

## Risk Factors Comparison 2025-02-27 to 2024-02-27 Form: 10-K

Legend: **New Text** ~~Removed Text~~ Unchanged Text **Moved Text** Section

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below, together with all of the other information in this report, including our consolidated financial statements and related notes, as well as in our other filings with the SEC, in evaluating our business and before investing in our common stock. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that are not expressly stated, that we are unaware of, or that we currently believe are not material, may also become important factors that affect us. If any of the following risks occur, our business, operating results, financial condition and prospects could be materially harmed. In that event, the price of our common stock could decline, and you could lose part or all of your investment.

Summary of Material Risk Factors Our business is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties of which you should be aware. Among others, these risks relate to:

- Our significant net losses since inception, ability to achieve and maintain profitability ~~or~~ **and** our ability to maintain our rate of revenue growth in the future;
- Our ability to grow and retain our member base, including uncertainties in the assumptions we use to determine our new pet acquisition spend, variable costs of attracting new members through online channels such as social media or search engines and from leads generated from Territory Partners, veterinarians and other third parties;
- Our **ability to maintain certain levels of surplus capital, and access excess capital for other parts of our business, under applicable insurance regulations;**
- Our reliance on Territory Partners, whom we engage as independent contractors rather than employees, and other third parties;
- ~~Our The actual levels of our~~ **Our** veterinary invoice expense (which may increase with use of our patented software for direct payment of invoices) and our ability to timely and accurately process valid invoices and to identify improper invoices;
- Our ability to **comply with numerous laws and regulations maintain certain levels of surplus capital under applicable to our business, including state, federal and foreign laws relating to insurance regulations, privacy, e-commerce, email and texting, and accounting matters;**
- Our ability to react to competitors and alternative financing methods for pet related medical costs;
- Our ability to maintain and enhance our brand;
- Our ability to maintain and scale our infrastructure, to invest in or acquire businesses, products or technologies, or otherwise manage our growth;
- Changes in legal, judicial, social and other environmental conditions, which could result in unexpected claim and coverage liability;
- Our reliance on key personnel and strategic relationships and our ability to maintain these relationships;
- Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, other issues relating to expanding our operations internationally, and general changes in the global economy that can cause our operating results to vary;
- ~~Our Ownership~~ **ownership** of multiple insurance subsidiaries in different jurisdictions;
- Our ability to ~~remediate the material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting and~~ maintain effective internal controls and security measures, including measures to mitigate cyber- attacks;
- Our acceptance of automatic fund transfers, credit card and debit card payments;
- ~~Ownership of an office building;~~
- Our ability to protect our intellectual property (IP), avoid violating IP rights of others, and maintain relationships with third parties providing necessary IP and technology to us;
- The outcome of litigation or regulatory proceedings;
- Our level of indebtedness, our ability to service our debt, and our ability to comply with covenants that may restrict our operations and limit our ability to expand our business;
- Our ability to **initiate substantial underwriting activity by our Canadian subsidiary GPIC in connection with rolling off business and ending our contractual relationship with our fronting partner Accelerant;**
- ~~Our ability to~~ **utilize net operating loss carryforwards and potential increases in our tax liabilities;**
- ~~Our ability to comply with numerous laws and regulations applicable to our business, including state, federal and foreign laws relating to insurance, privacy, the internet, email and texting, and accounting matters;~~ and
- Our common stock, including missed earnings guidance, inadequate analyst coverage, trading volatility, lack of dividends, concentrated ownership, and anti- takeover provisions in our governing documents.

Risks Related to Our Business and Industry We have incurred significant cumulative net losses since our inception and may not be able to achieve or maintain profitability in the future. We have incurred significant cumulative net losses since our inception. We incurred net losses of \$ **9.6 million and \$ 44.7 million** in the years ended December 31, **2024 and 2023** ~~and 2022~~, **respectively**, and as of December 31, ~~2023-2024~~, we had an accumulated deficit of ~~\$ 216-225~~ **3-9** million. We have funded our operations through **our operations**, equity financings, and borrowings under revolving lines of credit and term loans. Our ability to achieve and maintain profitability will depend, in significant part, on obtaining new members, retaining our existing members, maintaining relationships with our strategic partners, and ensuring that our expenses, including new pet acquisition expense, do not exceed our revenue. We expect to make significant expenditures and investments in new pet acquisition and product initiatives and these expenditures may not result in additional growth. Our growth in revenue and membership may not be sustainable or may decrease, and we may not generate sufficient revenue to consistently achieve profitability. Additionally, we budget for our expenses based, in significant part, on our estimates of future revenue and many of these expenses are fixed in the short term. As a result, we may be unable to adjust our spending in a timely manner if our revenue falls short of our estimates. Accordingly, any significant shortfall of revenue in relation to our estimates could have an immediate negative effect on our financial results. We may not maintain our current rate of revenue growth. Our revenue has increased quickly and substantially in recent years. We believe that our continued revenue growth will depend on, among other factors, our ability to:

- improve our market penetration through cost- efficient and effective pet acquisition programs to attract new members;
- convert leads into enrollments;
- maintain high retention rates;
- increase the lifetime value per pet;
- **price our subscriptions in relation to actual operating expenses and achieve required regulatory approval for pricing changes;**
- **achieve our target margin profile to allow continued reinvestment in growth and member experience;**
- maintain **and increase** positive relationships with veterinarians and other lead sources;
- maintain **high- performing** positive relationships

with and increase the number and efficiency of Territory Partners in all of our target markets; • **administer and continue to grow** successfully integrate entities we acquire into our business; • expand our business internationally; • create and maintain positive relationships with strategic partners, particularly partners who present us with new sales channels and those who create software solutions for veterinary practices; • continue to offer products with a superior value with competitive features and rates; • **price our subscriptions in relation to actual operating expenses and achieve required regulatory approval for pricing changes**; • recruit, integrate and retain skilled, qualified and experienced sales professionals who can demonstrate our value proposition to new and existing members; • provide our members with superior service, including timely and efficient payment of veterinary invoices, and by recruiting, integrating and retaining skilled and experienced personnel who can efficiently review veterinary invoices and process payments; • generate **new relationships and manage and maintain existing relationships and programs in our other business segment to replace revenue generated through our relationship with Pets Best, since we expect our relationship with Pets Best will diminish and our business activity with them will terminate over future periods**; • react to existing and new competitors; • protect and defend our critical intellectual property; • increase awareness of and positive associations with medical insurance for pets and our brand; • react to unexpected developments and general macroeconomic conditions, including pandemics and unfavorable changes in economic conditions, such as inflation, rising interest rates, or a recession; and • successfully respond to and comply with regulations affecting our business and defend or prosecute any litigation. You should not rely on our historical rate of revenue growth as an indication of our future performance. We base our decisions regarding new pet acquisition expenditures primarily on the projected internal rate of return on marketing spend. Our estimates and assumptions may not accurately reflect our future results- we may **overspend over, or underspend** on new pet acquisition, and we may not be able to recover our pet acquisition costs or generate profits from these investments. We have made and plan to continue to make significant investments to grow our member base. We spent \$ ~~77~~ **71** .4 million in new pet acquisition expense to acquire new members for the year ended December 31, ~~2023~~ **2024** . **We** In addition, we base our decisions regarding our new pet acquisition expenditures primarily on our internal rate of return generated on an average pet. This analysis depends substantially on estimates and assumptions based on our historical experience with pets enrolled in earlier periods, including our key operating metrics. If our estimates and assumptions regarding our internal rate of return and the lifetime value of the pets that we project to acquire and our related decisions regarding investments in new pet acquisition prove incorrect, or if our calculation of internal rate of return and lifetime value of the pets that we project to acquire differs significantly from that of pets acquired in prior periods, we may be unable to recover our new pet acquisition expenses or generate profits from our investment in acquiring new members. Moreover, if our new pet acquisition expenses increase or we invest in member acquisition channels that do not ultimately result in the expected number of new member enrollments or enrollments cancel before we recoup our acquisition expenses, the return on our investment may be lower than we anticipate irrespective of the lifetime value of the pets that we project to acquire as a result of the new members. If we cannot generate profits from this investment, we may need to alter our growth strategies, and our growth rate and operating results may be adversely affected. In addition, even if we decrease our average pet acquisition cost, our operating margins may differ from our expectations due to incorrect assumptions relating to existing members adding new pets or referring friends, expenses for member support, and other factors, some of which we **do not control** . Our average pet acquisition cost and the number of new pets we enroll depends on a number of factors and assumptions, including the effectiveness of our sales execution and marketing initiatives, changes in costs of media, the mix of our pet acquisition expenditures and the competitive environment. Our average pet acquisition cost has ~~increased~~ **significantly varied** over time and has significantly varied in the past. In the future, our average pet acquisition cost may ~~continue to rise or fall and~~ vary significantly period to period based upon ~~specific~~ marketing initiatives **we choose to employ** . We also regularly test new member acquisition channels and marketing initiatives, including direct- to- consumer initiatives, which often are more expensive than our traditional ~~veterinarian~~ **veterinary** - focused marketing channels and generally increase our average acquisition costs . **In addition, we base our..... some of which we do not control** . The prices of our subscriptions are based on assumptions and estimates. If our actual experience differs from the assumptions and estimates used in pricing our subscriptions or if we are unable to obtain any necessary regulatory approval for our pricing, our revenue and financial condition could be adversely affected. The pricing of our subscriptions reflects amounts we expect to pay for a pet' s medical care and we derive these prices from assumptions that we make based on our analytics platform. Our analytics platform draws upon pet data we collect and we use this data to price our policy in response to a number of factors, including a pet' s species, breed, age, gender and location. Factors related to pet location include the current and assumed changes in the cost and availability of veterinary technology and treatments and local veterinary hospital preferences. Some data that feeds into our analytics platform is provided by third- party sources and these sources may limit or prevent us from accessing the data. Additionally, the assumptions we make about breeds and other factors in pricing may prove to be inaccurate and, accordingly, these pricing analytics may not accurately reflect the expense that we will ultimately incur. Furthermore, if any of our competitors develop similar or better data systems, adopt similar or better underwriting criteria and pricing models or receive our data, our competitive advantage could decline or be lost. The prices of our subscriptions also reflect assumptions and estimates regarding our own operating costs and expenses. We monitor and manage our pricing and overall sales mix to achieve our target returns. If the actual costs, including veterinary invoice expenses, operating costs and expenses within anticipated pricing allowances, are greater than our assumptions and estimates such that the premiums we collect are insufficient to cover these expenses, then our results could be adversely affected and our revenue may be insufficient to consistently **achieve or** maintain profitability. Conversely, if our pricing assumptions differ from actual results such that we overprice risks, our competitiveness , **retention rates**, and growth prospects could be adversely affected. In addition, most states require licensure and regulatory approval prior to marketing new insurance products **and increasing prices of our existing products** . Our practice has been to regularly reevaluate and adjust the price of our subscriptions, with a goal of achieving our targeted payout ratio, subject to the review and approval of applicable state regulators, who may reduce or disallow our pricing changes. Such

review has in the past ~~resulted~~ (for instance, during the COVID- 19 pandemic) **resulted**, and may in the future result, in delayed implementation of pricing changes, which could adversely affect our operating results and financial condition. In addition, we may be prevented by regulators from implementing ~~significant~~ **certain** pricing changes, **which could** requiring **require** us to raise rates more often than we otherwise may desire. This could damage our reputation with our members and reduce our retention rates, which could significantly damage our brand, result in the loss of expected revenue and otherwise harm our business, operating results and financial condition. If we are unable to grow our member base and maintain high member retention rates, our growth prospects and revenue will be adversely affected. Our ability to grow our business depends on retaining and expanding our member base. For the year ended December 31, ~~2023~~ **2024**, we generated ~~64~~ **approximately 67** . 0 % of our revenue from our subscription business segment. In order to increase our membership, we must continue to convince prospective members of the benefits of medical insurance for pets in general and our subscription **business segment** in particular. To maintain our existing member base, we need to continue to reinforce the value of our subscription **among our members, prospective members, and veterinarians**. We utilize Territory Partners, who are paid fees based on enrollments and retention in their regions, to communicate the benefits of medical insurance to veterinarians through a combination of remote and in- person communications. ~~Veterinarians then educate pet owners, who visit our website or call our contact center to learn more about these benefits, and potentially become members.~~ We also invest in other third- party and direct- to- consumer member acquisition channels ~~, though we have limited experience with some of them.~~ We intend to maintain our Territory Partner model and structure and we plan to introduce other distribution channels to increase lead generation and to engage in other sales and promotional activities, including direct- to- consumer advertising, all of which are likely to increase our acquisition costs. In addition, these go- to- market plans may face unexpected delays, costs or other challenges, such as decreased ability of Territory Partners to conduct in- person visits with veterinarians. Our ability to generate leads through veterinary hospitals could be negatively impacted if **any of our policy is- products are** perceived to be inadequate, unreliable, cumbersome or otherwise does not provide sufficient value, or if our process for paying veterinary invoices is unsatisfactory to the veterinarians and their clients. If we fail to establish new or are unable to maintain our existing member acquisition channels, if the cost of our existing sources increases or does not scale as we anticipate, or if we are unable to continue to use any existing channels or programs in any jurisdiction, ~~including our exam day offer program,~~ our member levels and pet acquisition expenses may be adversely affected. We seek to convert pet ~~owners~~ **parents** who visit our website and call our contact center into members. The rate at which we convert these visitors into members is a significant factor in the growth of our member base. A number of factors have influenced, and could in the future influence, the conversion rates for any given period, some of which are outside of our control. These factors include: • the pricing ~~and competitiveness~~ of our **subscription subscriptions**, including ~~its- their~~ perceived value, simplicity, and fairness; **• consumers' perception of our subscription compared to offerings from our competitors; • changes in consumer shopping behaviors due to circumstances outside of our control, such as increased inflation and other economic conditions, and consumers' ability or willingness to pay for our product;** • our ability to explain and educate consumers regarding the benefits and differences related to our products, including our offerings marketed by third parties, and any potential consumer confusion as we add more products; ~~• changes in consumer shopping behaviors due to circumstances outside of our control, such as increased inflation and other economic conditions, the COVID- 19 pandemic and containment efforts, and consumers' ability or willingness to pay for our product;~~ • legal or regulatory requirements, including those that make the experience on our website cumbersome or difficult to navigate or that hinder our ability to communicate with potential members quickly and in a way that is more conducive to conversion; and • system failures or interruptions in our website or contact center. We have made and plan to continue to make substantial investments in features and enhanced functionalities for our website and support our contact center. These enhancements are designed to help appropriately direct pet owner traffic to the enrollment journey of their choice, increase member engagement, and improve member service. These activities do not directly generate revenue, however, and we may never realize any benefit from these investments. If the expenses that we incur in connection with these activities do not result in sufficient growth in members to offset the cost, our business, operating results and financial condition will be adversely affected. ~~We have historically experienced high average monthly retention~~ **Generally, we see greater conversion through our contact center and if we are unable to drive more potential members to call our contact center, our conversion** rates **may decline**. For example, our average monthly retention rate between 2010 and 2023 was 98. 5 %. We expect to continue to make significant expenditures relating to the retention of existing members. If we do not retain our existing members or if our marketing initiatives do not result in enrolling more pets or result in enrolling pets that inherently have a lower retention rate, we may not be able to maintain our retention and new pet acquisition rates. ~~Members we obtain through aggressive promotions or other channels that involve relatively less meaningful contact between us and the member are more likely to terminate their subscription.~~ In the past, we have experienced reduced retention rates during periods of rapid member growth, as our retention rate generally has been lower during the first year of member enrollment. Members may choose to terminate their subscription for a variety of reasons, including, loss of a pet, increased subscription **fees payments**, perceived or actual lack of value, delays or other unsatisfactory experiences in how we review and process veterinary invoice payments, unsatisfactory member service, a change in the economic environment, a more attractive offer from a competitor, changes in our subscription or other reasons, including reasons that are outside of our control. Our cost of acquiring a new member is substantially greater than the cost involved in maintaining our relationship with an existing member. If we are not able to successfully retain existing members and limit cancellations, our revenue and operating margins will be adversely impacted and our business, operating results and financial condition would be harmed. We rely significantly on Territory Partners, veterinarians and other third parties, including strategic partners, to generate leads. In order for us to **continue to** implement our business strategy and grow our revenue, we must effectively maintain and increase the number and quality of our relationships with Territory Partners, veterinarians and veterinary affiliates, including ~~veterinarian~~ **veterinary** purchasing groups and associations, existing members, complementary

online and other businesses, animal shelters, breeders and other referral sources, and continue to scale and improve our processes, programs and procedures that support them. Those processes, programs and procedures could become increasingly complex and difficult to manage as we grow. Veterinary leads represent our largest member acquisition channel. We spend significant time and resources attracting qualified **and engaging** Territory Partners and providing them with current information about our business and they, in turn, communicate the benefits of medical insurance for pets to veterinarians. **Our Identifying and engaging quality Territory Partners can be challenging and Territory Partners typically need months or years to build their business before they can generate meaningful income. In addition, our** relationship with our Territory Partners may be terminated at any time (for instance, if they feel unsupported or undervalued by us), and, if terminated, we may not recoup the costs associated with educating them about our subscription products, and the relationships with veterinarians developed by that Territory Partner would be unsupported until such time a new Territory Partner is installed. Sometimes a single relationship may be used to cover multiple territories so that a terminated relationship with a Territory Partner could significantly affect our company. Further, if we experience an increase in the rate at which Territory Partner relationships are terminated, we may not develop or maintain relationships with veterinarians as quickly as we have in the past or need to in order to execute our business strategy and our growth and financial performance could be adversely affected. Territory Partners are independent contractors and, as such, may pose additional risks to our business. Territory Partners are independent contractors and, accordingly, we do not directly provide the same direction, motivation and oversight over Territory Partners as we otherwise could if Territory Partners were our own employees. Further, Territory Partners may themselves employ or engage others; we refer to these partners and their associates, collectively, as our Territory Partners. We do not control a Territory Partner's employment or engagement of others, and it is possible that their actions or the actions of their employees and / or contractors could create threatened or actual legal proceedings against us. Moreover, applicable law might prevent or limit our ability to subject our Territory Partners to non- compete obligations. Similarly, Territory Partners may not require, or applicable law may not permit or may limit a Territory Partner's ability to subject their employees or service providers to non- compete obligations. Territory Partners may decide not to participate in our marketing initiatives and / or training opportunities, accept our introduction of new solutions or comply with our policies and procedures applicable to them, any of which may adversely affect our ability to develop relationships with veterinarians and grow our membership. If we terminate a contract with a Territory Partner, such termination could also trigger contractually obligated termination payments or result in disputes, including threatened or actual legal or regulatory proceedings. We believe that Territory Partners are not and should not be classified as employees under existing interpretations of the applicable laws of the jurisdictions in which we operate. We do not pay or withhold any employment tax with respect to or on behalf of Territory Partners or extend any benefits to them that we generally extend to our employees, and we otherwise treat Territory Partners as independent contractors. Applicable authorities or Territory Partners may in the future challenge this classification. Further, the applicable laws or regulations, including tax laws or interpretations, may change. If it were determined that we had misclassified any of our Territory Partners, we may be subjected to penalties and / or be required to pay withholding taxes, extend employee benefits, provide compensation for unpaid overtime, or otherwise incur substantially greater expenses with respect to Territory Partners. In addition, the costs associated with defending, settling, or resolving pending and future lawsuits or regulatory proceedings (including demands for arbitration) relating to the independent contractor status of Territory Partners could be material to our business. Any of the foregoing circumstances could have a material adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition. **Our use of capital may be constrained by minimum capital requirements or contractual obligations. Our insurance subsidiaries are required to maintain minimum levels of surplus capital to support our overall business operations in consideration of our size, scope, jurisdiction, and risk profile. We have in the past and may in the future fail to maintain the amount of risk- based capital required to avoid potentially costly additional regulatory oversight. We are also subject to contractual obligations related to reinsurance agreements with third parties (including Accelerant, who currently underwrites our policies in Canada) which requires us to fund trust accounts to support the capital requirements of our insurance company partners. To comply with these regulations and contractual obligations, we may be required to maintain capital that we would otherwise invest in our growth and operations, which may require us to modify our operating plan or marketing initiatives, delay the implementation of new initiatives or development of new technologies, decrease the rate at which we hire additional personnel and enter into relationships with Territory Partners, incur indebtedness or pursue equity or debt financings or otherwise modify our business operations, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition.** We operate in a competitive market which could adversely affect our prospects, operating results and financial condition. We are and will continue to operate in a competitive market. **In addition to** For instance, we compete with pet **parents** owners that self- finance unexpected veterinary invoices with savings or credit, as well as traditional " pet insurance " providers and relatively new entrants into our market. The vast majority of pet owners in the United States and Canada do not currently have medical insurance for their pets. We are focused primarily on expanding our share of the overall market, and we view our primary competitive challenge as educating pet owners on why our subscription is a better alternative to self- financing - **Additionally, their pets' medical care** , there are traditional insurance companies that provide pet insurance products, either as a stand- alone product or along with a broad range of other insurance products, such as wellness. In addition, new entrants backed by large insurance companies have entered **(and in some cases exited)** the **pet** medical insurance **for pets** market in the past and more may do so in the future. Further, traditional " pet insurance " providers may consolidate or take other actions to mimic the efficiencies from our vertically- integrated structure or create other operational efficiencies, which could lead to increased competition. The success of any of these competitors would, in time, affect our prospects, operating results and financial condition. Some of our current and potential competitors have longer operating histories, larger customer bases, greater brand recognition and significantly greater financial, technical, marketing and other resources than we do. In addition to competing for new enrollments, such competitors may drive up pet acquisition costs and / or make offers that

are more attractive to potential employees, referral sources and third- party service providers. Moreover, some of our existing competitors may consolidate or be acquired, or may enter into new alliances with each other or establish or strengthen cooperative relationships. Any such consolidation, acquisition, alliance or cooperative relationship could adversely affect our ability to compete effectively and result in our loss of market share and could result in a competitor with greater financial, technical, marketing, service and other resources, all of which could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. To compete effectively, we believe we will need to continue to invest significant resources in pet acquisition, improve our member service levels, enhance the online experience and functionalities of our website and in other technologies and infrastructure. Failure to compete effectively against our current or future competitors could result in loss of current or potential members, which could adversely affect our pricing, lower our revenue, prevent us from maintaining profitability and diminish our brand strength.

~~computing power and information technology personnel to develop and maintain our technology platform and service our departments involved in member interaction and comply with regulations governing the collection, use, retention, sharing and security of personal information.~~ We have made, and expect to continue to make, substantial investments in equipment and related network infrastructure to handle the operational demands on our technology platform, including increasing data collection, software development, traffic on our website and the volume of calls at our contact center. The operation of the systems and infrastructure supporting our technology platform is expensive and complex and could experience operational failures. In the event that our data collection, member base or amount of traffic on these systems grows more quickly than anticipated, we may be required to incur significant additional costs to increase the capacity in our systems. Further, our development and implementation activities may not be successful, may not be well- received by veterinarians or by ~~prospective new~~ or existing members, particularly if they are costly, cumbersome or unreliable, and we may incur delays or cost overruns or elect to curtail our currently planned expenditures related to them. Even if our system improvements are well- received, they may be or become obsolete due to ~~regulatory or~~ technological reasons or the availability of alternative solutions in the marketplace. If new solutions and enhancements are not successful on a long- term basis, we may not realize benefits from these investments, and our business and financial condition could be adversely affected. In addition, any system failure that causes an interruption in or decreases the responsiveness of our services could impair our revenue- generating capabilities, harm our business and operating results and damage our reputation. ~~Any~~ **In addition, any** loss or mishandling of data could result in breach of confidence, competitive disadvantage or loss of members, and subject us to potential liability ~~or regulatory action~~. Any failure of the systems and infrastructure that we rely on could negatively impact our enrollments as well as our relationship with members. If we do not maintain or expand the systems and infrastructure underlying our technology platform successfully, or if we experience operational failures, our reputation could be harmed and we could lose current and potential members, which could harm our operating results and financial condition. Computer viruses, hackers, employee misconduct, and other external hazards could expose our technology platform to security breaches, cyber- attacks or other disruptions. While we have implemented security measures designed to protect against breaches of security and other interference with our systems and networks, our systems and networks may be subject to breaches or interference and we, and our third- party service providers, will likely continue to experience cybersecurity incidents of varying degrees. Any such event may result in operational disruptions as well as unauthorized access to, the disclosure of, or loss of our proprietary information or our customers' data and information, which in turn may result in legal claims, regulatory scrutiny and liability, reputational damage, the incurrence of costs to eliminate or mitigate further exposure, the loss of customers or affiliated advisors, or other damage to our business. In addition, the trend toward general public notification of such incidents could exacerbate the harm to our business, financial condition and results of operations. Even if we successfully protect our technology infrastructure and the confidentiality of sensitive data, we could suffer harm to our business and reputation if attempted security breaches are publicized. We cannot be certain that advances in criminal capabilities, discovery of new vulnerabilities, attempts to exploit vulnerabilities in our systems, data thefts, physical system or network break- ins or inappropriate access, or other developments will not compromise or breach the technology or other security measures protecting the networks and systems used in connection with our business. Third parties to whom we outsource certain of our functions are also subject to these risks. While we ~~can~~ review and assess our third- party providers' cybersecurity controls, as appropriate, and make changes to our business processes to manage these risks, we cannot ensure that our attempts to keep such information confidential will always be successful. Moreover, our use of third- party services (e.g. cloud technology and software as a service) can make it **more difficult to identify and respond to cyberattacks in any of the above situations due to the dynamic nature of these technologies. If we fail to effectively manage our growth, our business, operating results and financial condition may suffer. We have recently**. We depend in part on Internet search engines to attract potential new members to visit our website. If Internet search engines' methodologies are modified or our search result page rankings decline for other reasons, our new member growth could decline, and our business and operating results could be harmed. We endeavor to drive significant traffic to our website from consumers who search for pet medical insurance through Internet search engines such as Google, Bing and Yahoo!. A critical factor in attracting consumers searching for pet medical insurance on the Internet to our website is whether we are prominently displayed in response to Internet searches relating to medical insurance for pets. Algorithmic search result listings are determined and displayed in accordance with a set of formulas or algorithms developed by the particular Internet search engine, which may change from time to time, and paid search advertisements often receive the most prominent listing. **Newer tools enhanced by artificial intelligence including large language models are swiftly changing the search and display landscape.** If we are listed less prominently in, or removed altogether from, search result listings for any reason, the traffic to our websites would decline and we may not be able to replace this traffic, which in turn would harm our business, operating results and financial condition. If we ~~decide to~~ attempt to replace this traffic, we may be required to increase our pet acquisition expenditures, including by utilizing paid search advertising. Certain of our competitors have spent additional funds to promote their products in search results over us. If we decide to respond by purchasing search advertising, our pet acquisition costs

would increase which may harm our business, **operating results and financial condition.** Our..... have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition. Our success depends in part on our ability to review, process, and pay veterinary invoices timely and accurately. We believe member satisfaction and retention depends in part on our ability to accurately evaluate and pay veterinary invoices in a timely manner. Many factors can affect our ability to do this, including the training, experience and skill of our personnel, our ability to reduce the number of payment requests made for services not included in our subscription, effectiveness of management, our ability to develop or select and implement appropriate procedures, supporting technologies and systems, changes in our policy and veterinarian compliance with our protocols and procedures. Our failure to pay veterinary invoices, accurately and in a timely manner, or to deploy resources appropriately, could result in unanticipated costs to us, lead to material litigation, undermine member goodwill and our reputation, and impair our brand image and, as a result, materially and adversely affect our competitiveness, financial results, prospects and liquidity. In addition, we use artificial intelligence and machine learning to leverage data so we can automate the payment of veterinary invoices. Although we intend to increase the percentage of veterinary invoices paid without human intervention and process veterinary invoices in seconds, our efforts may be unsuccessful for a number of reasons. The data we gather is extensive, and the development, maintenance and operation of our data analytics engine is novel, expensive and complex. We may face unforeseen difficulties, including material performance problems, undetected defects or technical obstacles, for example, with new capabilities incorporating machine learning. If such problems, defects, or obstacles prevent our proprietary algorithms from operating properly, we may incorrectly pay or deny claims made by our customers. Such errors could result in existing customers canceling their policies, prospective customers declining to purchase our subscription, or improper payments that reduce our resources. Additionally, our artificial intelligence and machine learning algorithms may lead to unintentional bias or discrimination, which could subject us to legal or regulatory liability that has a material and adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. State legislatures and insurance regulators have shown interest in insurance companies' use of external data and artificial intelligence in insurance practices, including underwriting, marketing and claims practices. The **National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC")** adopted Artificial Intelligence Principles in August 2020. In addition, a number of states have had legislative or regulatory initiatives relating to the use of external data and artificial intelligence in the insurance industry, such as bulletins issued by the California and Connecticut Departments of Insurance advising insurers of their obligations related to unfair discrimination when using data and artificial intelligence. There is also increasing focus on regulating the use of artificial intelligence and machine learning in Europe such as the proposal by the European Commission for regulation on artificial intelligence using a comprehensive risk- based governance framework. Increased focus on regulation in the United States and foreign jurisdictions could subject us to legal or regulatory liability that has a material and adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. We may not identify fraudulent or improperly inflated veterinary invoices. It is possible that we may pay a veterinary invoice which appears authentic but in fact reflects false **services,** products or prices. It is also possible that veterinarians will charge insured customers higher amounts than they would charge their non- insured clients for the same service or product, or may alter medical records or exclude information from records. Such activity could lead to unanticipated costs to us and / or to time and expense to recover such costs. They could also lead to strained relationships with veterinarians and / or members, and could adversely affect our competitiveness, financial results and liquidity. If we are unable to maintain and enhance our brand recognition and reputation, our business and operating results will be harmed. We believe that maintaining and enhancing our brand recognition and reputation is critical to our relationships with existing members, Territory Partners, veterinarians and others, and to our ability to attract new members, new Territory Partners, and additional supportive veterinarians. We also believe that the importance of our brand recognition and reputation will continue to increase as competition in our market continues to develop and mature. Our success in this area will depend on a wide range of factors, some of which are out of our control, including the following: • the efficacy and viability of our pet acquisition programs and initiatives; • the perceived value of our subscription; • the quality of service provided, including the fairness, ease and timeliness of reviewing and paying veterinary invoices; • actions of our competitors, Territory Partners, veterinarians and others; • positive or negative publicity, including regulatory pronouncements and material on the Internet or social media; • regulatory and other government- related developments; and • litigation- related developments. The promotion of our brand will require us to make substantial investments, and we anticipate that, as our market becomes increasingly competitive, these branding initiatives may become increasingly difficult and expensive. Our brand promotion activities may not be successful or yield increased revenue, and to the extent that these activities result in increased revenue, the increased revenue may not offset the expenses we incur and our operating results could be harmed. If we do not successfully maintain and enhance our brand, our business may not grow which would harm our operating results and financial condition. Furthermore, negative publicity, whether or not justified, relating to events or activities attributed to us, our employees, Territory Partners, our strategic partners, our affiliates, or others associated with any of these parties, may tarnish our reputation and reduce the value of our brands. Damage to our reputation and loss of brand equity may reduce demand for our services and have an adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition. Moreover, any attempts to rebuild our reputation and restore the value of our brands may be costly and time consuming, and such efforts may not ultimately be successful. We **have in the past, and may in the future** ~~identified~~ **identify** material weaknesses in our internal controls which, if not remediated appropriately or timely, could result in an inability to effectively and timely complete our financial statements, which may result in a loss of investor confidence and an adverse impact to our stock price. Section 404 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002 (the **"Sarbanes- Oxley Act"**) requires that we evaluate and determine the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and provide a management report on the internal control over financial reporting, which must be attested to by our independent registered public accounting firm. ~~Maintaining adequate~~ **We have in the past, and may in the future identify material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in our** internal control over financial reporting ~~is~~ **critical to effective and timely completion of, which may result in us not detecting material errors in** our financial statements

~~We have reported material weaknesses in internal control in Part II, Item 9A. As a result, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of December 31, 2023. We are currently implementing certain remedial measures and assessing others intended to remediate the material weaknesses, but our efforts may not be successful. These measures will result in additional expenses associated with technology, finance personnel, training and other costs. If we are unable to remediate the material weaknesses within a reasonable time or at all, or are otherwise unable to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting or disclosure controls and procedures, our ability to record, process and report financial or other information accurately, and to prepare financial statements within required time periods, could be adversely affected, which could subject us to litigation or investigations requiring management resources and payment of legal and other expenses, negatively affect investor confidence in our financial statements and adversely impact our stock price. We may in the future identify other material weaknesses and significant deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting, in addition to those identified as of December 31, 2023, which may result in our not detecting errors on a timely basis and our financial statements being materially misstated. If we, or our independent registered public accounting firm, identify future material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, we are unable to comply with the requirements of Section 404 in a timely manner, we are unable to assert that our internal control over financial reporting is effective or our independent registered public accounting firm is unable to express an opinion as to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, investors may lose confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports and the market price of our common stock could be negatively affected. We could also become subject to investigations by the stock exchange on which our securities are listed, the SEC or other regulatory authorities, which could require additional financial and management resources.~~

~~Our~~ **If we fail to effectively manage our growth, our** business, depends on our ability to maintain and scale the infrastructure necessary to operate **operating results** our technology platform and could be adversely....., and we expect to require an **and financial condition may suffer** increasing amount of network capacity, computing power and information technology personnel to develop and maintain our technology platform and service our departments involved in member interaction. We have made, and expect to continue to..... condition may suffer. We have recently experienced, and expect to continue to experience, significant growth **in an underpenetrated market**, which has placed, and may continue to place, significant demands on our management and our operational, **technological** and financial systems and infrastructure. We expect that our growth strategy will require us to commit substantial financial, operational and technical resources and this commitment may also result in increased costs (such as member acquisition costs or costs associated with increases in the number or amounts of veterinary invoices received) generated by our business, which could prevent us from achieving profitability and remaining profitable and could impair our ability to compete effectively for business. If we do not effectively manage growth at any time, our financial condition could be harmed and the quality of our services could suffer. In order to successfully expand our business, we need to hire, integrate and retain **in-demand** highly skilled and motivated employees and continue to improve our existing systems for operational and financial management. These improvements could require significant capital expenditures and place increasing demands on our management. If we do not successfully implement improvements in these areas, our business, operating results and financial condition will be harmed. Emerging claim and coverage issues may adversely affect our business. As industry practices and legal, judicial, social and other environmental conditions change, unexpected and unintended issues related to claims and coverage may emerge, including new or expanded theories of liability. These or other changes could impose new financial obligations on us by extending coverage beyond our underwriting intent or otherwise require us to make unplanned modifications to the products and services that we provide, or cause the delay or cancellation of products and services that we provide. In some instances, these changes may not become apparent until sometime after we have issued subscriptions that are affected by the changes. As a result, the full extent of liability under our subscriptions may not be known for many years after the subscription begins. Our operating results may vary, which could make period- to- period comparisons less meaningful, and make our future results difficult to predict. We have historically experienced, and may in the future experience, fluctuations in our revenue, expenses and operating results. Our operating results may fluctuate in the future as a result of a number of factors, many of which are beyond our control. These fluctuations may make comparing our operating results on a period- to- period basis less meaningful and make our future results difficult to predict. You should not rely on our past results as an indication of our future performance. In addition, if revenue levels do not meet our expectations, our operating results and ability to execute on our business plan are likely to be harmed. Seasonal or periodic variations in the behavior of our members also may cause fluctuations in our financial results. Enrollment in our subscription tends to be discretionary in nature and may be sporadic, reflecting overall economic conditions, budgeting constraints, pet- buying patterns and a variety of other factors, many of which are outside our control. Due to these and other factors, our financial results for any quarterly or annual period may not meet our expectations or the expectations of investors or analysts that follow our stock and may not be meaningful indications of our future performance. Changes in the economy may affect consumer spending on our subscription and this may negatively impact our business, operating results and financial condition. Our business may be affected by changes in the economic environment. Members may reduce or eliminate their spending during an economic downturn, resulting in an increase in subscription cancellations and a reduction in the number of new member enrollments. We may experience a material increase in cancellations or a material reduction in our member retention rate in the future, especially in the event of a prolonged recessionary period or a downturn in economic conditions. ~~Conversely, consumers may have more income to pay veterinary costs out-of-pocket and less desire to purchase our subscription during a period of economic growth.~~ In addition, media prices and other costs may change with changes in the economic environment, which could increase our new pet acquisition expenses. As a result, our business, operating results and financial condition may be significantly affected by changes in the economic environment. We depend on key personnel to operate our business and, if we are unable to retain, attract and integrate qualified personnel, our ability to develop and successfully grow our business could be harmed. Our success depends to a significant extent on the continued services of our **leadership** current management team, such as Margi Tooth, our **President, and Darryl**

Rawlings, our founder, Chief Executive Officer and **President** Chairperson of the Board. The **Moreover, the** loss of key executives or employees **or the departure of members of our board** within a short time frame could have a material adverse effect on our business. We employ all of our employees, including executive officers and key employees on an at-will basis, and their employment can be terminated by us or them at any time, for any reason and without notice, subject to severance payment obligations. In order to retain valuable employees, in addition to salary and cash incentives, we have provided stock options **experienced turnover in our management team in the past** and restricted stock that vest over time. While we may **experience similar turnover** in the future grant equity awards tied to company performance, if we do not achieve certain financial goals, we will not grant equity awards and this may affect our ability to retain employees. The value to employees of stock options and restricted stock that vest over time will be significantly affected by movements in our stock price that are beyond our control and may at any time be insufficient to maintain their retention benefit or counteract offers from other companies. We would be adversely affected if we fail to adequately plan for the succession of our senior management and other key employees. Additionally, if we were to lose a large percentage of our current employees in a relatively short time period, or our employees were to engage in a work stoppage or unionize, we may be unable to hire and train new employees quickly enough to prevent disruptions in our operations, which may result in the loss of members, Territory Partners and / or referral sources. ~~Our success also depends on our ability to attract, retain and motivate additional skilled management personnel. We plan to continue to expand our work force, which we believe will enhance our business and operating results. As a result of COVID-19, we adopted hybrid work arrangements, which may result in decreased efficiency. Over time, hybrid work arrangements may also decrease the cohesiveness of our teams, which is critical to our corporate culture and to attracting, retaining and motivating skilled management personnel. We believe that there is significant competition for qualified personnel with the skills and knowledge that we require. Many of the other companies with which we compete for qualified personnel have greater financial and other resources than we do. New hires require significant training, capital expenditures and, in most cases, significant time before they achieve full productivity. New employees may not become as productive as we expect, and we may be unable to hire or retain sufficient numbers of qualified individuals. If we do not successfully hire and integrate new employees in accordance with our plans, our business, operating results and financial condition will be harmed.~~ We may continue to create, invest in or acquire businesses, products and technologies, which could divert our management's attention, result in additional dilution to our stockholders, otherwise disrupt our operations or harm our operating results. We have in the past created, invested in or acquired complementary businesses, products, technologies and new lines of business, and we may continue to do so in the future. Our ability to successfully evaluate and manage investment opportunities, or make and integrate acquisitions or products, is unproven. For example, we have invested in a pet food initiative, and we believe that pet food may be an important part of our offerings over the long term. We do not have experience manufacturing, selling, or distributing food products and pet food manufacturing facilities and pet food products are subject to many laws and regulations administered by the United States Department of Agriculture, the Federal Food and Drug Administration, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, and other federal, state, local, and foreign governmental agencies relating to the production, packaging, labelling, storage, distribution, quality, and safety of food products and the health and safety of employees. We have also acquired technology intended to enable us to improve our back-end software and facilitate certain expansion efforts, but technology integration is complicated, expensive and time consuming, and it may not result in us realizing the intended benefits from the acquisition. The pursuit of potential new products, investments or acquisitions may divert the attention of management and cause us to incur various expenses in identifying, investigating and pursuing suitable opportunities, whether or not they are consummated. Further, even if we successfully invest in or acquire additional businesses or technologies, we may not achieve the anticipated benefits from the transaction. The investment or acquisition may also expose us to additional risks, including from unknowingly inheriting liabilities that are not adequately covered by contractual remedies. Acquisitions or investments could also result in dilutive issuances of equity securities or the incurrence of debt, which could adversely affect our operating results. If we do not spend our development budget efficiently or effectively on commercially successful and innovative offerings and products, we may not realize the expected benefits of our strategy. Further, our development efforts with respect to new products and offerings and integrations of acquired businesses could distract management from current operations, and will divert capital and other resources from our more established products and offerings. If an investment or acquisition fails to meet our expectations, our business, operating results and financial condition may suffer. We may not realize the benefits of our current and planned strategic relationships. **We have developed,** ~~Our growth strategy includes developing and maintaining ---~~ **maintain, and in the future may seek new** strategic relationships with various third parties. ~~For example, in October 2020, we entered into a Strategic Alliance Agreement and certain related agreements with Aflac Incorporated (Aflac). We generally pursue strategic relationships with industry leaders that may offer us expanded access to segments of the pet owner market.~~ For these efforts to be successful, we must negotiate and enter into agreements with these third parties on terms that are attractive to us, and then successfully implement the arrangement, which requires integrating and coordinating their resources and capabilities with our own, which may present challenges relating to technology integration, marketing, regulatory matters, customer support, and other operational matters. These relationships may require several years to implement, may face delays or terminations, and may not be successfully implemented at all. We may be unsuccessful in entering into agreements with acceptable third parties, negotiating favorable terms in these agreements, or achieving the anticipated results over our desired time horizon. In addition, some of our historical strategic relationships have required us to agree to exclusivity, and or other terms that may limit our ability to pursue opportunities we might otherwise pursue. In connection with our strategic relationships, we have in the past and may in the future provide equity consideration, impose contractual holding periods for such securities, impose standstill obligations or include other requirements that terminate in the event the strategic relationship ceases, which may have an adverse effect on our stock price and otherwise cause our business to suffer. Strategic relationships also involve various risks, depending on their structure, including the following: • our strategic ~~partners~~ **partnerships** may not be successful; • we may be

unable to convert leads from our strategic referral partners into enrolled pets; • our strategic partners could terminate their relationships with us; • our strategic partners may acquire or form alliances with our competitors, thereby reducing or eliminating their business with us; • we may overpay strategic partners relative to the business the relationship generates; and • ~~bad~~ **negative** publicity and other issues faced by our strategic partners could ~~negatively~~ **adversely** impact us. If we are unsuccessful in our strategic relationships, we may not realize the intended benefits of these relationships, lose the investment we have made in these relationships, face difficulty entering into other relationships, and our business may suffer. Our business and financial condition is subject to risks related to our writing of policies for unaffiliated third parties, **including Pets Best**. Our other business segment includes revenues and expenses related to underwriting policies on behalf of third parties that do not carry reference to the Trupanion brand. **In the past, our other business segment involved numerous third parties to varying extent, but in recent years this segment has consisted almost entirely of business with Pets Best, a third-party managing general agent. For the year ended December 31, 2024, premiums from policies written for Pets Best, pursuant to our agreements with them, accounted for 32 % of our total revenue.** The contractual relationships— ~~relationship~~ with these **Pets Best and other** third parties may be terminated by either party or, **and** the third party may choose to ~~begin~~ **be in** a relationship with a different underwriter. ~~Any termination of these relationships could result in a reduction in our revenue. For the year ended December 31, including 2023, premiums from policies sourced by general agents accounted for 34 % of our total revenue, and one general agent sourced members whose premiums accounted for over 10 % of our competitors total revenue.~~ **In** ~~Further, in~~ administering or marketing a product to consumers, if ~~an~~ **one of these** unaffiliated third party parties ~~makes-~~ **make** an operating decision that adversely affects its business or brand, our business or brand could also be adversely impacted. **Further, we rely on the timely dissemination of financial information from these third parties to compile our own financial statements. Failure to receive this information timely, or failure to receive complete and accurate information, could negatively impact our ability to meet regulatory filing requirements, including the filing of our annual audited financial statements.** ~~We expect and Pets Best have agreed to roll off a portion of our other business together, as Pets Best ramps up policies written by starting in 2025 subject to certain limitations in order to allow us to utilize capital for other another insurer. We purposes, but we do not control the timing or extent of this roll off and, accordingly, it may not proceed as we expect, which could cause our results to fluctuate or have other unexpected impacts on our business.~~ **Our Pets Best Changes to this business may be volatile due to the nature of the relationships. Further, this business historically has had, and we expect it to continue to have, significantly lower margins than our core subscription business. As a result During the roll-off of Pets Best this business, we are subject to additional regulatory requirements and scrutiny, which increase our costs and risks, and may have an adverse effect on our operations.** ~~Further, administration of this business and any similar business in the future may divert our time and attention away from our core subscription business segment, which could adversely affect our operating results in the aggregate. Further, the roll-off is expected to result, over time, in significantly reduced premiums (and associated expense) in our other business segment. This reduced revenue stream will reduce the diversification of our premium base and make us more dependent on the success of our subscription business segment, at least in the short term. Further, the reduction of this business could have a material adverse impact on our operating results, financial condition, and stock price.~~ **In Canada, we are planning a significant ramp of underwriting activity by our medical plan subsidiary GPIC during 2025, while simultaneously reducing our business written through Accelerant by Omega General Insurance Company. This transition may If Omega were to terminate its underwriting arrangement with us, our business could be adversely affected delayed or may not be successful.** ~~In Canada, our medical insurance policies are for pets subscription is currently written by Omega Accelerant, and we assume all premiums written by Omega Accelerant and the related veterinary invoice expense through an agency agreement and a fronting and administration agreement. We expect to begin to underwrite In advance of the termination of our own products in Canada through agreement with Accelerant, which is currently scheduled for December 31, 2025, we plan to transition policies from Accelerant to our wholly owned subsidiary, GPIC Insurance Company (GPIC). If Omega were to terminate our agreement or be unable to write insurance for regulatory or other reasons, in particular before GPIC is duly authorized to write insurance across all Canadian jurisdictions, we may have to terminate subscriptions with our existing Canadian members and / or suspend member enrollment and renewals in Canada. In addition, as we move expect to begin underwriting new business through from Omega to GPIC during 2025, GPIC has limited operating history, and the transition of this business will be complicated and involve regulatory, operational and contractual challenges. As GPIC begins underwriting policies, we will face risks and uncertainties similar to those faced by our United States insurance company APIC. With respect to the transition itself, we may encounter regulatory delay and challenges, face operational and information technology issues that are new to us, and create confusion for our members. In addition, we may be required to contribute more risk-based capital than expected into GPIC, potentially over a short time frame as our underwritten premiums grow at a rapid pace. We are expect to work with Accelerant to make this transition as smooth as possible for our members, our company, and Accelerant, but there is no guarantee that these risks will not materially impact the transition. If we face timing constraints with our transition, we may discuss with Accelerant whether we should continue the underwriting relationship in some fashion; or we may need to seek other underwriting capacity. We have expanded, and seek to further expanding --- expand, our operations internationally, and are we may therefore become subject to a number of risks associated with international expansion and operations. We are have developed and seek to expanding --- expand our operations internationally and expect to continue exploring opportunities outside of North America. For instance, we have entered the Australian market in 2019 through a joint venture. In August 2022 we purchased Smart Paws, an MGA a managing general agent for pet insurance with operations based in Germany and Switzerland, and in November 2022 we acquired PetExpert, an MGA a managing general agent for pet insurance with operations based in the Czech Republic and Slovakia. We have limited history of marketing, selling, administering and supporting our subscription product for consumers outside of the North America. In general,~~

international sales and operations may be subject to a number of risks, including the following: • regulatory rules and practices, **including robust privacy regulations**, foreign exchange controls, tariffs, tax laws and treaties that are different than those we operate under currently; • the costs and resources required to modify our subscription appropriately to suit the needs and expectations of residents and veterinarians in such foreign countries; • our data analytics platform may have limited applicability in foreign countries, which may impact our ability to develop adequate underwriting criteria and accurately price subscriptions in such countries; • increased expenses incurred in establishing and maintaining office space and equipment for our international operations; • technological incompatibility between our patented proprietary software and software used by veterinarians; • difficulties in modifying our business model or subscription in a manner suitable for any particular foreign country, including any modifications to our Territory Partner model to the extent we determine that our existing model is not suitable for use in foreign countries; • our lack of experience in marketing to consumers and veterinarians and online engagement in foreign countries, especially if doing so in a foreign language; • our relative lack of industry connections in many foreign countries; • our ability to locally hire, integrate and retain highly skilled and motivated employees and establish and improve systems for operational and financial management where appropriate; • difficulties in managing operations due to language barriers, distance and time zone differences, staffing, cultural differences and business infrastructure constraints, including difficulty in obtaining foreign and domestic visas; • the uncertainty of protection for intellectual property rights in some countries; and • general economic and political conditions in these foreign markets. These and other factors could harm our ability to gain future international revenue and increase our expenses, which would materially impact our business and operating results. The expansion of our existing international operations and entry into additional international markets will require significant management attention and financial resources, which may detract from management attention and financial resources otherwise available to our existing business. Our failure to successfully manage our international operations and the associated risks effectively could limit the future growth of our business and could have an adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition. Changes in foreign exchange rates may adversely affect our revenue and operating results. **Our international** ~~In addition to the United States, we offer products in Canada, several European countries, and Australia, and we are pursuing operations in several other jurisdictions. These activities~~ expose us to the risk of changes in currency exchange rates, **particularly with respect to our Canada operations**. For the year ended December 31, ~~2023~~ **2024**, approximately ~~15~~ **16** % of our total revenue was generated in Canada. While ~~we have~~ **Europe currently does** not ~~experienced~~ **present** material **income statement** exposure to exchange rates ~~in Australia or Europe~~, that may not continue. Fluctuations in the relative strength of the US dollar compared to the currencies of other jurisdictions in which we operate has in the past and could in the future adversely affect our revenue and operating results. Moreover, in the future, we may **continue to** expand the number of countries in which we offer products and operate and this could increase our exposure to currency exchange rate fluctuations. Owning multiple insurance subsidiaries may harm our results of operations. We currently own one ~~of the insurers~~ **United States insurance company** through which we are issuing products- APIC, a New York domiciled insurer. We also own and have regulatory approvals for ~~two new a U. S. insurers- insurer~~ **insurer** domiciled ~~respectively~~ in Missouri **called** and Nebraska, **ZPIC Insurance Company and QPIC Insurance Company**. We are currently pursuing so- called expansion applications ~~for these entities in most United States jurisdictions~~ **to allow ZPIC to write business similar to that underwritten by APIC**. ~~In addition Canada, as mentioned above, we own and are pursuing Canadian regulatory approvals for our Canadian insurer~~ **planning to underwrite significant business previously underwritten by Accelerant through GPIC and we**. **We** may also seek to acquire or establish other insurers, **including to support our operations in certain countries in Continental Europe**. Acquisitions and operations of these insurers presents a number of risks, including the following: • Acquiring or forming a new insurance subsidiary may divert the attention of management and cause us to incur various expenses in identifying, investigating and pursuing suitable opportunities, whether or not the acquisition or formation is completed. • Even if we are successful in forming or acquiring a new insurance subsidiary we may not achieve the anticipated benefits. We may incur additional costs if we decide to sell or dissolve any such subsidiary. • Each insurance entity will likely require a significant initial minimum capital contribution. It may take a longer period of time to achieve efficiency on these contributions, if ever. • Each insurance entity will be subject to additional regulatory scrutiny in the jurisdiction of incorporation and any additional jurisdictions in which the insurance subsidiary operates. Failure to comply with laws, regulations and guidelines applicable to a new insurance subsidiary could result in significant liability, result in the loss of revenue and otherwise harm our business, operating results and financial condition. • A supervisory regulator may increase the amount of capital we must hold in an insurance subsidiary, especially if it shows material growth. We may not have easy access to such capital, and using it for this purpose may prevent us from investing in our growth and operations, which may require us to modify our operating plan, delay new initiatives, interfere with personnel growth, incur indebtedness or pursue financings, or otherwise modify our operations, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition. • If the required minimum capital in one of our insurers falls below the required threshold, the responsible regulator may take action, or such a reduction may result in a breach of various contractual relationships, including, for example, with the unaffiliated general agents for which we write medical insurance for pets policies, which may give such parties the ability to cancel their contracts with us and / or sue us for damages related to our risk- based capital levels, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition. • We may not obtain required regulatory approvals in connection with potentially investing a portion of an insurer' s assets, for example in real property. We may require additional capital to meet our risk- based capital requirements, pursue our business objectives and respond to business opportunities, challenges or unforeseen circumstances. If capital is not available to us at any time, our business, operating results and financial condition may be harmed. We may require additional capital to meet our risk- based capital requirements, operate or expand our business or respond to unforeseen circumstances. Additional funds may not be available when we need them, on terms that are acceptable to us, or at all. For instance, our arrangement with Aflac requires that, before we issue or sell equity to another investor, we are required to provide Aflac an opportunity to purchase equity

allowing them to maintain their ownership percentage. This requirement may introduce delays or prevent us from raising funds through the issuance of securities. If we raise additional funds through the issuance of equity or convertible securities, the percentage ownership of holders of our common stock could be significantly diluted and these newly issued securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of holders of our common stock. Further, volatility in the equity markets may have an adverse effect on our ability to obtain equity financing or the cost of such financing and, in the event we require additional debt financing, volatility in the debt markets may have an adverse effect on our ability to obtain debt financing or the cost of such financing. Similarly, our access to funds may be impaired if regulatory authorities or rating agencies take negative actions against us. If a combination of these factors were to occur, our internal sources of liquidity may prove to be insufficient and, in such case, we may not be able to successfully obtain additional financing on favorable terms. If funds are unavailable to us on reasonable terms when we need them, we may be unable to meet our risk-based capital requirements, train and support our employees, support Territory Partners, maintain the competitiveness of our technology, pursue business opportunities, service our existing debt, pay veterinary invoices or acquire new members, any of which could have an adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition. If our security measures are breached and unauthorized access is obtained to our data, including our members' data, we may lose our competitive advantage, our systems may be perceived as not being secure ~~and~~, we may incur third-party liability, **and / or be subject to regulatory action**. Our data repository contains proprietary information that we believe gives us a competitive advantage, including data on veterinary invoices received and other data with respect to members, Territory Partners, veterinarians and other third parties. We also collect and utilize demographic and other information from and about ~~our~~ **prospective and existing** members when they visit our website, call our contact center and apply for enrollment. Further, we use tracking technologies, including "cookies," to help us manage and track our members' interactions and deliver relevant advice and advertising. Security breaches could expose us to a risk of loss of our data and / or disclosure of this data, either publicly or to a third party who could use the information to gain a competitive advantage. Because techniques used to obtain unauthorized access or to sabotage systems change frequently and generally are not recognized until launched against a target, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or implement adequate preventative measures. In the event of a loss of our systems or data, we could experience increased costs, delays, legal liability and reputational harm, which in turn may harm our financial condition, damage our brand and result in the loss of members. Such a disclosure also could lead to litigation and possible liability. In the course of operating our business, we store and / or transmit our members' confidential information, including credit card and bank account numbers and other private information. Because the methods used to obtain unauthorized access to private information change frequently and may be difficult to detect for long periods of time, security breaches would expose us to a risk of loss of this information, litigation and possible liability. Our payment services are similarly susceptible to credit card and other payment fraud schemes, including unauthorized use of credit cards, debit cards or bank account information, identity theft or merchant fraud. If our security measures are breached as a result of third-party action, employee error, malfeasance or otherwise, and, as a result, someone obtains unauthorized access to our data, including data of our members, our reputation may be damaged, our business may suffer and we could incur significant liability. Because techniques used to obtain unauthorized access or to sabotage systems change frequently and generally are not recognized until launched against a target, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or implement adequate preventative measures. If an actual or perceived breach of our security occurs, the public perception of the effectiveness of our security measures could be harmed. In addition, cyber-attacks or acts of terrorism could cause disruptions in our business or the economy as a whole. Our servers and systems may also be vulnerable to computer viruses, break-ins and similar disruptions from unauthorized tampering with our computer systems, which could lead to interruptions, delays, loss of critical data or the unauthorized disclosure of confidential member data. We currently have limited disaster recovery capability, and our business interruption insurance may be insufficient to compensate us for losses that may occur. Such disruptions could negatively impact our ability to run our business, which could have an adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition. We are subject to a number of risks related to accepting automatic fund transfers and credit card and debit card payments. We accept **subscription** payments of ~~subscription fees~~ from our members through automatic fund transfers and payments via credit and debit card and mobile payment applications. For payments via credit and debit card and mobile payment applications, we pay interchange and other fees, which may increase over time. An increase in the number of members who utilize credit and debit cards and mobile apps to ~~pay~~ **make** their subscription ~~fees~~ **payments** or related credit and debit card fees would reduce our margins and could require us to increase ~~subscription~~ **our** fees, which could cause us to lose members and revenue, or suffer an increase in our operating expenses, either of which could adversely affect our operating results. If we, or any of our processing vendors or banks have problems with our billing software, or if the billing software malfunctions, it could have an adverse effect on our member satisfaction **and new member growth** and could cause one or more of the major credit card companies or banks to disallow our continued use of their payment products. In addition, if our billing software fails to work properly and, as a result, we do not automatically charge our members' credit cards on a timely basis or at all, or a bank withdraws the incorrect amount or fails to timely transfer the correct amount to us, we could lose revenue and harm our member experience, which could adversely affect our business and operating results. Moreover, a vendor could fail to process payments, or could process payments in the wrong amounts, which could result in us failing to collect premiums, could result in increased cancellations and could adversely affect our reputation. We are also subject to payment card association operating rules, certification requirements and rules governing electronic funds transfers, including the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS), a security standard applicable to companies that collect, store or transmit certain data regarding credit and debit cards, holders and transactions. We are currently compliant with PCI DSS in North America but our compliance efforts are ongoing with respect to acquired businesses. We may not be fully or materially compliant with PCI DSS, or other payment card operating rules in the future. Any failure to comply with the PCI DSS in the future may violate payment card association operating rules, federal and state laws and regulations, and the terms of our contracts with payment processors and merchant

banks. Such failure to comply may subject us to fines, penalties, damages and civil liability, and may result in the loss of our ability to accept credit and debit card payments. In addition, there is no guarantee that PCI DSS compliance will prevent illegal or improper use of our payment systems or the theft, loss or misuse of data pertaining to credit and debit cards, credit and debit card holders and credit and debit card transactions. If we fail to adequately control fraudulent payment processing, we may face civil liability, diminished public perception of our security measures and significantly higher credit card- related costs, each of which could adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition. If we are unable to maintain our chargeback rate at acceptable levels, our credit card fees for chargeback transactions, or our fees for many or all categories of credit and debit card transactions, credit card companies and debit card issuers may increase our fees or terminate their relationship with us. Any increases in our credit card and debit card fees could adversely affect our operating results, particularly if we elect not to raise our ~~subscription~~ fees. The termination of our ability to process payments on any major credit or debit card would significantly impair our ability to operate our business. We ~~have limited experience owning an office building and~~ may face unexpected costs **as a result of owning**. In August 2018, we purchased our **own** headquarters office building in Seattle, Washington, USA. **We own our headquarters**. Prior to this purchase, we had no experience owning an office building **in Seattle, Washington, USA**. It is difficult to predict all **Our financial condition and cash flow could be materially affected by changes in** costs associated with maintaining the building and ensuring it is suitable for our use and that of other tenants and maintain compliance with all environmental and other regulations applicable to ownership of real estate. **Following our transition to hybrid work arrangements, we have far fewer people working in our headquarters office, resulting in decreased utilization of our space.** Failure to attract and retain tenants for our unused space will result in our not receiving rental income and could also cause a reduction in the value of the building. ~~Tenants may also negotiate tenant improvements, requiring capital expenditures that may adversely impact our financial position. In addition, we may identify structural defects or other conditions, or we may determine that remodeling or renovations are necessary given our business operations and objectives.~~ Managing tenants, maintaining the building, and otherwise facing the costs and responsibilities of being the owner of a building may be a distraction from our core business and cause our performance to suffer. **We are also exposed to and potential third-party liability as the owner of our office building, such as if an accident occurs on the premises.** Environmental, social, and governance ( **" ESG "** ) issues may result in reputational harm and liability. Companies across all industries are experiencing increased scrutiny and litigation related to their ESG practices, positions, and reporting. ~~Investors, customers, regulators, employees, and other stakeholders have focused increasingly on ESG issues, including, among other things, climate change and greenhouse gas emissions, human and civil rights, and diversity, equity, and inclusion matters. Expectations surrounding appropriate corporate behavior in these areas are continually evolving and often reflect opposing viewpoints. Positions we may take (or choose not to take) on ESG issues may be unpopular with some of our current or potential employees, partners, or customers, which may in the future impact our ability to attract or retain employees, partners, or customers. Further, actions taken by our customers or partners, including through the use or misuse of our products, may result in reputational harm or possible liability to us. Our disclosures on ESG matters, and~~ **any standards set by governments or private organizations,** any standards we may set for ourselves, or a failure to meet these standards, may ~~influence~~ **adversely affect** our reputation and the value of our brand. ~~For example, we have elected to share publicly certain information about our ESG initiatives and information, and our commitment to the recruitment, engagement, and retention of a diverse board and workforce. In addition, California recently adopted two new climate- related bills, which require companies doing business in California that meet certain revenue thresholds to publicly disclose certain greenhouse gas emissions data and climate- related financial risk reports, and compliance with such requirements could require significant effort and resources. The SEC has also~~ **proposed adopted rules requiring** disclosure requirements regarding **climate- related risks**, among other ESG topics **oversight and management of such risks**, the impact **and climate- related targets** our ~~or goals~~ business has on the environment. Our business may face increased scrutiny related to these activities and our related disclosures, including from the investment community, and our failure to achieve progress or manage the dynamic public sentiment and legal landscape in these areas on a timely basis, or at all, could adversely affect our reputation, business, and financial performance. Failure to adequately protect our intellectual property could substantially harm our business and operating results. We rely on a combination of intellectual property rights, including trade secrets, patents, copyrights, trademarks and domain names, as well as contractual restrictions, to establish and protect our patented proprietary software and our intellectual property. Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy our digital content, pricing analytics, technology, software, branding and functionality, or obtain and use information that we consider proprietary. Moreover, policing our proprietary rights is difficult and may not always be effective. ~~As we continue~~ **We may need** to expand **enforce our rights** internationally, ~~we may need to enforce our rights~~ under the laws of countries that do not protect proprietary rights to as great an extent as do the laws of the United States, which may be expensive and divert management' s attention away from other operations. Our proprietary software is protected by patents **which**. These patents may not be sufficient to maintain effective product exclusivity because patent rights are limited in time and do not always provide effective protection. Furthermore, our efforts to enforce or protect our patent rights may be ineffective, could result in substantial costs and diversion of resources, could result in the invalidation of our patent rights, and could substantially harm our operating results. ~~Even where our patents rights are enforced, legal remedies available for harm caused to us by infringing products may be inadequate to make us whole. Further, our successful assertion of our patent against one competing product is not necessarily predictive of our future success or failure in asserting the same patent against a second competing product.~~ In addition, patents have a limited lifespan ( ~~. In the United States, the natural expiration of a patent is generally 20 years after it is~~ **they are** filed **in**. Various extensions may be available. However, the **United States**) life of a patent, and the protection it affords, is limited. Once the patent life has expired for our software, our competitors will be able to use our patented technology. We seek to control access to our proprietary technology, software and documentation by entering into confidentiality and invention assignment agreements with our employees and

partners, confidentiality agreements or license agreements with third parties, such as service providers, vendors, individuals and entities that may be exploring a business relationship with us, and terms of use with third parties, such as veterinary hospitals desiring to use our technology, software and documentation. These agreements may not prevent disclosure of intellectual property, trade secrets and / or other confidential information, and may not provide an adequate remedy in the event of misappropriation of trade secrets or any unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets and other confidential information. ~~In addition, others may independently discover trade secrets and confidential information and, in such cases, we may not be able to assert any trade secret rights against such parties.~~ Costly and time-consuming litigation could be necessary to enforce and determine the scope of our intellectual property rights and related confidentiality, license and nondisclosure provisions, and failure to obtain or maintain trade secret protection, or our competitors being able to obtain our trade secrets or to independently develop technology similar to ours or competing technologies, could adversely affect our competitive business position. ~~Litigation or proceedings before the U. S. Patent and Trademark Office or other governmental authorities and administrative bodies in the United States and abroad may be necessary in the future to enforce our intellectual property rights, to protect our domain names and to determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others.~~ Our efforts to enforce or protect our proprietary rights may be ineffective, could result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and could substantially harm our operating results. Assertions by third parties of infringement or other violation by us of their intellectual property rights could result in significant costs and substantially harm our business and operating results. Third parties have in the past and may in the future claim that our services or technologies, including our proprietary software, infringe or otherwise violate their intellectual property rights. We may be subject to legal proceedings and claims, including claims of alleged infringement by us of the intellectual property rights of third parties. Any dispute or litigation regarding intellectual property could be expensive and time consuming, regardless of the merits of any claim, and could divert our management and key personnel from our operations. If we were to discover or be notified that our services or our proprietary software potentially infringe or otherwise violate the intellectual property rights of others, we may need to obtain licenses from these parties in order to avoid infringement. We may not be able to obtain the necessary licenses on acceptable terms, or at all, and any such license may substantially restrict our use of the intellectual property. Moreover, if we are sued for infringement and lose the lawsuit, we could be required to pay substantial damages or be enjoined from offering the infringing services. Any of the foregoing could cause us to incur significant costs and prevent us from selling or properly administering subscriptions or performing under our other contractual relationships. The outcome of litigation or regulatory proceedings could subject us to significant monetary damages, restrict our ability to conduct our business, harm our reputation and otherwise negatively impact our business. From time to time, we have been, and in the future may become, subject to litigation, claims and regulatory proceedings and inquiries, including market conduct examinations and investigations by state insurance regulatory agencies and threatened or filed lawsuits by, among others, government agencies, employees, competitors, ~~shareholders~~ **stockholders, prospective**, current or former members, or business partners. We cannot predict the outcome of these actions or proceedings, and the cost of defending such actions or proceedings could be material. Further, defending such actions or proceedings could divert our management and key personnel from our business operations. If we are found liable in any action or proceeding, we may have to pay substantial damages or fines, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, financial condition and prospects. More critically, an adverse result from a proceeding could require us to change the way we conduct our business, including our marketing and sales practices, and such a result may have a greater adverse effect on our business than monetary damages or fines. There may also be negative publicity associated with litigation or regulatory proceedings that could harm our reputation or decrease acceptance of our services. These claims may be costly to defend and may result in assessment of damages, adverse tax consequences and harm to our reputation. Our current and future indebtedness could limit our ability to expand our business or respond to changes, and we may be unable to generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy any of our debt service obligations. In March 2022, we entered into a credit agreement with Piper Sandler Finance, LLC, as administrative agent, that provides us with up to \$ 150. 0 million of credit (the "Credit Facility"). As of December 31, ~~2023~~ **2024**, we issued term loans totaling \$ 135. 0 million under the Credit Facility. Substantial indebtedness, and the fact that a substantial portion of our cash flow from operating activities could be needed to make payments on this indebtedness, could have adverse consequences, including the following: • reducing the availability of our cash flow for our operations, capital expenditures, future business opportunities and other purposes; • limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industries in which we operate, which could place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that may have less debt; • limiting our ability to borrow additional funds; and • increasing our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions. Our ability to borrow any funds needed to operate and expand our business will depend in part on our ability to generate cash. If our business does not generate sufficient cash flow from operating activities or if future borrowings, under our Credit Facility or otherwise, are not available to us in amounts sufficient to enable us to fund our liquidity needs, our operating results, financial condition and ability to expand our business and meet our risk-based capital requirements may be adversely affected. Covenants in our Credit Facility may restrict our operations, and if we do not effectively manage our business to comply with these covenants, our financial condition could be adversely affected. Our Credit Facility contains various restrictive covenants, including limitations on our ability to incur other indebtedness or liens, make investments, and merge with or acquire other entities. Our Credit Facility also contains certain financial covenants, including minimum revenue and liquidity thresholds. Our ability to meet these restrictive covenants can be affected by events beyond our control. We are also obligated to pay interest under the Credit Facility at a floating base rate plus an applicable margin, which rate will increase based on prevailing rates. Our Credit Facility provides that our breach or failure to satisfy various covenants and obligations constitutes an event of default. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, our lenders could elect to declare any future amounts outstanding under our Credit Facility to be immediately due and payable. The Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of our assets and those of our subsidiaries. If we are unable to repay those amounts, our financial condition could be adversely affected. We may have additional tax

liabilities. We are subject to income tax, premium tax, transaction tax and other taxes in the U. S. and foreign jurisdictions. Judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, premium tax, transaction tax and other taxes. In the ordinary course of our business, there are many transactions and calculations where the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Further, we often make elections for tax purposes which may ultimately not be upheld. Although we believe our tax estimates are reasonable, the final determination of tax audits and any related litigation in the jurisdictions where we are subject to taxation could be materially different from our historical income tax provisions and accruals. The results of an audit or litigation could have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements in the period or periods in which that determination is made. Our ability to use our net operating loss carryforwards and certain other tax attributes may be limited. As of December 31, 2023-2024, we had U. S. federal net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$ 271-256. 6-9 million that will begin to expire in 2026. Under Sections 382 and 383 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), if a corporation undergoes an "ownership change," the corporation's ability to use its pre-change net operating loss carryforwards and other pre-change tax attributes, such as research tax credits, to offset its post-change income taxes may be limited. In general, an "ownership change" occurs if there is a cumulative change in our ownership by "5-percent stockholders" that exceeds 50 percentage points over a rolling three-year period. Similar rules may apply under state tax laws. Pursuant to Sections 382 and 383 of the Code, annual use of our net operating loss carryforwards and credit carryforwards may be limited by previous and future ownership changes.

**Risks Related to Compliance with Laws and Regulations** Our business is heavily regulated, and if we fail to comply with the numerous applicable laws and regulations our business and operating results could be harmed. **Our business** ~~The sale of medical insurance for cats and dogs~~ is heavily regulated. In the United States, insurance is regulated by each state in which we operate, and it is challenging to comply with the requirements of each of these jurisdictions along with the different Canadian federal provincial, and territorial requirements. **As Furthermore, as** we expand internationally, compliance with insurance-related laws, rules and regulations becomes even more difficult and imposes significant costs on our business. Each applicable regulator has broad supervisory power over all insurance-related operations **(and certain regulatory oversight of our group of companies)**, which can include granting and revoking licenses to transact insurance business, and imposing fines and other penalties. ~~Due to the complexity, periodic modification and differing interpretations of insurance laws and regulations, we have not always been, and we may not always be, in compliance with them. A regulator's interpretation of existing laws or regulations may change without notice.~~ Failure to comply with insurance laws, regulations and guidelines or other laws and regulations applicable to our business could result in significant liability, additional department of insurance licensing requirements, the revocation of licenses in a particular jurisdiction or our inability to sell insurance products, which could significantly increase our operating expenses, result in the loss of our revenue and otherwise harm our business, operating results and financial condition. ~~Moreover, because adverse regulatory actions in one jurisdiction may be required to be reported to other jurisdictions, an~~ adverse regulatory action in one jurisdiction could result in penalties and adversely affect our license status or reputation in other jurisdictions. Even if the allegations in any regulatory or other action against us ultimately are determined to be unfounded, we could incur significant time and expense defending against the allegations, and any related negative publicity could harm consumer and third-party confidence in us, which could significantly damage our brand. In addition, we have received, and may in the future receive, inquiries from regulators regarding our marketing and business practices. These inquiries may include investigations regarding a number of our business practices, including the manner in which we market and sell products, the manner in which we write policies for any unaffiliated general agent, and whether any amounts we pay to hospitals or hospital groups (e. g., for electronic claims processing) is appropriate. Any modification of our marketing or business practices in response to regulatory inquiries could harm our business, operating results or financial condition and lead to reputational harm. New laws may be adopted that may adversely affect our operating results and financial condition. Existing laws and regulations impose limits on, for instance, our ability to enact price increases for our products ; ~~among other things~~. New laws may be adopted that could further affect our business, for example our ability to effect rate increases, to cancel or not issue existing policies, to use artificial intelligence or machine learning, or to market our products in various ways. Implementing changes in order to comply with new laws or regulations could also be time-consuming and costly.

**. Failure to comply with federal, state and provincial laws and regulations relating to privacy and security of personal information, and civil liabilities relating to breaches of privacy and security of personal information, could create liabilities for us, damage our reputation and harm our business. A variety of regulations govern the collection, use, retention, sharing and security of personal information. Claims or allegations that we, or the vendors with whom we have contracted, have violated applicable laws or regulations related to privacy and data security could result in negative publicity and a loss of confidence in us by our members, our participating service providers or team members, and may subject us to litigation and / or regulatory action and / or fines, including by credit card companies and the loss of our ability to accept credit and debit card payments. In addition, we have posted privacy policies and practices concerning the collection, use and disclosure of member data on our website. Several companies have incurred penalties for failing to abide by the representations made in their privacy policies and practices. In addition, our use and retention of personal information could lead to civil liability exposure in the event of any disclosure of such information due to hacking, viruses, inadvertent action or other use or disclosure. Several companies have been subject to civil actions, including class actions, relating to this exposure. We have incurred, and will continue to incur, expenses to comply with privacy and security standards and protocols for personal information imposed by law, regulation, self-regulatory bodies, industry standards and contractual obligations. Such laws, standards and regulations, however, are evolving and subject to potentially differing interpretations, and new privacy laws are frequently enacted. Each year, additional U. S. jurisdictions promulgate or amend privacy-related laws and regulations. However, in general, we are unable to predict far in advance what additional legislation, standards or regulation in the area of privacy and security of personal information could be enacted or its effect on our operations and business. Law and regulations of the Internet, email and**

texting could adversely affect our business. Many laws governing general commerce on the Internet remain unsettled and it may take years to fully determine whether and how existing laws such as those governing insurance, intellectual property, privacy and taxation apply to the Internet. In addition, the growth and development of the market for electronic commerce and Internet-related advertisements and transactions may prompt calls for more stringent consumer protection laws that may impose additional burdens on companies conducting business and selling subscriptions over the Internet. Any new laws or regulations or new interpretations of existing laws or regulations relating to the Internet could harm our business and we could be forced to incur substantial costs in order to comply with them, which would harm our business, operating results and financial condition. Additionally, we use phone solicitation, email, and texting to market our services to potential members and / or as a means of communicating with our existing members. The laws and regulations governing the use of phone solicitation, email, and texting continue to evolve, and the growth and development of the market for commerce over the Internet may lead to the adoption of additional legislation. Failure to comply with existing or new laws regarding phone solicitation, text or electronic communications with members could lead to significant damages. We have incurred, and will continue to incur, expenses in our efforts to comply with electronic messaging laws. If new laws or regulations are adopted, or existing laws and regulations are interpreted, to impose additional restrictions on our ability to send email to our members or potential members, we may not be able to communicate with them in a cost-effective manner. In addition to legal restrictions on the use of email for commercial purposes, Internet and email service providers and others attempt to block the transmission of unsolicited email, commonly known as "spam." Many service providers have relationships with organizations whose purpose it is to detect and notify the Internet and email service providers of entities that the organization believes are sending unsolicited email. If an Internet or email service provider identifies messaging and email from us as "spam" as a result of reports from these organizations or otherwise, we could be placed on a restricted list that will block our emails to members or potential members. If we are restricted or unable to communicate by phone, text or email with our members and potential members as a result of legislation, blockage or otherwise, our business, operating results and financial condition would be harmed. Regulations that require individuals or entities that sell insurance or process claims to be licensed may be interpreted to apply to our business more broadly than we expect them to, which could require us to modify our business practices, create liabilities, damage our reputation, and harm our business. Insurance regulations generally require that each individual who sells, solicits or negotiates insurance on our behalf must maintain a valid license in the jurisdiction in which the activity occurs. Regulations also generally prohibit paying an insurance commission to an unlicensed person or entity. Regulations may also require certain individuals who process claims to be licensed. These requirements are subject to a variety of interpretations between jurisdictions. We may not interpret and apply the requirements in the same manner as all applicable regulators, and, even if we have, the requirements or regulatory interpretations of those requirements may change. Regulators have in the past and / or may in the future determine that certain of our personnel or third parties were performing licensable activities without the required license. If such persons were not in fact licensed in any such jurisdiction, we could become subject to conviction for an offense or the imposition of an administrative penalty, and liable for significant penalties. Regulators may also deem payments we make to an unlicensed entity or person to be improper. We would also likely be required to modify our business practices and / or pet acquisition programs, or license the affected individuals, which may be impractical or costly and time-consuming to implement. Any modification of our business or marketing practices in response to regulatory licensing requirements could harm our business, operating results or financial condition. We are subject to numerous laws and regulations in multiple jurisdictions, and ongoing compliance may be challenging for us. We are subject to numerous laws and regulations that are administered and enforced by a number of different governmental authorities, each of which exercises a degree of interpretive latitude, including, in the United States, state insurance regulators, state securities administrators, state attorneys general and federal agencies including the SEC, Internal Revenue Service and the U. S. Department of Justice. There is risk that laws and regulations or any particular regulator's or enforcement authority's interpretation of a legal issue may change over time to our detriment, or that changes in the overall legal environment may necessitate changes to our practices that may, in some cases, increase our costs and limit our ability to grow or to improve our results of operations. We may be affected by mandatory participation in plans that could result in contributions from insurance subsidiaries we own. Certain states have enacted laws that require a property-casualty insurer, which includes a pet insurance company, conducting business in that state to participate in assigned risk plans, reinsurance facilities, joint underwriting associations ("JUAs"), Fair Access to Insurance Requirements ("FAIR") plans and wind pools. In these markets, if the state reinsurance facilities, wind pools, FAIR plans or JUAs recognize a financial deficit, they may in turn have the ability to assess participating insurers, adversely affecting our operating results and financial condition if we are a part of such state reinsurance facilities, wind pools, FAIR plans or JUAs. Additionally, certain jurisdictions require insurers to participate in guaranty funds for impaired or insolvent insurance companies. These funds periodically assess losses against all insurance companies doing business in the jurisdiction. Our operating results and financial condition could be adversely affected by any of these factors. Regulations that require individuals or entities that sell medical insurance for cats and dogs or process claims to be licensed may be interpreted to apply to our business more broadly than we expect them to, which could require us to modify our business practices, create liabilities, damage our reputation, and harm our business. Insurance regulations generally require that each individual who sells, solicits or negotiates insurance on our behalf must maintain a valid license in the jurisdiction in which the activity occurs. Regulations also generally prohibit paying an insurance commission to an unlicensed person or entity. Regulations may also require certain individuals who process claims to be licensed. These requirements are subject to a variety of interpretations between jurisdictions. We may not interpret and apply the requirements in the same manner as all applicable regulators, and, even if we have, the requirements or regulatory

interpretations of those requirements may change. Regulators have in the past and / or may in the future determine that certain of our personnel or third parties were performing licensable activities without the required license. If such persons were not in fact licensed in any such jurisdiction, we could become subject to conviction for an offense or the imposition of an administrative penalty, and liable for significant penalties. Regulators may also deem payments we make to an unlicensed entity or person to be improper. We would also likely be required to modify our business practices and / or get acquisition programs, or license the affected individuals, which may be impractical or costly and time-consuming to implement. Any modification of our business or marketing practices in response to regulatory licensing requirements could harm our business, operating results or financial condition. We are subject to numerous laws and regulations, and compliance with one law or regulation may result in non-compliance with another. We are subject to numerous laws and regulations that are administered and enforced by a number of different governmental authorities, each of which exercises a degree of interpretive latitude, including, in the United States, state insurance regulators, state securities administrators, state attorneys general and federal agencies including the SEC, Internal Revenue Service and the U. S. Department of Justice. Consequently, we are subject to the risk that compliance with any particular regulator's or enforcement authority's interpretation of a legal issue may not result in compliance with another's interpretation of the same issue, particularly when compliance is judged in hindsight. In addition, there is risk that laws and regulations or any particular regulator's or enforcement authority's interpretation of a legal issue may change over time to our detriment, or that changes in the overall legal environment may, even absent any particular regulator's or enforcement authority's interpretation of a legal issue changing, cause us to change our views regarding the actions we need to take from a legal risk management perspective, thus necessitating changes to our practices that may, in some cases, increase our costs and limit our ability to grow or to improve our results of operations. Further, in some cases, these laws and regulations are designed to protect or benefit the interests of a specific constituency rather than a range of constituencies. For example, state insurance laws and regulations generally are intended to protect or benefit purchasers or users of insurance products, not holders of securities, which generally is the jurisdiction of the SEC. In many respects, these laws and regulations limit our ability to grow or to improve our results of operations. Failure to comply with federal, state and provincial laws and regulations relating to privacy and security of personal information, and civil liabilities relating to breaches of privacy and security of personal information, could create liabilities for us, damage our reputation and harm our business. A variety of regulations govern the collection, use, retention, sharing and security of personal information. Claims or allegations that we have violated applicable laws or regulations related to privacy and data security could in the future result in negative publicity and a loss of confidence in us by our members, our participating service providers or team members, and may subject us to fines by credit card companies and the loss of our ability to accept credit and debit card payments. In addition, we have posted privacy policies and practices concerning the collection, use and disclosure of member data on our website. Several Internet companies have incurred penalties for failing to abide by the representations made in their privacy policies and practices. In addition, our use and retention of personal information could lead to civil liability exposure in the event of any disclosure of such information due to hacking, viruses, inadvertent action or other use or disclosure. Several companies have been subject to civil actions, including class actions, relating to this exposure. We have incurred, and will continue to incur, expenses to comply with privacy and security standards and protocols for personal information imposed by law, regulation, self-regulatory bodies, industry standards and contractual obligations. Such laws, standards and regulations, however, are evolving and subject to potentially differing interpretations, and new privacy laws are frequently enacted. We are unable to predict what additional legislation, standards or regulation in the area of privacy and security of personal information could be enacted or its effect on our operations and business. Law and regulations of the Internet, email and texting could adversely affect our business. Many laws governing general commerce on the Internet remain unsettled and it may take years to fully determine whether and how existing laws such as those governing insurance, intellectual property, privacy and taxation apply to the Internet. In addition, the growth and development of the market for electronic commerce and Internet-related advertisements and transactions may prompt calls for more stringent consumer protection laws that may impose additional burdens on companies conducting business and selling subscriptions over the Internet. Any new laws or regulations or new interpretations of existing laws or regulations relating to the Internet could harm our business and we could be forced to incur substantial costs in order to comply with them, which would harm our business, operating results and financial condition. Additionally, we use phone solicitation, email, and texting to market our services to potential members and / or as a means of communicating with our existing members. The laws and regulations governing the use of phone solicitation, email, and texting continue to evolve, and the growth and development of the market for commerce over the Internet may lead to the adoption of additional legislation. Failure to comply with existing or new laws regarding phone solicitation, text or electronic communications with members could lead to significant damages. We have incurred, and will continue to incur, expenses in our efforts to comply with electronic messaging laws. If new laws or regulations are adopted, or existing laws and regulations are interpreted, to impose additional restrictions on our ability to send email to our members or potential members, we may not be able to communicate with them in a cost-effective manner. In addition to legal restrictions on the use of email for commercial purposes, Internet and email service providers and others attempt to block the transmission of unsolicited email, commonly known as "spam." Many service providers have relationships with organizations whose purpose it is to detect and notify the Internet and email service providers of entities that the organization believes are sending unsolicited email. If an Internet or email service provider identifies messaging and email from us as "spam" as a result of reports from these organizations or otherwise, we could be placed on a restricted list that will block our emails to members or potential members. If we are restricted or unable to communicate by phone, text or email with our members and potential members as a result of legislation, blockage or otherwise, our business, operating results and financial condition would be harmed. Our segregated account **accounts** in Bermuda, WICL segregated account **AX-with Wyndham Insurance Company (SAC) Limited**, could be adversely impacted by regulatory compliance of an unaffiliated third party. **We maintain three segregated accounts in accordance with Bermuda laws with** Wyndham Insurance Company (SAC) Limited (

" WICL " ). **One account, which we call WICL segregated account AX, has entered into a reinsurance agreement with our Canada insurance partner. The second account, WICL Segregated Account Trupanion Germany, has entered into a reinsurance agreement with our German insurance partner. The third account, WICL Segregated Account Switzerland has entered into a reinsurance agreement with our Swiss insurance partner.** WICL is a class 3 insurer regulated by the Bermuda Monetary Authority ( " BMA " ). WICL ' s ability to continue operations and pay dividends could impact the ability of our segregated ~~account~~ **accounts** to do the same. WICL ' s failure to meet regulatory requirements set forth by the BMA could result in our inability to transact business ~~with~~ **through our** WICL segregated ~~account~~ **accounts** AX. Further, WICL could be limited from allowing dividends to be paid out of **any of our** segregated ~~account~~ **accounts** AX in the event of adverse regulatory actions. Our accounting is becoming more complex, and relies upon estimates or judgments relating to our critical accounting policies. If our accounting is erroneous or based on assumptions that change or prove to be incorrect, our operating results could fall below the expectations of securities analysts and investors, resulting in a decline in our stock price. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, and also to comply with many complex requirements and standards. We devote substantial resources to compliance with accounting requirements and we base our estimates on our best judgment, historical experience, information derived from third parties, and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the ~~carrying~~ values of assets, liabilities, equity, revenue and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. However, various factors are causing our accounting to become complex, such as our investments in strategic opportunities and our expansion into foreign markets. The ongoing evolution of our business, international expansion, and entry into complementary businesses, such as pet food, may compound these complexities. Our operating results may be adversely affected if we make accounting errors or our judgments prove to be wrong, assumptions change or actual circumstances differ from those in our assumptions, which could cause our operating results to fall below the expectations of securities analysts and investors or guidance we may have provided, resulting in a decline in our stock price and potential legal claims. Significant judgments, assumptions and estimates used in preparing our consolidated financial statements include those related to revenue recognition, reserve for veterinary invoices, business combinations, and income taxes. Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock Our actual operating results may differ significantly from our guidance. From time to time we have released, and may continue to release, guidance in quarterly earnings conference call, quarterly earnings releases, or otherwise, regarding our future performance that represents our management ' s estimates as of the date of release. This guidance, which includes forward- looking statements, has been and will be based on projections prepared by our management. These projections are not prepared with a view toward compliance with published guidelines of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and neither our independent registered public accounting firm nor any other independent expert or outside party compiles or examines the projections. Accordingly, no such person expresses any opinion or any other form of assurance with respect to the projections. In addition, from time to time we have provided, and may continue to provide, information regarding how we think about the drivers of and our method of calculating our intrinsic value, including related statements regarding discounted cash flows and underlying assumptions (such as pet enrollment, revenue per pet, lifetime values of a pet, pet acquisition costs, and other costs and expenses). These statements are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates that, while presented with numerical specificity, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, including those described in these " Risk Factors " and elsewhere in this report. When we state possible outcomes as high and low ranges, these are intended to provide a sensitivity analysis as variables are changed but are not intended to imply that actual results could not fall outside of the suggested ranges. ~~The principal reason that we release guidance and other information regarding our view of the drivers and calculation method of our intrinsic value is to provide a basis for our management to discuss our business and outlook with analysts and investors.~~ Guidance is necessarily speculative in nature, and it can be expected that some or all of the assumptions underlying these statements will not materialize or will vary significantly from actual results. **In addition, we change our assumptions and methodologies from time to time**. Accordingly, these statements are only estimates of what management believes is reasonable as of the date of release. Actual results may vary and the variations may be material. In light of the foregoing, we urge investors not to rely upon our guidance or other information regarding our view of the drivers and calculation method of our intrinsic value in making an investment decision regarding our common stock. In addition, we do not accept any responsibility for any projections or reports published by any such third parties, and we urge you not to place undue reliance on those statements. Any failure to successfully implement our operating strategy or the occurrence of any of the events or circumstances set forth in this report, or the other reports we file from time to time, could result in the actual operating results being different from our guidance, and the differences may be adverse and material. Future securities issuances could result in significant dilution to our stockholders and impair the market price of our common stock. Future issuances of shares of our common stock, or the perception that these sales may occur, could depress the market price of our common stock and result in dilution to existing holders of our common stock. Acquisitions, strategic investments, partnerships, or alliances could also result in dilutive issuances of equity securities. In addition, we may issue options, restricted stock units, or other stock- based awards to those providing services to us, and to the extent outstanding or future options are exercised or restricted stock units or other stock- based awards are settled for shares of our common stock, there will be further dilution. ~~These equity incentives are generally granted under our 2014 Equity Incentive Plan, which provides for automatic annual increases in the number of shares or our common stock available for issuance under the plan equal to 4 % of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock, or any lesser number determined by our board of directors. Our board of directors most recently approved a 4 % increase in 2022.~~ The amount of dilution could be substantial depending upon the size of our future issuances of securities or exercises or settlement of stock- based awards. Furthermore, we may issue additional equity securities that could have rights senior to those of our common stock, such as pursuant to the " blank check "

preferred stock contained in our certificate of incorporation. As a result, purchasers of our common stock bear the risk that future issuances of debt or equity securities may reduce the value of and dilute their ownership interest. ~~If securities or industry analysts do not publish research, or publish inaccurate or unfavorable research, about our business, our stock price and trading volume could decline. The trading market for our common stock depends in part on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts publish about us or our business. If one or more of the securities or industry analysts who publish research about us or our business downgrade our stock or publish inaccurate or unfavorable evaluations of our company or our stock, the price of our stock could decline. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of our company, our stock may lose visibility in the market, which in turn could cause our stock price to decline.~~ The market price of our common stock has been and is likely to continue to be volatile, and you may be unable to sell your shares at or above the price at which you purchased them. The market price of our common stock has been and is likely to continue to fluctuate widely. Factors affecting the market price of our common stock include: • variations in our operating results, earnings per share, cash flows from operating activities, and key operating metrics, and how those results compare to analyst expectations; • forward- looking guidance that we provide to the public and industry and financial analysts related to future revenue and results of operations, and any change in that guidance or our failure to achieve the results reflected in that guidance; • the net increases in the number of members, either independently or as compared with published expectations of industry, financial or other analysts that cover our company; • changes to our subscription, strategic alliances, acquisitions or significant agreements by us or by our competitors; • recruitment or departure of key personnel; • factors relating to our other business segment; • issuance of common stock or other securities to certain partners; • the economy as a whole and market conditions in our industry; • trading activity by a limited number of stockholders who together beneficially own a majority of our outstanding common stock; • publications and public statements by financial analysts and other finance industry professionals and activists **(or the cessation of coverage by key financial analysts)**; • the number of shares of our stock trading on a regular basis; and • any other factors discussed in these risk factors. In addition, if the market for stock in our industry or the stock market in general experiences uneven investor confidence, the market price of our common stock could decline for reasons unrelated to our business, operating results or financial condition. Some companies that have experienced volatility in the trading price of their stock have been the subject of securities class action litigation. If we are the subject of such litigation, it could result in substantial costs and a diversion of our management's attention and resources. We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock and, therefore, any returns will be limited to the value of our stock. We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock. Other than potential repurchases of our common stock, we currently intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings for the development, operation and expansion of our business and do not anticipate declaring or paying any cash dividends for the foreseeable future. APIC's ability to pay dividends is limited by New York state insurance laws, and **the ability of our WICL Segregated Account accounts AX's** ~~ability~~ to pay dividends is limited by our agreements with WICL as well as WICL's regulatory requirements. Any return to stockholders will therefore be limited to the increase, if any, of our stock price. Our directors and principal stockholders own a significant percentage of our stock and will be able to exert significant control over matters subject to stockholder approval. Our directors, five percent or greater stockholders and their respective affiliates beneficially hold a significant amount of our outstanding voting stock. Therefore, these stockholders have the ability to influence us through this ownership position. These stockholders may be able to determine all matters requiring stockholder approval. For example, these stockholders may be able to control elections of directors, amendments of our organizational documents, or approval of any merger, sale of assets, or other major corporate transaction. This may prevent or discourage unsolicited acquisition proposals or offers for our common stock that you or other stockholders may feel are in your or their best interest as one of our stockholders. Provisions in our restated certificate of incorporation, restated bylaws and Delaware law might discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company or changes in our management and, therefore, depress the market price of our common stock. Our restated certificate of incorporation and restated bylaws contain provisions that could depress the market price of our common stock by acting to discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company or changes in our management that the stockholders of our company may deem advantageous. These provisions, among other things: • ~~permit the CEO to also serve as the chair of the board of directors; • permit only the board of directors to establish the number of directors and fill vacancies on the board; • provide that directors may only be removed "for cause" and only with the approval of two-thirds of our stockholders;~~ • require super- majority voting to amend some provisions in our restated certificate of incorporation and restated bylaws; • authorize the issuance of "blank check" preferred stock that our board could use to implement a stockholder rights plan (also known as a "poison pill"); • eliminate the ability of our stockholders to call special meetings of stockholders; • prohibit stockholder action by written consent, which requires all stockholder actions to be taken at a meeting of our stockholders; • prohibit cumulative voting; and • establish advance notice requirements for nominations for election to our board or for proposing matters that can be acted upon by stockholders at annual stockholder meetings. In addition, Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company. Section 203 imposes certain restrictions on mergers, business combinations and other transactions between us and holders of 15 % or more of our common stock. Moreover, applicable insurance laws require that any person or entity acquiring direct or indirect control of an insurer obtain prior regulatory approval, which may impede potential acquisitions. We have an Employee Severance and Change in Control Plan that applies to each employee of our company. This plan provides certain benefits to our employees in the event there is a change in control of our company and an employee is terminated under certain conditions. Potential acquirers may determine that the possible payments and acceleration of equity under this plan make an acquisition of our company unattractive. **33**