with regard to existing and future issuances of debt. The Company monitors its mix of fixed- rate and variable- rate debt, as well as its mix of short- term and long- term debt. As of December 31, **2022-2023**, **less than 1** approximately \$ 640 million, or 14% ; of the Company's outstanding borrowings were subject to floating interest rates, ~~primarily from borrowings under the U. S. Commercial Paper Program~~. As a result of recent increases in the federal funds rate by the U. S. Federal Reserve **beginning in early 2022 and through the middle of 2023**, the floating interest rates related to our U. S. Commercial Paper Program increased substantially over the course of 2022, a trend that could continue throughout 2023. Consequently, the Company currently expects the floating interest rates related to its U. S. Commercial Paper Program (as well as its ~~our~~ **our** Revolving Credit Facility and 2022-Term Loan, to the extent either are drawn upon in the future) ~~to have increased substantially over this same period, a trend that could~~ continue **into** to increase in the first quarter of 2023-2024 and potentially beyond, which is expected. **To the extent that interest rates related** to result in this floating rate debt increased- **increase further and the Company borrows under any of these floating interest rate instruments in the future,** interest expense **and interest payments would increase** in 2023 as compared to 2022. There can be no assurance that interest rates will not change significantly from current levels.

**RISKS RELATED TO LEGAL AND REGULATORY MATTERS** Our business and financial results may be adversely affected by government contracting risks. We are subject to various laws and regulations applicable to parties doing business with the U. S. and other governments, including laws and regulations governing reporting obligations, interactions with government officials, performance of government contracts, the use and treatment of government furnished property and the nature of materials used in our products. We may be unilaterally suspended or barred from conducting business with the U. S. and other foreign governments or their suppliers (both directly and indirectly), or become subject to fines or other sanctions if we are found to have violated such laws or regulations. As a result of the need to comply with these laws and regulations, we are subject to increased risks of governmental investigations, civil fraud actions, criminal prosecutions, whistleblower lawsuits and other enforcement actions. For example, **the Company reached an agreement** in August **2023 with** 2018, we received a subpoena from the U. S. **government related to** Department of Defense, Office of the Inspector General, requesting documents from certain of the Company's Military and- **an investigation of alleged violations** Aerospace businesses pertaining to certain products that are purchased or used by the U. S. government. In connection with this investigation, during the third quarter of 2022, in a meeting with representatives of the U. S. government, it was alleged that the Company likely violated various provisions of federal law, including violations under the civil False Claims Act. **Although**, as discussed more fully in Note 14 of the Notes **Company did not admit** to Consolidated Financial Statements **any liability under the terms of the settlement agreement, the Company agreed to pay the U. S. government a settlement amount, ending the government's investigation and releasing the Company from further liability for the issues under investigation**. The U. S. laws and regulations to which we are subject include, but are not limited to, **the** Export Administration Regulations, the Federal

Acquisition Regulation, the False Claims Act, International Traffic in Arms Regulations, regulations from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the FCPA. **We Moreover, we** are subject to a wide range of similar laws and regulations in other countries throughout the world. Failure, or the perceived failure, to comply with applicable requirements also could harm our reputation and our ability to compete for future government contracts or sell commercial equivalent products. Any of these outcomes could have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, financial condition, liquidity, and results of operations. **In 18**In addition, U. S. government contracts are subject to modification, curtailment or termination by the U. S. government without prior written notice, either for convenience or for default as a result of our failure to perform under the applicable contract. If our contracts are terminated by the U. S. government as a result of our default, we could be liable for additional costs the U. S. government incurs in acquiring undelivered goods or services from another source and any other damages it suffers. Furthermore, the U. S. government periodically audits our governmental contract costs, ~~19~~**which -- which** could result in fines, penalties or adjustment of costs and prices under the contracts. Any such fines, penalties or payment adjustments resulting from such audits could adversely affect our reputation, business, operations, financial condition, liquidity, and results of operations. The Company must comply with complex U. S. governmental export and import controls as well as economic sanctions and trade embargoes. Certain of our products, including purchased components of such products, are subject to U. S. and non- U. S. export control laws and regulations, and may be exported only with the required export license or through an export license exception. In addition, we are required to comply with certain U. S. and non- U. S. economic sanctions and trade embargoes that restrict our ability to transact or deal with certain persons, countries, regions, and governments. These laws and regulations are complex, may change frequently and with limited notice, have generally become more stringent over time and have intensified under recent U. S. administrations, especially in light of **recent ongoing** tensions ~~with~~ **between the U. S. and** China. For example, in 2019, the U. S. government added certain of the Company' s customers based in China to the " Entity List " maintained by the U. S. Department of Commerce, which imposes additional restrictions on sales to such customers. Further, in 2022, the U. S. Commerce Department' s Bureau of Industry Security released new export control regulations that restrict the provision to China of certain technology, software, manufacturing equipment and commodities that are used to make certain advanced computing integrated circuits ( " ICs " ) and supercomputers. These changes include new restrictions on the ability of U. S. companies to provide certain services to any facility in China that manufactures certain advanced ICs. Although, to date, none of such restrictions have had a material adverse effect on the Company' s business, financial condition and results of operations, the U. S. government has the power to place even greater restrictions, and such restrictions could further limit or prohibit the Company from selling its products or providing its services. In addition, we cannot ensure that our policies and procedures designed to maintain compliance with applicable rules and regulations will be effective in preventing instances of non- compliance. If we were to fail to comply with applicable export control restrictions (for example, by failing to obtain required export licensing), customs regulations, economic sanctions and other laws, we could be subject to substantial civil and criminal penalties, including fines, the incarceration of responsible employees and managers, reputational harm, and the possible loss of export or import privileges. In addition, if our distributors fail to obtain appropriate import, export or re- export licenses or permits, we may also be adversely affected through reputational harm and penalties. Obtaining the necessary export license for a particular sale may be time- consuming and may result in the delay or loss of sales opportunities. Changes in fiscal and tax policies, audits and examinations by taxing authorities could impact the Company' s results. The Company is subject to tax in the U. S. and in numerous foreign jurisdictions. The Company is currently under tax examination in several jurisdictions, and, in addition, new examinations could be initiated by additional tax authorities. As the Company has operations in jurisdictions throughout the world, the risk of tax examinations will continue to occur. The Company' s financial condition, results of operations or cash flows may be materially impacted by the results of these tax examinations. On August 16, 2022, the President of the United States signed into law the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the " IRA " ), a tax and spending package that introduces several tax- related provisions, including a 15 % corporate alternative minimum tax ( " CAMT " ) on certain large corporations and a 1 % excise tax on certain corporate stock repurchases. Companies will be required to reassess their valuation allowances for certain affected deferred tax assets in the period of enactment but will not need to remeasure deferred tax balances for the related tax accounting implications of the CAMT. **The IRA impact of these provisions, which became effective for Amphenol beginning on January 1, 2023, is did not have a material impact on the Company during the year ended December 31, 2023. However, the full impact of these provisions in the future dependent depends** on several factors, including interpretive regulatory guidance, which has not yet been released. **The Organization for Economic Co- operation and Development (OECD) / G20 Inclusive Framework, known as Pillar Two, provides guidance for a global minimum tax. This guidance lays out a common approach for adopting the global minimum tax and enacting local legislation codifying the provisions that all 142 countries in the Inclusive Framework agreed to by consensus. The EU member states have agreed to adopt these rules in two stages with the first component effective on January 1, 2024, while the second component will be effective January 1, 2025. Non- EU 19 countries have enacted or are expected to enact legislation on a similar timeline. Certain countries in which we operate have already enacted legislation to adopt the Pillar Two framework, while several other countries are expected to also implement similar legislation with varying effective dates in the future. When and how this framework is adopted or enacted by the various countries in which we do business will increase tax complexity and may increase uncertainty and adversely affect our provision for income taxes in the U. S. and non- U. S. jurisdictions.** Any future changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting standards for income taxes and / or other tax guidance, including related interpretations associated with the IRA or otherwise, could materially impact the Company' s current and non- current tax liabilities, along with deferred tax assets and liabilities, and consequently, our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. We may experience difficulties in enforcing our intellectual property rights, which could result in loss of market share, and we may be subject to claims of infringement of the intellectual property rights of others. We rely on patent and trade secret laws, copyright, trademark, confidentiality procedures, controls and

contractual commitments to protect our intellectual property rights. Despite our efforts, these protections may be limited and, from time to time, we encounter difficulties in protecting our intellectual property rights, particularly in certain countries ~~20~~**outside** the U. S. We cannot provide assurance that the patents that we hold or may obtain will provide meaningful protection against our competitors. Changes in laws concerning intellectual property, or the enforcement of such laws, may affect our ability to prevent or address the misappropriation of, or the unauthorized use of, our intellectual property, potentially resulting in loss of market share. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our intellectual property rights. Litigation is inherently uncertain and outcomes are unpredictable. If we cannot protect our intellectual property rights against unauthorized copying or use, or other misappropriation, we may not remain competitive. The intellectual property rights of others could inhibit our ability to introduce new products. Other companies hold patents on technologies used in our industries and are aggressively seeking to expand, enforce and license their patent portfolios. We periodically receive notices from, or have lawsuits filed against us by, third parties claiming infringement, misappropriation or other misuse of their intellectual property rights and / or breach of our agreements with them. These third parties may include entities that do not have the capabilities to design, manufacture, or distribute products or that acquire intellectual property like patents for the sole purpose of monetizing their acquired intellectual property through asserting claims of infringement and misuse. In addition, some foreign competitors may take advantage of the intellectual property laws in their home countries and the more favorable litigation and regulatory environment to our detriment. Third- party claims of infringement may result in loss of revenue, substantial costs or lead to monetary damages or injunctive relief against us. The Company is subject to customer claims, litigation and other regulatory or legal proceedings. The Company is currently engaged in, or subject to, various customer claims, litigation and other regulatory and legal matters and may be subject to additional claims, litigation and other regulatory or legal proceedings in the future. Such matters expose the Company to risks that could be material, including, but not limited to, risks related to employment disputes, tax controversies, government investigations, intellectual property infringement, compliance with environmental laws, unfair sales practices, product safety and liability, and product warranty, indemnity and other contract- related claims. These matters may subject the Company to lawsuits, voluntary or forced product recalls, government investigations and criminal liability, including claims for compensatory, punitive or consequential damages, and could result in disruptions to our business and significant legal expenses. These matters could also damage our reputation, harm our relationships with customers or negatively affect product demand. While the Company does maintain certain insurance coverages that may mitigate losses associated with some of these types of claims and proceedings, the policies may not apply and, where insurance exists, the amount of insurance coverage may not be adequate to cover the total claims and liabilities. In some cases, particularly with respect to product warranty claims from customers, we self- insure against this risk, meaning that any product liability claims will likely have to be paid from Company funds and not by insurance. Any current or future substantial liabilities or regulatory actions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and reputation. The Company is subject to environmental laws and regulations that could adversely affect our business. The Company operates in both the United States and various foreign jurisdictions, and we must comply with locally enacted laws and regulations addressing health, safety and environmental matters in such jurisdictions in which we **20** ~~manufacture and / or sell our products. Certain operations of the Company are subject to locally enacted environmental laws and regulations that govern the discharge of pollutants into the air and water, as well as the handling and disposal of solid and hazardous wastes. The Company and its operations may be subject to liabilities, regardless of fault, for investigative and / or remediation efforts on such matters that may arise at any of the Company' s former or current properties, either owned or leased. For example, as disclosed in Note 14 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company was named as one of several defendants in four separate lawsuits filed in the State of Indiana relating to a manufacturing site in Franklin, Indiana where the Company has been conducting an environmental clean- up effort under the direction of the United States Environmental Protection Agency. All the costs incurred by the Company relating to these lawsuits as well as all costs associated with the clean- up effort at the manufacturing site have been reimbursed by the former owner pursuant to an indemnification agreement entered into in connection with the acquisition of the manufacturing site as part of a larger acquisition that led to the establishment of the Company' s business in 1987. Environmental liabilities can result from the use of hazardous materials in production, the disposal of products, damages associated with the use of any of our products or other related matters. We cannot be certain as to the potential impact of any changes to environmental conditions or environmental policies that may arise in any of our jurisdictions. Our failure to comply with these local environmental laws and regulations could result in fines or other~~ 21