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You should carefully consider each of the following risk factors and all of the other information set forth in this report. Based on the information currently known to us, we believe that the following information identifies the most significant risk factors affecting our Company. However, the risks and uncertainties we face are not limited to those set forth in the risk factors described below. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to not presently create significant risk to us may also adversely affect our business. In addition, past financial performance may not be a reliable indicator of future performance and historical trends should not be used to anticipate results or trends in future periods. If any of the following risks and / or uncertainties develop into actual events, these events could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. In such case, the trading price of our common stock could decline. Risks Relating to Our Industry The lodging industry is highly competitive, and we are subject to risks related to competition that may adversely affect our performance and growth. Our continued success depends upon our ability to compete effectively in markets that contain numerous competitors, some of whom may have significantly greater financial, marketing and other resources than we have. We compete with other hotel franchisors for franchisees and we may not be able to grow our franchise system. New hotels may be constructed and these additions to supply create new competitors, in some cases without corresponding increases in demand for lodging. Competition may reduce fee structures, potentially causing us to lower our fees and / or offer other incentives, and may require us to offer terms to prospective franchisees less favorable to us than current franchise agreements, which may adversely impact our profits. Our franchisees also compete with alternative lodging channels, including third-party providers of short- term rental properties and serviced apartments. Increasing use of these alternative lodging channels could adversely affect the occupancy and / or average rates at franchised hotels and our revenues. The use of business models by competitors that are different from ours may require us to change our model so that we can remain competitive. The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted our operations and the operations of our franchisees, and this pandemic or other potential future pandemies could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Since first being identified in December 2019, COVID-19 had an unprecedented impact on the global economy and the hospitality industry due to the implementation of a wide variety of control measures including, but not limited to, states of emergency and restrictions on travel and large gatherings. These measures resulted in cancelled and reduced travel, complete and partial suspensions of hotel operations and hotel closures. While many of these measures and similar restrictions were subsequently relaxed, a resurgence of future COVID-19 variants or other potential future pandemies may eause similar disruptions to our industry that existed in 2020 and 2021. Similarly, while our operations and the operations of our franchisees have largely stabilized since the onset of COVID-19, the potential effects that COVID-19 may continue to have on us or on our franchisees are unclear. Such impacts eould have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Declines in or disruptions to the travel and hotel industries may adversely affect us. We face risks affecting the travel and hotel industries that include, but are not limited to: economic slowdown and potential recessionary pressures; economic factors such as inflation, rising interest rates, employment layoffs, increased costs of living and reduced discretionary income, which may adversely impact decisions by consumers and businesses to use travel accommodations; domestic unrest, terrorist incidents and threats and associated heightened travel security measures; political instability or political and regional strife, including the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine: acts of God such as earthquakes, hurricanes, fires, floods, volcanoes and other natural disasters; war. including the Israel- Hamas war; concerns with or threats of known and novel contagious diseases or health epidemics or pandemics , such as COVID-19; environmental disasters; lengthy power outages; cyber threats, increased pricing, financial instability and capacity constraints of air carriers; airline job actions and strikes. Increases in the frequency and severity of extreme weather events and other consequences of climate change (including any related regulation) could impact travel demand generally, lead to supply chain interruptions, cause damage to physical assets or adversely impact the accessibility or desirability of travel to certain locations. For example, certain of our franchisees' properties are located in coastal areas that could be threatened should sea levels dramatically rise, or are located in areas where the risk of natural or climate-related disaster or other catastrophic losses exists, and the occurrence of such an event could cause substantial damage to our franchisees and / or the surrounding area. Because a significant portion of our revenues is derived from fees based on room revenues, disruptions at our franchised properties due to elimate change such occurrences may adversely impact the fees we collect from these properties. In the event of a substantial loss, the insurance coverage carried by our franchisees may not be sufficient to pay the full value of financial obligations, liabilities or the replacement cost of any lost investment or property held by our franchisees. Additionally, certain types of losses may be uninsurable or prohibitively expensive to insure, and other types of losses or risks that our franchisees may face could fall outside of the general coverage terms and limits of our policies. Such factors could lead to certain losses by our franchisees being completely uninsured in which case we could lose future franchisee fees and may be exposed to a potential impairment of any development advance notes funded to the franchisee should the underlying guarantees provided to us prove to be insufficient. Any decline declines in or disruptions to the travel or hotel industries may adversely affect travel demand and the results of our operations, and those of our current franchised hotels and potential franchisees and developers. Any of these factors could increase our costs, reduce our revenues and otherwise adversely impact our profitability and or opportunities for growth. The ongoing conflicts between Russia and Ukraine has and Israel and Hamas, respectively, have and may continue to negatively impact macro- economic conditions, which may adversely affect discretionary consumer spending and, as a result,

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our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Russia's invasion of Ukraine <del>has <mark>and the Israel- Hamas</mark></del>
war have negatively affected the global economy. Financial and economic sanctions imposed on certain industry sectors and
parties in Russia by the U. S., United Kingdom and European Union, as well as potential retaliatory actions by Russia, could
also-have a negative impact on the global economy. The current conflicts between Russia and Ukraine has and Israel
and Hamas, respectively, have not materially affected our overall operations and our operations in both <del>countries regions</del> are
immaterial. However, the these conflicts conflicts has have negatively impacted global macro-economic conditions and a
prolonged conflicts, the potential expansion of the conflicts into other European and Middle Eastern
countries, or the direct involvement of the U.S. or other countries where we source our guests could have more significant
impacts on macro- economic conditions, which could adversely affect discretionary consumer spending and, consequently, our
operations. Additional risks to our business relating to the Russia and Ukraine and Israel and Hamas conflict conflicts include
potential interruptions in global supply chains and the availability of items essential to our operations, the heightened possibility
of cyberattacks and terrorist activity, volatility or disruption in financial markets and the potential for travel restrictions affecting
our guests' ability to access our franchisees' hotel locations. Third- party internet travel intermediaries and peer- to- peer online
networks may adversely affect us. Consumers use third- party internet travel intermediaries, including search engines, and peer-
to-peer online networks to search for and book their lodging accommodations. As the percentage of internet reservations
increases, travel intermediaries may be able to obtain higher commissions and reduced room rates to the detriment of our
business. Additionally, such travel intermediaries may divert reservations away from our direct online channels or increase the
overall cost of internet reservations for our affiliated hotels through their fees and a variety of online marketing methods,
including the purchase by certain travel intermediaries of keywords consisting of or containing our hotel brands from Internet
search engines to influence search results and direct guests to their websites. If we fail to reach satisfactory agreements with
travel intermediaries, our affiliated hotels may not appear on their websites and we could lose business as a result. Further, travel
intermediaries may seek to offer distribution services under their own brands directly to lodging accommodations in competition
with our core franchise business. Pandemics and other health crises could affect our business, financial condition and
results of operations. The emergence, severity, magnitude and duration of global or regional health crises are uncertain
and difficult to predict. A pandemic, such as another wave of COVID- 19 which in the past had an adverse impact on our
business, could again affect certain business operations, consumer demand in the hospitality industry, costs of doing
business, availability of labor, access to inventory, supply chain operations, our ability to predict future performance,
exposure to litigation, and our financial performance, among other things. Other factors and uncertainties related to
potential pandemics and health crises include, but are not limited to: • Evolving macroeconomic factors, including
general economic uncertainty, unemployment rates, and recessionary pressures; • Changes in labor markets affecting us
and our suppliers; • Unknown consequences on our business performance and initiatives stemming from the substantial
investment of time and other resources to the pandemic response; • Potential government actions including, but not
limited to, restrictions on travel and stay- in- place directives; • The pace of post- pandemic recovery; • The long- term
impact of the pandemic on our business, including consumer behaviors; and • Disruption and volatility within the
financial and credit markets. Risks Relating to Our Operations and Acquisitions We are subject to business, financial,
operating and other risks common to the hotel and hotel franchising industries which also affect our franchisees, any of which
could reduce our revenues, limit our growth or otherwise impact our business. A significant portion of our revenue is derived
from fees based on room revenues at hotels franchised under our brands. As such, our business is subject, directly or through our
franchisees, to risks common in the hotel and hotel franchising industries, including risks related to: • our ability to meet our
objectives for growth in the number of our franchised hotels and hotel rooms in our franchise system and to retain and renew
franchisee contracts, all on favorable terms; • the number, occupancy and room rates of hotels operating under our franchise
agreements; • the delay of hotel openings in our pipeline; • changes in the supply and demand for hotel rooms; • increased
pricing or supply chain disruptions for raw materials which could cause delays in the completion and development of new
hotels; • our ability to develop and maintain positive relations and contractual arrangements with current and potential
franchisees under our franchise agreements and other third parties, including marketing alliances and affiliations with e-
commerce channels; • our franchisees' pricing decisions; • the quality of the services provided by franchisees and their
investments in the maintenance and improvement of properties; • the bankruptcy or insolvency of a significant number of our
franchised hotels; • the financial condition of franchisees, owners or other developers and the availability of financing to them; •
adverse events occurring at franchised hotel locations, including personal injuries, food tampering, contamination or the spread
of illness, including COVID-19-through pandemics or other health crises; • negative publicity, which could damage our
hotel brands; • our ability to successfully market our current or any future hotel brands and programs, including our rewards
program, and to service or pilot new initiatives; • our relationship with certain multi- unit franchisees; • changes in the laws,
regulations and, legislation and government spending affecting our business, internationally and domestically, including
changes relating to the U. S. Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, the CHIPS Act and the Inflation Reduction Act
resulting from a change in governing party, if any; • our failure to adequately protect and maintain our trademarks and other
intellectual property rights; • the relative mix of branded hotels in the various hotel industry price categories; • corporate budgets
and spending and cancellations, deferrals or renegotiations of group business; • seasonal or cyclical volatility in our business; •
operating costs, including as a result of inflation, energy costs and labor costs, such as minimum wage increases and
unionization, workers' compensation and health-healthcare - care-related costs and insurance; and of disputes, claims and
litigation and other legal proceedings concerning our franchised hotels' operations, including with consumers, government
regulators, other businesses, franchisees, organized labor activities and class actions. Any of these factors could reduce our
revenues, increase our costs or otherwise limit our opportunities for growth. We have been the subject of unsolicited interest
from Choice, which has been, and may continue to be, a distraction to our management and employees and could have a
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material adverse impact on our business and operations. On December 12, 2023, Choice commenced the Exchange Offer.
The uncertainty regarding the Exchange Offer may be disruptive to our business, which could have a negative effect on
our operations, financial condition or results of operations. Management and employee distraction related to Choice's
unsolicited interest also may adversely impact our ability to optimally conduct our business and pursue our strategic
objectives. As discussed in our Solicitation / Recommendation Statement filed in response to the Exchange Offer on
Schedule 14D- 9, on December 18, 2023 (the "Solicitation / Recommendation Statement"), Choice previously made a
series of proposals to acquire all of our outstanding shares of common stock (the "Proposals"). Our Board rejected
each of the Proposals, concluding that the Proposals were inadequate in terms of price, consideration mix and other
terms. Upon rejection of the Proposals, Choice subsequently commenced the Exchange Offer. On January 22, 2024,
Choice sent us notice of their intent to nominate directors to replace our entire Board at the company's 2024 annual
meeting of stockholders and a proposal to repeal any amendments to our third amended and restated by- laws adopted
subsequent to January 4, 2023. We believe Choice's purported nominations are made in furtherance of its Proposals and
Exchange Offer, Responding to and defending against the Proposals, the Exchange Offer and Choice's potential proxy
contest has been, and may continue to be, a distraction for our Board, management and employees, and has required,
and may continue to require, us to incur additional expenses and costs. As of December 31, 2023, we had (i) an aggregate
principal amount of $ 160 million outstanding under our revolving credit facility due April 2027, (ii) an aggregate
principal amount of $ 385 million outstanding under our term loan A due April 2027, (iii) an aggregate principal amount
of $ 1. 14 billion outstanding under our term loan B due 2030 and (iv) an aggregate principal amount of $ 500 million
outstanding of 4, 375 % senior unsecured notes due 2028 (the "2028 Notes"). In the event of a change of control, there is
a potential risk of default under the credit agreement governing our term loans and revolving credit facility and under
the indenture governing the 2028 Notes. Pursuant to the credit agreement, the Exchange Offer and subsequent change of
control could result in an event of default permitting the lenders thereunder to terminate their commitments and declare
any outstanding principal and accrued interest amounts immediately due and payable under our term loan A and term
loan B. Pursuant to the indenture governing the 2028 Notes, in the event that the consummation of the Exchange Offer
constitutes a change of control and such change of control is accompanied by a ratings downgrade of the 2028 Notes by
each of Moody's and S & P's within a specified period of time and subject to certain conditions, then Wyndham would
be required to offer to repurchase the 2028 Notes at a price of 101 % of their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid
interest, if any, to, but not including, the date of repurchase. We cannot assure stockholders that any waiver or
amendment of such change of control provisions would be obtainable or that any replacement financing would be
available, in each case on commercially reasonable terms, if at all. In short, if the Exchange Offer is consummated, our
liquidity and ability to operate our business could be materially and adversely impacted. Any of our future debt
agreements could contain similar restrictions and provisions. We might not have sufficient funds to repay the amounts
due in relation to our debt instruments following a change of control. The uncertain regulatory timeline and an extended
period of time between commencement of the Exchange Offer and its closing or termination may present significant
risks to our business. There may be an extended period between announcement and closing or termination of the
transaction, which coupled with an uncertain and extended regulatory review period, exposes us and our stockholders to
meaningful risks, including, among others (i) fewer room openings and new business development disruption (through
both fewer new signings added to the pipeline and higher breakage of the existing pipeline) and deterioration in segment-
leading retention rates, (ii) competitors (including Choice) capitalizing on franchisee uncertainty, (iii) stagnated
development of our fast-growing ECHO Suites brand and (iv) challenges attracting and retaining team members. Such
factors could have a material impact on our business, reducing its growth rate, EBITDA, cash flow, valuation multiple
and, ultimately, the share price of our common stock. The consummation of the Exchange Offer also presents additional
risks, as discussed in Item 4, "The Solicitation or Recommendation — Background of the Offer and Reasons for
Recommendation " of the Solicitation / Recommendation Statement in our Schedule 14D- 9 filed on December 18, 2023
with the SEC. Our international operations are subject to additional risks not generally applicable to our domestic operations.
Our international operations are subject to numerous risks including; exposure to local economic conditions; potential adverse
changes in the diplomatic relations of foreign countries with the U. S.; hostility from local populations; political instability,
including as a result of the ongoing conflicts between Russia and Ukraine and Israel and Hamas, respectively; trade
disputes with trade partners, including China, potential military conflict resulting from escalating political tensions with Russia
and China and other geopolitical risks; threats or acts of terrorism; the effect of disruptions caused by severe weather, natural
disasters, outbreak of disease, such as COVID-19 pandemics or other health crises, or other events that make travel to a
particular region less attractive or more difficult; the presence and acceptance of varying levels of business corruption in
international markets; restrictions and taxes on the withdrawal of foreign investment and earnings; government policies against
businesses or properties owned by foreigners; investment restrictions or requirements; diminished ability to legally enforce our
contractual rights in foreign countries; forced nationalization of hotel properties by local, state or national governments; foreign
exchange restrictions; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, including the negative impact of the weakening of foreign
currencies in geographic regions in which we operate relative to the U. S. dollar; our ability to, or our decision whether or not in
particular instances to, hedge against foreign currency effects, and whether we are successful in any such hedging transactions;
the ability to comply with or the effect of complying with new and developing laws, regulations and policies of foreign
governments, including with respect to climate change; conflicts between local laws and U. S. laws, including laws that impact
our rights to protect our intellectual property; withholding and other taxes on remittances and other payments by subsidiaries;
and changes in and application of foreign taxation structures including value added taxes. Any adverse outcome resulting from
the financial instability or performance of foreign economies, the instability of other currencies and the related volatility on
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foreign exchange and interest rates could adversely impact our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. We are dependent on our senior management and the loss of any member of our senior management could harm our business. We believe that our future growth depends in part on the continued services of our senior management team. Losing the services of any member of our senior management team could adversely affect our strategic relationships and impede our ability to execute our business strategies. The market for qualified individuals may be highly competitive and finding and recruiting suitable replacements for senior management may be difficult, time-consuming and costly. While we have updated our policies and practices to provide more flexibility for remote work, we may experience increased attrition of employees to other opportunities as a result of the tightening and increasingly competitive labor market and, particularly as certain employees may seek more flexible work alternatives than we offer, may seek positions with companies outside of the geographic area in which they live that offer remote work opportunities, or may decide to scale back their work life for personal reasons. If we are unable to retain our personnel, particularly our executive officers and senior management team, our business could be harmed. Acquisitions and other strategic transactions may not prove successful and could result in operating difficulties and failure to realize anticipated benefits. We regularly consider a wide array of acquisitions and other potential strategic transactions, including acquisitions of hotel brands, businesses and real property, joint ventures, business combinations, strategic investments and dispositions. Any of these transactions could be material to our business. We often compete for these opportunities with third parties, which may cause us to lose potential opportunities or to pay more than we may otherwise have paid absent such competition. We may not be able to identify and consummate strategic transactions and opportunities on favorable terms and any such strategic transactions or opportunities, if consummated, may not be successful. Risks Relating to Our Relationships with Third Parties Our license and other fees could be impacted by any softness in Travel Leisure's sales of vacation ownership interests. In connection with our 2018 spin- off (the "Spin-Off") from Wyndham Worldwide, now known as Travel Leisure Co. ("Travel Leisure"), we entered into a number of agreements with Travel Leisure that govern our ongoing relationship with Travel Leisure. Our success depends, in part, on the maintenance of our ongoing relationship with Travel Leisure, Travel Leisure's performance of its obligations under these agreements and continued strategic focus on sales of vacation ownership interests, including Travel Leisure's maintenance of the quality of products and services it sells under the "Wyndham" trademark and certain other trademarks and intellectual property that we license to Travel Leisure. Under the License, Development and Noncompetition Agreement, Travel Leisure pays us significant royalties and other fees based on the volume of Travel Leisure's sales of vacation ownership interests and other vacation products and services. If Travel Leisure is unable to compete effectively for sales of vacation ownership interests, our royalty fees under such agreement could be adversely impacted. If we are unable to maintain a good relationship with Travel Leisure, or if Travel Leisure does not perform its obligations under these agreements, fails to maintain the quality of the products and services it sells under the "Wyndham" trademark and certain other trademarks or fails to pay such royalties, our earnings could decrease. Risks Relating to Regulation and Technology Our operations are subject to extensive regulation and the cost of compliance or failure to comply with regulations may adversely affect us. Our operations are regulated by federal, state and local governments in the countries in which we operate. In addition, U. S. and international federal, state and local regulators may enact new laws and regulations that may reduce our profits or require us to modify our business practices substantially. If we are not in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including, among others, those governing franchising, hotel operations, lending, information security, data protection and privacy (such as the General Data Protection Regulation, U. S. State privacy laws, the Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China or similar laws or regulations), credit card security standards, marketing, including sales, consumer protection and advertising, unfair and deceptive trade practices, fraud, bribery and corruption, licensing, labor, employment, anti-discrimination, health care, health and safety, accessibility, immigration, gaming, environmental, intellectual property, securities, stock exchange listing, accounting, tax and regulations applicable under the Dodd- Frank Act, the Office of Foreign Assets Control, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Sherman Act, the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and local equivalents in international jurisdictions, including the United Kingdom Bribery Act, we may be subject to regulatory investigations or actions, fines, civil and / or criminal penalties, injunctions and potential criminal prosecution. Changes to such laws and regulations and the cost of compliance or failure to comply with such regulations may adversely affect us. Additionally, some jurisdictions are considering or have undertaken actions to regulate greenhouse gas emissions, energy efficiency, energy consumption reporting and green building codes. Such actions could affect the operation of our franchisees' properties and result in increased capital expenditures, such as those used to improve the energy efficiency of properties. The cost of such governmental actions would depend upon the specific requirements and may impact our financial condition, results of operations or ability to compete. Failure to maintain the security of personally identifiable and proprietary information, noncompliance with our contractual obligations regarding such information or a violation of our privacy and security policies or processes with respect to such information could adversely affect us. In connection with our business, we and our service providers collect, use and store large volumes of certain types of personal and proprietary information pertaining to guests, franchisees, stockholders and employees. Such information includes, but is not limited to, large volumes of guest credit and payment card information. We are at risk of attack by cybercriminals operating on a global basis attempting to gain access to such information. In connection with data security incidents involving a group of Wyndham brand hotels that occurred between 2008 and 2010, one of our subsidiaries is subject to a stipulated order with the U. S. Federal Trade Commission (the "FTC"), pursuant to which, among other things, it must meet certain requirements for reasonable data security as outlined in the stipulated order. While we maintain what we believe are reasonable security controls over personal and proprietary information as part of our risk assessment program in an effort to protect, detect, respond to, and minimize or prevent risks and to enhance the resiliency of our information technology systems, a breach of or breakdown in our systems could result in operating failures, unauthorized access, service interruptions or failures, security breaches, malicious intrusions, theft, <mark>exfiltration, ransomware, cyber- attacks, or other compromises of our systems</mark> that results- <mark>result</mark> in the unauthorized

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release of personal or proprietary information . Such breach could nevertheless occur and have a material adverse effect on our
hotel brands, reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations, as well as subject us to significant fines,
litigation, losses, third- party damages and other liabilities, or our subsidiary could fail to comply with the stipulated order with
the FTC. We may face increased cybersecurity risks due to our increasing reliance on internet technology and the number of our
employees who are working remotely, which may create additional opportunities for cybercriminals to exploit vulnerabilities.
Cybercriminal "hacker" activity has increased in sophistication, duration and frequency since 2020 the start of the COVID-19
pandemie and poses additional risks. Data breaches, viruses, ransomware, worms, malicious software, and other serious cyber
incidents have increased globally, along with the methods, techniques and complexity of attacks, including efforts to discover
and exploit any design flows, bugs or other security vulnerabilities. Additionally, continued geopolitical turmoil, including the
ongoing conflicts between Russia and Ukraine and Israel and Hamas, respectively, has heightened the risk of cyber-
attacks. We have been, and likely will continue to be, subject to such cyber- attacks. Also, the same cyber security issues exist
for the third parties with whom we interact and share information, and cyber- attacks on third parties which possess or use our
eustomer-guest, personnel and other information could adversely impact us in the same way as would a direct cyber- attack on
us. Although we do not believe we have incurred any ongoing material adverse impact on our business strategy, results of
operations or financial results condition as a result of any present or recent cyber- attack, there is no guarantee that cyber-
attacks have not gone generally undetected or without general recognition of magnitude or will not occur in the future, any of
which could materially adversely affect our brands, reputation, consumer confidence in us, costs and profitability. In addition,
the security measures we deploy are not perfect or impenetrable, and we may be unable to anticipate or prevent all unauthorized
access attempts made on our systems or those of our third-party service providers. Additionally, the legal and regulatory
environment surrounding information security and privacy in the U. S. and international jurisdictions is constantly evolving,
including recent developments and complexities with regard to requirements for the cross-border transfer of personal
information due to emerging laws, regulations and judicial decisions (such as cross- border data transfer regulations issued by
the People's Republic of China authorities). Other jurisdictions may impose additional restrictions or requirements on cross-
border transfers including limitations on transferring data beyond the originating country. Violation or non-compliance with any
of these laws or regulations, contractual requirements relating to data security and privacy, or with our own privacy and security
policies or processes, either intentionally or unintentionally, or through the acts of intermediaries could have a material adverse
effect on our hotel brands, reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations, as well as subject us to significant
fines, litigation, losses, third-party damages and other liabilities. While we maintain cyber risk insurance, in the event of a
significant security or data breach, this insurance may not cover all of the losses (including but not limited to financial,
operational, legal, business or reputational losses) that we may suffer and may result in increased cost or impact the future
availability of coverage. We rely on information technologies and systems to operate our business, which involves reliance on
third- party service providers and on uninterrupted operation of service facilities. We rely on information technologies and
systems to operate our business, which involves reliance on third- party service providers (including cloud- based service
providers) such as Sabre Corporation and its SynXis Platform and uninterrupted operations of our and third-party service
facilities, including those used for reservation systems, hotel / property management, communications, procurement, call
centers, operation of our loyalty program and administrative systems. We and our vendors also maintain physical facilities to
support these systems and related services. As a result, in addition to failures that occur from time to time in the ordinary course
of business, we and our vendors may be vulnerable to system failures, computer hacking, cyber-terrorism, computer viruses and
other intentional or unintentional interference, negligence, fraud, misuse and other unauthorized attempts to access or interfere
with these systems and our personal and proprietary information. The increased scope and complexity of our information
technology infrastructure and systems could contribute to the potential risk of security breaches or breakdown. Any natural
disaster, disruption or other impairment in our technology capabilities and service facilities or those of our vendors could
adversely affect our business. In addition, failure to keep pace with developments in technology could impair our operations or
competitive position. We may use artificial intelligence in our business, and challenges with properly managing its use
could result in reputational harm, competitive harm, and legal liability, and adversely affect our results of operations.
We may incorporate artificial intelligence (" AI ") solutions into our business, offerings, services and features, and these
applications may become important in our operations over time. Our competitors or other third parties may incorporate
AI into their products more quickly or more successfully than us, which could impair our ability to compete effectively
and adversely affect our results of operations. Additionally, if the content, analyses, or recommendations that AI
applications assist in producing are or are alleged to be deficient, inaccurate, or biased, our business, financial condition,
and results of operations may be adversely affected. The use of AI applications may result in cybersecurity incidents that
implicate the personal data of end users of such applications. Any such cybersecurity incidents related to our use of AI
applications could adversely affect our reputation and results of operations. AI also presents emerging ethical issues and
if our use of AI becomes controversial, we may experience brand or reputational harm, competitive harm, or legal
liability. The rapid evolution of AI, including potential future regulation of AI, may also result in additional costs
associated with compliance with emerging regulations. The rapid evolution of AI, including potential government
regulation of AI, may require significant resources to develop, test and maintain our business, offerings, services, and
features to help us implement AI ethically in order to minimize unintended, harmful impact. Risks Relating to Our
Indebtedness and Tax Treatment and Indebtedness Changes in U. S. federal, state and local or foreign tax law, interpretations
of existing tax law or adverse determinations by tax authorities could increase our tax burden or otherwise adversely affect our
financial condition or results of operations. We are subject to taxation at the federal, state and local levels in the U.S. and
various other countries and jurisdictions. Our future effective tax rate and cash flows could be affected by changes in the
composition of earnings in jurisdictions with differing tax rates, changes in statutory rates and other legislative changes, changes
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in the valuation of our deferred tax assets and liabilities, changes in determinations regarding the jurisdictions in which we are
subject to tax and our ability to repatriate earnings from foreign jurisdictions. From time to time, U. S. federal, state and local
and foreign governments make substantive changes to tax rules and their application, which could result in materially higher
corporate taxes than would be incurred under existing tax law and could adversely affect our financial condition or results of
operations. We are subject to ongoing and periodic tax audits and disputes in U. S. federal and various state, local and foreign
jurisdictions. An unfavorable outcome from any tax audit could result in higher tax costs, penalties and interest, thereby
adversely affecting our financial condition or results of operations. In addition, we are directly and indirectly affected by new
tax legislation and regulation and the interpretation of tax laws and regulations worldwide. Changes in such legislation,
regulation or interpretation could increase our taxes and have an adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition.
This includes potential changes in tax laws or the interpretation of tax laws arising out of the Base Erosion Profit Shifting ("
BEPS") project initiated by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD"). In July and October
of 2021, the OECD / G- 20 Inclusive Framework on BEPS released statements outlining a political agreement on the general
rules to be adopted for taxing the digital economy, specifically with respect to nexus and profit allocation (Pillar One) and rules
for a global minimum tax (Pillar Two). <del>Preliminary agreement <mark>On December 15, 2022, the European Union Member States</mark></del>
formally adopted the European Union's Pillar Two Directive with effective dates of January 1, 2024 and January 1,
2025 for certain aspects of the directive. The Pillar Two directive has been implemented or is reached between OECD
member jurisdictions on the global minimum tax (Pillar Two) directive. Further details regarding implementation of these rules
are expected to be finalized in the near future. These rules, should they be implemented via domestic legislation of countries or
via international treaties 🔂 The enactment could have a material impact on our effective tax rate or result in higher cash tax
liabilities. There can be no assurance that our tax payments, tax credits or incentives will not be adversely affected by these or
other initiatives. We are subject to risks related to our debt, hedging transactions, our extension of credit and the cost and
availability of capital. As of December 31, <del>2022-2023</del>, we had aggregate outstanding debt of $ 2, <del>077-201</del> million. We may
incur additional indebtedness in the future, which may magnify the potential impacts of the risks related to our debt. Our debt
instruments contain restrictions, covenants and events of default that, among other things, could limit our ability to respond to
changing business and economic conditions; take advantage of business opportunities; incur or guarantee additional debt; pay
dividends or make distributions or repurchases; make investments or acquisitions; sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of certain
assets; create liens; consolidate or merge; enter into transactions with affiliates; and prepay and repurchase or redeem certain
indebtedness. Failure to meet our payment obligations or comply with other financial covenants could result in a default and
acceleration of the underlying debt and under other debt instruments that contain cross- default provisions. In order to reduce or
hedge our financial exposure to the effects of currency and interest rate fluctuations, we may use financial instruments, such as
hedging transactions. Changes in interest rates may adversely affect our financing costs and / or change the market value of our
hedging transactions. Any failure or non-performance of counterparties under our hedging transactions could result in losses.
Changes in interest rates may also adversely change the market value of our hedging transactions and may adversely affect
financing costs. While a significant portion of our debt is effectively at a fixed rate of interest and our nearest maturity is not
until 2025 2027, an increase in financing cost due to increased interest rates may hinder our efforts to expand our franchisee
footprint, which could adversely affect our cash flows and business . The London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") is
expected to no longer be available after June 30, 2023 for the primary U. S. dollar LIBOR settings used by the Company. Our
eredit facility gives us the option to use LIBOR as a funding benchmark, but also allows us and the administrative agent to
replace LIBOR with an alternative benchmark rate, subject to the right of the majority of the lenders to object thereto, as set
forth in the credit facility. In April 2022, we amended our credit facility to change the applicable rate benchmark from LIBOR to
Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") for our revolver and term loan A. Our term loan B is still based on LIBOR
and will need to be modified by June 30, 2023. Our interest rate swaps are also based on the one-month U. S. dollar LIBOR.
The International Swaps and Derivatives Association has issued terms that can be applied to determine the alternative reference
rates under swap transactions and the timing of the switch to such alternatives. There have been significant efforts by market
participants and government and regulatory bodies in the U. S. and abroad to identify suitable replacement rates and develop
processes for migration to the use of the alternatives. In the U. S., the Alternative Reference Rates Committee ("AARC"), a
committee of private sector entities convened by the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, has
recommended SOFR plus a recommended spread adjustment as LIBOR's replacement. There are significant differences
between LIBOR and SOFR, such as LIBOR being an unsecured lending rate while SOFR is a secured lending rate, and SOFR is
an overnight rate while LIBOR reflects term rates at different maturities. If our LIBOR-based borrowings are converted to
SOFR, as occurred in April 2022, the differences between LIBOR and SOFR, plus the recommended spread adjustment, could
result in interest costs that are higher than if LIBOR remained available, which could have a material adverse effect on our
operating results. Although SOFR is the ARRC's recommended replacement rate, it is also possible that lenders may instead
choose alternative replacement rates that may differ from LIBOR in ways similar to SOFR or in other ways that would result in
higher interest costs for us. In addition, we extend credit to assist franchisees in converting to, or building a new hotel under,
one of our hotel brands through development advance notes and mezzanine or other forms of subordinated financing and we
have a program that guarantees a portion of loans taken by franchisees for certain new construction projects. The
inability of franchisees to pay back such loans could materially and adversely affect our cash flows and business. We may need
to dedicate a significant portion of our cash flows to the payment of principal and interest. Our ability to obtain additional
financing for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, debt service requirements or general corporate or other
purposes may be limited, and we may be unable to renew or refinance our debt on terms as favorable as our existing debt or at
all. Additionally, certain market liquidity factors, including uncertainty or volatility in the equity and credit markets, outside of
our control could affect our access to credit and capital in the future and adversely impact our business plans and operating
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model. Our credit rating and the market value of our common stock could also be affected. While we believe we have adequate sources of liquidity to meet our anticipated requirements for working capital, debt service and capital expenditures for the foreseeable future, if we are unable to refinance or repay our outstanding debt when due, our results of operations and financial condition will be materially and adversely affected. Changes to estimates or projections used to assess the fair value of our assets or operating results that are lower than our current estimates may cause us to incur additional impairment losses and require us to write- off all or a portion of the remaining value of our goodwill or other intangibles of companies we have acquired. Our total assets include goodwill and other intangible assets. We evaluate our goodwill for impairment on an annual basis or at other times during the year if events or circumstances indicate that it is more likely than not that the fair value is below the carrying value. We may be required to record significant non- cash impairment charges in our financial statements during the period in which any impairment of our goodwill, other intangible assets or other assets is determined, which would negatively impact our results of operations and stockholders' equity. Risks Relating to Litigation, Reputation and Insurance We are subject to risks related to litigation. We are subject to a number of disputes, claims, litigation and other legal proceedings as described in this report, and any unfavorable rulings or outcomes in current or future litigation and other legal proceedings may materially harm our business. For additional information, see our Commitments and Contingencies note (Note 15-14) in the notes to our financial statements. We are subject to risks related to human trafficking allegations. Our business, along with the hospitality industry generally, faces risk that could cause damage to our reputation and the value of our hotel brands due to claims related to purported incidents of human trafficking. Along with many of our competitors, we and / or certain of our subsidiaries have been named as defendants in litigation matters filed in state and federal courts (and incurred litigation-related fees and costs), alleging statutory and common law claims arising from purported incidents of human trafficking perpetrated by third parties at certain franchised facilities and hotels once managed by certain of our subsidiaries. For additional information, see our Commitments and Contingencies note (Note 15-14) in the notes to our financial statements. The insurance we carry may not always pay, or be sufficient to pay or reimburse us, for our liabilities, losses or replacement costs. We carry insurance for general liability, property, business interruption and other insurable risks with respect to our business and franchised hotels. We also self- insure for certain risks up to certain monetary limits. The insurance coverage we carry, subject to our deductible, may not be sufficient to pay or reimburse us for the amount of our liabilities, losses or replacement costs, and there may also be risks for which we do not obtain insurance in the full amount, or some amount, or at all concerning a potential loss or liability, due to the cost or availability of such insurance. As a result, we may incur liabilities or losses in the operation of our business that are not sufficiently covered by the insurance we maintain, or at all, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Risks Relating to Our Common Stock and Corporate Governance The market price of our common stock may continue to fluctuate. The market price for our common stock, and the market price of stock of other companies operating in the hospitality industry, has been highly volatile. For example, during the year ended December 31, 2022-2023, the trading price of our common stock ranged between a low sales price of \$ 58-63. 81-69 and a high sales price of \$ 93-81. 86-73. The market price of our common stock may continue to fluctuate depending upon many factors, some of which may be beyond our control, including the effects of the COVID-19 pandemics or other health crises, our ability to achieve growth and performance objectives, the success or failure of our business strategy, the Exchange Offer, general economic conditions, our quarterly or annual earnings and those of other companies in our industry, changes in financial estimates and recommendations by securities analysts, changes in laws and regulations, political instability, increased competition and changes affecting the travel industry and other events impacting our business. The stock market in general has experienced volatility that has often been unrelated to the operating performance of a particular company. These market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock. Certain of our Directors and executive officers may have actual or potential conflicts of interest because of their ownership of Travel Leisure equity or their current or former positions at Travel Leisure. Two of our Directors also serve on the Travel Leisure Board board of directors and certain of our executive officers and non- employee Directors own shares of Travel Leisure common stock because of their current or former positions with Travel Leisure. This could create, or appear to create, potential conflicts of interest when our or Travel Leisure's management, officers and directors face decisions that could have different implications for us and Travel Leisure. We are subject to risks related to corporate environmental, social responsibility and governance activities. Our business, along with the hospitality industry generally, faces scrutiny related to environmental, social and governance activities and the risk of damage to our reputation and the value of our hotel brands if we fail to act responsibly or comply with regulatory requirements in a number of areas, such as safety and security, responsible tourism, environmental stewardship, supply chain management, climate change, diversity, equity and inclusion, philanthropy and support for local communities. In particular, our stakeholders (notably our eustomers guests, stockholders and team members) are increasingly interested in our approach to managing climate- related risks and opportunities (including, but not limited to, targets that keep global average temperature rise to no more than 1.5 ° C, measure Scope 3 franchisee emissions and expand participation in the Wyndham Green Certification program) and may affect our guests' travel choices and directly impact our revenue. Provisions in our corporate governance documents and Delaware law may prevent or delay an acquisition of our business, which could decrease the market price of our common stock. Our corporate governance documents and Delaware law contain provisions that are intended to deter or delay coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids, including requiring advance notice for stockholder proposals, placing limitations on convening stockholder meetings and authorizing our Board to issue one or more series of preferred stock. Additionally, Delaware law also imposes some restrictions on mergers and other business combinations between us and any holder of 15 % or more of our outstanding common stock. These provisions may prevent or delay an acquisition that some stockholders may consider beneficial, which could decrease the market price of our common stock. Our third amended and restated by- laws designate the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the sole and exclusive forum for certain types of actions and proceedings that may be initiated by our stockholders and the federal district courts of the United States as the

exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action under the Securities Act, which could limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our Directors or employees. Our third amended and restated by-laws provide that, subject to limited exceptions, (1) the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the sole and exclusive forum for derivative actions; claims related to a breach of a fiduciary duty, corporate law, our second-third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended or our third amended and restated by-bylaws-laws, as amended; or under the internal affairs doctrine; and (2) the federal district courts of the United States will be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause or causes of action arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, including all causes of action asserted against any defendant to such complaint. We believe these provisions may benefit us by providing increased consistency in the application of Delaware law and federal securities laws by chancellors and judges, as applicable, particularly experienced in resolving corporate disputes, efficient administration of cases on a more expedited schedule relative to other forums and protection against the burdens of multi-forum litigation. However, these choice of forum provisions may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us or our current or former Directors, officers or employees, which may discourage such lawsuits. Alternatively, if a court were to find these provisions of our third amended and restated by-laws inapplicable or unenforceable with respect to one or more of the specified types of actions or proceedings, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such matters in other jurisdictions, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and result in a diversion of the time and resources of our management and Board. We may not continue to pay dividends on, or effect repurchases of, our common stock, and the terms of our indebtedness could limit our ability to pay dividends on our common stock. The declaration and payment of dividends and share repurchases are at the sole discretion of our Board and will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, cash requirements, financial condition, contractual restrictions under our indebtedness and other factors that our Board may deem relevant. Though we expect to make regular dividends, there can be no assurance that a payment of a dividend will occur in the future. Risks Relating to the Spin- Off and Related Transactions In connection with the Spin-Off and Travel Leisure's sale of its European vacation rentals business, we agreed to indemnify Travel Leisure and Travel Leisure agreed to indemnify us for certain liabilities, including taxes, and if we are required to perform under these indemnities or if Travel Leisure is unable to satisfy its obligations under these indemnities, our financial results could be negatively affected. In connection with the Spin- Off and Travel Leisure's sale of its European vacation rentals business, we agreed to indemnify Travel Leisure and Travel Leisure agreed to indemnify us for certain liabilities, including taxes, and if we are required to perform under these indemnities or if Travel Leisure is unable to satisfy its obligations under these indemnities, our financial results could be negatively affected. Additionally, the contingent liabilities we assumed in connection with the Spin- Off and Travel Leisure's sale of its European vacation rentals business could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition as a result of our indemnification obligations. Should our indemnification obligations exceed applicable insurance coverage, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected. Additionally, the indemnities from Travel Leisure may not be sufficient to protect us against the full amount of these and other liabilities. Third parties also could seek to hold us responsible for any of the liabilities that Travel Leisure has agreed to assume. Even if we ultimately succeed in recovering from Travel Leisure any amounts for which we are held liable, we may be temporarily required to bear those losses ourselves. Each of these risks could negatively affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. If the Spin-Off, together with certain related transactions, were to fail to qualify as a reorganization for U. S. federal income tax purposes under Sections 368 (a) (1) (D) and 355 of the Code, then our stockholders, we and Travel Leisure might be required to pay substantial U. S. federal income taxes. The Spin-Off was conditioned upon Travel Leisure's receipt of opinions of its Spin-Off tax advisors to the effect that, subject to the assumptions and limitations described in the opinions, the Spin-Off, together with certain related transactions, would qualify as a reorganization for U. S. federal income tax purposes under Sections 368 (a) (1) (D) and 355 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), in which no gain or loss would be recognized by Travel Leisure or its stockholders, except, in the case of Travel Leisure stockholders, for cash received in lieu of fractional shares, which opinions were delivered on the closing date of the Spin- Off. The opinions of the Spin- Off tax advisors are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS ") or a court, and there can be no assurance that the IRS will not challenge the validity of the Spin- Off and such related transactions as a reorganization for U. S. federal income tax purposes under Sections 368 (a) (1) (D) and 355 of the Code eligible for tax- free treatment, or that any such challenge ultimately will not prevail. In addition, Travel Leisure received certain rulings from the IRS regarding certain U. S. federal income tax aspects of transactions related to the Spin-Off. Although the IRS Ruling generally is binding on the IRS, the continued validity of the IRS Ruling is based upon and subject to the continuing accuracy of factual statements and representations made to the IRS by Travel Leisure. If the Spin- Off does not qualify as a taxfree transaction for any reason, including as a result of a breach of a representation or covenant with respect to such tax opinions or the IRS Ruling, Travel Leisure would recognize a substantial gain attributable to our hotel business for U. S. federal income tax purposes. In such case, under U. S. Treasury regulations, each member of the Travel Leisure consolidated group at the time of the Spin-Off, including us and certain of our subsidiaries, would be jointly and severally liable for the entire resulting amount of any U. S. federal income tax liability. Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments. None. Item 1C. Cybersecurity. Our cybersecurity program incorporates a robust process for the assessment, identification, and management of material risks from cybersecurity threats. This begins with our threat intelligence program that integrates several methods to identify potential threats to the Company, including paid / unpaid threat feeds, custom threat alerts, keeping abreast of the latest threats to the technologies that exist within our information systems and daily dialogue with industry peers to the threats to the hospitality industry as a whole. Information regarding these threats is then built into our security tools. This takes the form of hardening systems through vulnerability identification and patching, as well as enabling early

detection and response capabilities across our network and endpoints. Any detected threat or potential cybersecurity

incident is handled by our hybrid Security Operations Center, or "SOC" which utilizes both internal and external resources for monitoring 24 / 7 and is responsible for triaging and appropriately handling or escalating the potential incident. Other than the incidents that occurred prior to the Spin-Off, described in more detail in "Item 1A. Risk Factors — Failure to maintain the security of personally identifiable and proprietary information, non- compliance with our contractual obligations regarding such information or a violation of our privacy and security policies or processes with respect to such information could adversely affect us "as of the date of this Annual Report, we are not aware of any risks from cybersecurity threats that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our business strategy, results of operation, or financial condition. There is no guarantee that such risks will not evolve in the future and materially adversely affect the Company or that our processes to manage cybersecurity risks, including those described here, will operate effectively and as designed, Board & Management Cybersecurity Risk Oversight We incorporate all of the Company's cybersecurity processes and assessments into our overall enterprise risk program. This allows us to develop a complete consolidated view of our risk factors across our cybersecurity, information technology, and business functions. As part of the Company's enterprise risk program, the Information Risk Committee ("IRC") is responsible for developing and coordinating the Company's cybersecurity policy and strategy, and for managing the prevention, detection, mitigation and remediation of cybersecurity incidents. The IRC is chaired by the Chief Information Security Officer (" CISO ") and the Senior Vice President – Legal (" SVP – Legal) " responsible for Privacy and Compliance Issues, with the Chief Financial Officer, Chief Information and Distribution Officer, and the General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer as members. The IRC meets regularly to review operations of the Company's cybersecurity programs and processes, and to discuss emerging legal, technical, or other risks. The Audit Committee of the Board is the Board- level committee with oversight of privacy and security matters. The IRC updates the Audit Committee quarterly to provide risk updates and general education on privacy and information risk trends. The Board is made aware promptly of any cybersecurity incidents that are deemed critical or that could potentially have an impact on the business. The Board also receives periodic privacy and security awareness training from third- party subject matter experts. Our CISO has been with Wyndham since 2012, and has worked in the cybersecurity industry for 19 years. Prior to his time at Wyndham, as a forensic investigator, he performed cyber investigations in both civil and criminal matters and has worked closely with various industries to educate and provide guidance on cybersecurity best practices. The SVP – Legal has been with the Company since 2010, and has served in his current role since 2019. The SVP – Legal leads the legal team responsible for, among other things, corporate secretary matters, SEC reporting, privacy, compliance and legal operations. The SVP – Legal has several years of experience managing risks related to the Company's operations, including data privacy. The IRC also includes our Chief Information and Distribution Officer. Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Financial Officer, each whom has over 15 years of business and senior leadership experience managing risks in their respective fields, collectively covering aspects of cybersecurity, technology strategy, capital allocation and compliance. Cybersecurity Incident Response Plan We have established a Cybersecurity Incident Response Plan ("CIRP"), which details the steps to be followed to properly respond to, contain, and remediate a cybersecurity incident. Within this plan, there are also engagement processes for our external cybersecurity incident response firm, which also assists Wyndham's cybersecurity team by annually testing the CIRP through custom tabletop exercises. The CIRP provides a process for escalating certain cybersecurity incidents to the IRC and to other members of management to facilitate management- level consideration as to whether a cybersecurity incident may be material to the Company and whether public disclosure of the incident is required. Information Security Program Access to our information systems is managed through our Identity and Access Management process, which governs the appropriate level of access for each user on an ongoing basis. Wyndham performs a certification process bi- annually to ensure the accuracy and completeness of each user's access. Tracking and measuring of the above certification processes takes place within our Information Security Program. This program reports on the risks and remediation progress across our information systems, as well as measures them against our own standards and processes, which have been developed in part using the National Institute of Standards and Technology Cybersecurity Framework 2. 0. The Information Security Program also measures the overall cybersecurity program against other key regulatory standards such as the Payment Card Industry standard known as PCI 4. 0 and the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002. Third Party Risk Program The Company's third- party risk program includes a process for assessing and overseeing the risk profile of third parties we do business with at the time of contract execution and also in the event that the scope of the work done with any third party materially changes. Our teams conduct vendor risk assessments of third- party suppliers that may receive access to personal data or connectivity to Wyndham's systems, for which such vendor risk assessments include information security control assessments and privacy impact assessments, regardless of the sensitivity of personal data potentially involved. The teams conduct similar internal assessments should any process potentially result in a significant change to the Company's data processing practices concerning sensitive data, or have a potentially material impact on individuals' data and respective rights. The data from the threat intelligence program mentioned above also feeds into a third- party risk evaluation to ensure that any impactful event (cyber or otherwise) experienced by a third- party doing business with Wyndham is considered in the risk profile of that organization. Cybersecurity Insurance To help mitigate the financial risks associated with any cyber security incidents, Wyndham Hotels also maintains cyber insurance that is renewed annually and covers both cyber events and business interruption. We closely monitor costs of breaches within the industry in an effort to ensure that our coverage is sufficient to address all reasonably foreseeable threats and levels of risk. Item 2. Properties. Our corporate headquarters is located in a leased office at 22 Sylvan Way, Parsippany, New Jersey, with the lease expiring in 2029. We also lease space for our reservation center and data warehouse in Saint John, New Brunswick, Canada pursuant to a lease that expires in 2029. In addition, we have an additional 41-12 leases for office space in 10

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11 countries outside the United States and one additional lease within the United States. We will evaluate the need to renew
each lease on a case-by-case basis prior to its expiration. We believe our current leased properties are adequate to support our
existing operations. Item 3. Legal Proceedings. We are involved in various claims, legal and regulatory proceedings and
governmental inquiries arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which, in the opinion of management, is expected to
have a material adverse effect on our financial condition. See Note 15-14 - Commitments and Contingencies to the Consolidated
Financial Statements contained in Part IV of this report for a description of claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary
course of our business. Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures. Not applicable. PART II Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common
Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities, MARKET PRICE OF COMMON STOCK Our
common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "WH". As of January 31, 2023-2024,
the number of stockholders of record was 4, 226-092. DIVIDEND POLICY We declared cash dividends of $ 0, 32-35 per share
in each of the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 2023 ($ 116-119 million in aggregate), which is consistent with our
pre-pandemie quarterly dividend per share. The declaration and payment of future dividends to holders of our common stock is
at the discretion of our Board and depends upon many factors, including our financial condition, earnings, capital requirements
of our business, covenants associated with certain debt obligations, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, industry practice
and other factors that our Board deems relevant. ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES In May 2018, our Board
approved a share repurchase plan pursuant to which we were authorized to purchase up to $ 300 million of our common stock.
Our In August 2019, the Board has increased the capacity of the program by $ 300 million . Our Board increased the capacity
of the program by in 2019, $ 800 million in 2022, and $ 400 million in February 2022 and an additional $ 400 million in
October 2022. Below is a monthly summary of our common stock repurchases, excluding excise taxes and fees and expenses.
by month for the quarter ended December 31, 2022 2023: PeriodTotal Number of Shares PurchasedAverage Price Paid per
ShareTotal Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced PlanApproximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet
Be Purchased Under <del>PlanOctober318 <mark>PlanOctober970</mark> , <del>796 <mark>597</del> $ 66 <mark>70 . 54 318 <mark>26 970 , 796 597 </mark>$ <del>547, 693,</del> 500</del></del></mark></mark>
November522, 903 728 72, 69 522, 728 509 673 November446, 697-232 75, 94 446, 514 232 467, 016, 026 December1
December 305, 244 79 038, 266 70. 82 04 305, 244 442, 888, 623 Total 1, 722, 073 $ 73. 29 1, 038 722, 073 266 436, 168,
920 Totall, 879, 790 $ 442, 70. 61 1, 879 888, 623, 790 $ 436, 168, 920 STOCK PERFORMANCE GRAPH The following
graph compares the cumulative total stockholder return of our common stock against the S & P 500 Index and the S & P Hotels,
Resorts & Cruise Lines Index (consisting of Booking Holdings Inc., Carnival Corporation & plc, Expedia Group, Inc., Hilton
Worldwide Holdings Inc., Marriott International, Inc., Norwegian Cruise Line Holdings Ltd., and Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd.)
for the period from <del>June 1, 2018 to</del> December 31, 2018 to December 31, <del>2022 2</del>023 . The graph assumes that $ 100 was
invested on June 1 December 31, 2018 (the first day of regular- way trading) and all dividends and other distributions were
reinvested. The Stock Performance Graph is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and shall
not be deemed incorporated by reference into any of our prior or future filings made with the SEC. Cumulative Total Return
December 31, June 1, 201820192020202020212022Wyndham ---- 201820192020202120222023Wyndham Hotels & Resorts,
Inc. $ 100. 00 $ <del>74-</del>141 . <del>91-</del>40 $ <del>105-</del>135 . <del>93-64</del> $ <del>101. 61 $ 155. 06 <mark>206</mark> $ 125-</del>. <del>53-</del>98 $ 167. 56 $ 192. 58 S & P 500 $ 100. 00
$ <del>93 <mark>131 . 72 49 $ 123 155 . 23 68 $ 145 200 . 90 37</del> $ <del>187 164 . 79 08</del> $ <del>153 207 . 78 21</del> S & P Hotels, Resorts & Cruise Lines</del></mark>
$ 100, 00 $ 84-137, 58-05 $ 115-101, 59 $ 121, 75 $ 92 $ 85-, 92 23 $ <del>102 153</del>, 39 <del>97 $ 78, 01</del> Item 6, Reserved, Item 7.
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. (Unless otherwise noted, all amounts
are in millions, except share and per share amounts) References herein to "Wyndham Hotels," the "Company," "we," our"
and "us" refer to both (i) Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries for time periods following the
consummation of the spin- off and (ii) the Wyndham Hotels & Resorts businesses for time periods prior to the consummation of
our spin- off from Wyndham Worldwide ("former Parent"), now known as Travel Leisure Co. The Company is a leading
global hotel franchisor, licensing its renowned hotel brands to hotel owners in over 95 countries around the world. Our primary
The Company operates in the following segments - segment is : • Hotel hotel Franchising franchising — licenses which
principally consists of licensing our lodging brands and provides providing related services to third- party hotel owners and
others. -In the first quarter of 2023, we changed the composition of our reportable segments to reflect the recent changes
in our Hotel Management — provides hotel segment due to the exit from the select- service management services for
business, the sale of our two owned hotels and the exit from substantially all of our U. S. full- service management
business in 2022. The remaining hotels hotel management business, which is predominately the full-service
international managed business, no longer meets the quantitative thresholds to be considered a reportable segment and
as a result, we have aggregated, on a prospective basis, such management business within our Hotel Franchising
segment. Rejection of Unsolicited Offer and Commencement of Exchange Offer On October 17, 2023, we announced that
our Board unanimously rejected a highly conditional, unsolicited stock- and- cash proposal by Choice to acquire all
outstanding shares of Wyndham. Our Board, together with our financial and legal advisors, closely reviewed Choice's
latest proposal with a nominal value of $ 90 per share, comprised of 45 % in stock and 55 % in cash, and determined
that it was not in the best interest of stockholders to accept the proposal. On December 12, 2023, Choice commenced the
Exchange Offer for any and all issued and outstanding shares of our common stock for, at the election of the holder, (i) $
49. 50 in cash and 0. 324 shares of Choice common stock (together with the $ 49. 50 in cash, the " Standard Offer
Consideration "), (ii) an amount in cash equal to the equivalent market value of the Standard Offer Consideration based
on the volume- weighted average of the closing prices of Choice common stock as quoted on the NYSE over the five
NYSE trading days ending on the 10th business day preceding March 8, 2024 (the "Expiration Date") or (iii) a number
of shares of Choice common stock having a value equal to the equivalent market value of the Standard Offer
Consideration (based on the volume- weighted average of the closing prices of Choice common stock as quoted on the
NYSE over the five NYSE trading days ending on the 10th business day preceding the Expiration Date), subject to
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proration, as disclosed in Choice's Prospectus / Offer to Exchange dated December 12, 2023 and the related Letter of
Transmittal. On December 18, 2023, we filed a Solicitation / Recommendation Statement on Schedule 14D-9 with the
SEC providing for the unanimous recommendation by our Board that our stockholders reject the Exchange Offer and
not tender any of the shares of common stock to Choice pursuant to the Exchange Offer. On January 22, 2024, Choice
sent us notice of their intent to nominate directors to replace our entire Board at the Company's 2024 annual meeting of
stockholders and a proposal to repeal any amendments to our third amended and restated by- laws adopted subsequent
to January 4, 2023. The Consolidated Financial Statements presented herein have been prepared on a stand- alone basis. The
Consolidated Financial Statements include the Company's assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and cash flows and all entities
in which it has a controlling financial interest. Financial Statements of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts included elsewhere in this
report. The selected historical consolidated statement of income / (loss) data for the years ended December 31,2020 and 2019
and the selected historical consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31,2021,2020 and 2019 are derived from audited
consolidated financial statements of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts businesses that are not included in this report. The selected
historical consolidated financial data below should be read together with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, including the notes thereto and the other financial information included elsewhere in this report. As
of or For the Year Ended December 31,($ in millions, except per share amounts and RevPAR)
20232022202120202019Statement of Income / (Loss) data: Revenues Fee- related and other revenues $ 1,384 $ 1,354 $ 1,245 $
950 $ 1,430 Cost reimbursement revenues13 144 320 350 623 Net revenues1,397 1,498 1,565 1,300 2,053
ExpensesMarketing, reservation and loyalty expense 569 524 450 419 563 Cost reimbursement expense 13 144 320 350 623
Other expenses312 272 349 577 560 Total expenses894 940 1,119 1,346 1,746 Operating income / (loss) 503 558 446 (46) 307
Interest expense, net102 80 93 112 100 Early extinguishment of debt3 2 18 — Income / (loss) before income taxes398 476
335 (158) 207 Provision for / (benefit from) income taxes109 taxes121 121 91 (26) 50 61 Net income / (loss) $ 289 $ 355 $ 244
$ (132) $ 157 <mark>$ 162</mark> Per share data:Diluted earnings / (loss) per share $ 3. <del>41 $ 3.</del> 91 $ 2.60 $ (1.42) $ 1.62 $ 1.62 Cash
dividends declared per share1. 40 1. 28 0.88 0.56 1.16 0.75 Balance Sheet data: Cash $ 66 $ 161 $ 171 $ 493 $ 94 $ 366 Total
assets (a-b) 4,033-4,123 4,269 4,644 4,533 4,976 Total debt (a-b) 2,201-2,077 2,084 2,597 2,122 2,141 Total liabilities (a-b)
3,287-3,161 3,180 3,681 3,321 3,558 Total stockholders' equity746 equity962 962-1,089 963 1,212 1,418 Other financial
data:Royalties and franchise fees $ 532 $-512 $ 461 $ 328 $ 480 $ 441 License and other fees100 fees112 100 79 84 131 111
Adjusted EBITDA ( <del>b c</del> ) Hotel Franchising segment $ <del>727 $</del> 679 $ 592 $ 392 $ 629 $ 521 Hotel Management <del>segmentn</del>
<mark>segment37 <del>/ a37-</del>57 13 66 <mark>47</mark> Corporate and Other ( <mark>d e) (68-</mark>) (66) (59) (69) (74 ) (55 ) Total adjusted EBITDA ( <del>d e</del> ) <del>$ 659-</del>$</mark>
650 $ 590 $ 336 $ 621 $ 513 Operating statistics:Total CompanyNumber of properties ( ef) <del>9,178-</del>9,059 8,950 8,941 9,280
<mark>9,157</mark> Number of rooms ( <mark>f g</mark> ) <del>871,800</del> 842,500 810,100 795,900 831,000 <mark>809,900</mark> RevPAR ( <del>g <mark>h</mark> ) $ 43.10</del> $ 41.88 $ 35.95 $
24.51 $ 40.92 $ 40.80 Average royalty rate ( <del>h i</del> ) <del>3.9 %</del> 3.9 % 4.1 % 4.0 <mark>% 3.8</mark> % 3.8 % United StatesNumber of properties ( <del>e f</del>
) <del>6,036-</del>6,081 6,139 6,175 6,342 <mark>6,358</mark> Number of rooms ( fg ) <del>497,600</del> 493,800 490,600 487,300 510,200 <mark>506,100</mark> RevPAR ( <del>g</del>
h) $ 50. <del>42 $ 50.</del> 72 $ 45.19 $ 30.20 $ 46.39 $ 45.30 Average royalty rate ( <del>h i</del> ) 4.6 % 4.6 % 4.6 % 4. <del>6 % 4.</del>5 % 4.5 %
                            -4.5 % (a) In May 2018, we acquired La Quinta Holdings' hotel franchise and hotel-
management business, spanning a portfolio of over 900 La Quinta- branded hotels. (b) Reflects the impact of the adoption
of the new accounting standard in 2020 for the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments and the 2019 accounting
standard for lease accounting.( b-c) "Adjusted EBITDA" is defined as net income / (loss) excluding net interest
expense, depreciation and amortization, early extinguishment of debt charges, impairment charges, restructuring and related
charges, contract termination costs, separation-related items, transaction-related items (acquisition-, disposition-, or debt
separation - related).(gain) / loss on asset sales.foreign currency impacts of highly inflationary countries,stock- based
compensation expense, income taxes and development advance notes amortization. We believe that adjusted EBITDA is a useful
measure of performance for our segments which, when considered with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP
") measures, allows a more complete understanding of our operating performance. We use this measure internally to assess
operating performance, both absolutely and in comparison to other companies, and to make day to day operating
decisions, including in the evaluation of selected compensation decisions. Our presentation of adjusted EBITDA may not be
comparable to similarly - titled measures used by other companies. During the first quarter of 2021, the Company modified the
definition of adjusted EBITDA to exclude the amortization of development advance notes to reflect how the Company's chief
operating decision maker reviews operating performance beginning in 2021. The Company has applied the modified definition of
adjusted EBITDA to all periods presented. (e-d) Corporate and Other reflects unallocated corporate costs that are not
attributable to an operating segment. (de) The reconciliation of net income / (loss) to adjusted EBITDA is as follows: Year
Ended December 31,(in millions) <del>2023202220212020</del>---- 202220212020 (a) 2019 (a) 2018 (a) Net income / (loss) $ <del>289 $</del> 355
$ 244 $ (132) $ 157 $ 162 Provision for / (benefit from) income <del>taxes109 taxes121</del> <del>121-</del>91 (26) 50 <mark>61</mark> Depreciation and
amortization 76 amortization 77 77 95 98 109 99 Interest expense, net80 net102 80 93 112 100 60 Early extinguishment of
<del>debt3</del>-<mark>debt2 2</mark>-18 — — Stock- based compensation <del>expense39</del>-expense33 <del>33-</del>28 19 15 <mark>9</mark> Development advance notes
amortization 15 amortization 12 12 11 9 8 7 Gain on asset sale, net (35) — — — Separation - related expenses 1 3 2 22 77
Impairments, net — 6 206 45 — Restructuring costs — — 34 8 — Transaction- related expenses, net11--- net —
Separation- related expenses 1 1 3 2 22 Gain on asset sale, net (35) Impairments, net 6 206 45 Restructuring eosts — 34 8 Contract termination costs — — 42 — Transaction- related item — — 20 — Foreign currency
impact of highly inflationary <del>countries14</del> - countries4 4-1 2 5 3 Adjusted EBITDA $ 659 $ 650 $ 590 $ 336 $ 621 $ 513 (a)
Adjusted EBITDA has been recasted to conform with the current year presentation. Amounts may not foot due to rounding. (f)
Represents the number of hotels at the end of the period.(g) Represents the number of rooms at the end of the period
which are (i) either under franchise and / or management agreements and (ii) properties under affiliation agreements for
which the Company receives a fee for reservation and / or other services provided.(h) Represents revenue per available
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room and is calculated by multiplying the average occupancy rate by the average daily rate.(i) Represents the average
royalty rate earned on our franchised properties and is calculated by dividing total royalties, excluding the impact of
amortization of development advance notes, by total room revenues. In presenting the financial data above in conformity
with U.S.GAAP,we are required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. See "
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Financial
Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources – Critical Accounting Policies," for a detailed discussion of the accounting
policies that we believe require subjective and complex judgments that could potentially affect reported
results.DEVELOPMENT We awarded 882 new contracts this year, a 35 % increase compared to the 655 contracts we
awarded during 2021.As of December 31,2022 RESULTS OF OPERATIONS Discussed below are our key operating
statistics, consolidated results of operations and the results of operations for each of our reportable segments. The reportable
segments presented below represent our operating segments for which discrete financial information is available and used on a
regular basis by our chief operating decision maker to assess performance and to allocate resources. In identifying our reportable
segments, we also consider the nature of services provided by our operating segments. Management evaluates the operating
results of each of our reportable segments based upon net revenues and adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net
income / (loss) excluding net interest expense, depreciation and amortization, early extinguishment of debt charges, impairment
charges, restructuring and related charges, contract termination costs, separation-related items, transaction-related items
(acquisition-, disposition-, or separation-debt - related), (gain) / loss on asset sales, foreign currency impacts of highly
inflationary countries, stock-based compensation expense, income taxes and development advance notes amortization. We
believe that adjusted EBITDA is a useful measure of performance for our segments and, when considered with U. S. Generally
Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") measures, gives a more complete understanding of our operating performance. We
use this measure internally to assess operating performance, both absolutely and in comparison to other companies, and to make
day to day operating decisions, including in the evaluation of selected compensation decisions. Adjusted EBITDA is not a
recognized term under U. S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or other measures of financial
performance or liquidity derived in accordance with U. S. GAAP. Our presentation of adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable
to similarly -titled measures used by other companies. We generate royalties and franchise fees, management fees and other
revenues from hotel franchising and hotel management activities, as well as fees from licensing our "Wyndham" trademark,
certain other trademarks and intellectual property. In addition, pursuant to our franchise and management contracts with third-
party hotel owners, we generate marketing, reservation and loyalty fee revenues and cost reimbursement revenues that over time
are offset, respectively, by the marketing, reservation and loyalty costs and property operating costs that we incur. OPERATING
STATISTICS- 2023 VS. 2022 VS. 2021-The table below presents our operating statistics for the years ended December 31,
2023 and 2022 and 2021. "Rooms" represent the number of hotel rooms at the end of the period which are either under
franchise and / or management agreements, or are Company-owned (as of December 31, 2021), and properties under affiliation
agreements for which we receive a fee for reservation and / or other services provided. "RevPAR" represents revenue per
available room and is calculated by multiplying average occupancy rate by average daily rate. "Average royalty rate"
represents the average royalty rate earned on our franchised properties and is calculated by dividing total royalties, excluding
the impact of amortization of development advance notes, by total room revenues. These operating statistics are drivers of our
revenues and therefore provide an enhanced understanding of our business. Refer to the section below for a discussion as to how
these operating statistics affected our business for the periods presented. Year Ended December 31, 20232022 %
ChangeRoomsUnited States497, 600 493, 800 1 % International 374, 200 348, 700 7 % Total rooms 871, 800 842, 500 3 %
RevPARUnited States $ 50, 42 $ 50, 72 (1 %) International (a) 33, 21 29, 05 14 % Global RevPAR (a) 43, 10 41, 88 3 %
Average Royalty RateUnited States4. 6 % 4. 6 % — International2. 4 % 2. 1 % 30 bpsGlobal average royalty rate3. 9 %
3.9 % — (a) Excluding currency effects, international RevPAR increased 21 % and global RevPAR increased 5 %.
Rooms as of December 31, 2023 increased 3 % compared to the prior year, reflecting 1 % growth in the U. S. and 7 %
growth internationally. As expected, these increases included strong growth in both the higher RevPAR midscale and
above segments in the U. S. and the direct franchising business in China, which grew 3 % and 13 %, respectively. We
also achieved our goal of increasing our retention rate by 30 bps year- over- year. Excluding currency effects, global
RevPAR for the year ended December 31, 2023 increased 5 %, compared to the prior year, including a 1 % decline in the
U. S. and 21 % growth internationally. During 2022, we achieved record- breaking RevPAR in the U. S. due to COVID-
impacted travel patterns. Comparing to 2019 to neutralize for COVID- impacted travel patterns, U. S. RevPAR grew 9
%. International RevPAR growth from prior year was driven by higher occupancy levels and stronger pricing power in
connection with the COVID- 19 recovery, and compared to 2019, grew 36 % on a constant- currency basis. U. S. average
royalty rate was consistent and international average royalty rate increased 30 basis points compared to the prior year.
Global average royalty rate for the year ended December 31, 2023 remained consistent at 3.9 %, compared to the prior
year due to faster system growth internationally. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 VS. YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2022 Year Ended December 31, 20232022Change % ChangeRevenuesFee- related and other revenues $
1, 384 $ 1, 354 $ 30 2 % Cost reimbursement revenues13 144 (131) (91 %) Net revenues1, 397 1, 498 (101) (7 %)
ExpensesMarketing, reservation and loyalty expense 569 524 45 9 % Cost reimbursement expense 13 144 (131) (91 %)
Gain on asset sale, net — (35) 35 n / aOther expenses312 307 5 2 % Total expenses894 940 (46) (5 %) Operating
income503 558 (55) (10 %) Interest expense, net102 80 22 28 % Early extinguishment of debt3 2 1 50 % Income before
income taxes398 476 (78) (16 %) Provision for income taxes109 121 (12) (10 %) Net income $ 289 $ 355 $ (66) (19 %) Net
revenues during 2023 decreased by $ 101 million, or 7 %, compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • $ 102
million of lower cost- reimbursement revenues associated with the exit of all of our U. S. full- service management
business, which have no impact on net income; and • $ 79 million of lower revenues associated with our select- service
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management and owned hotel businesses which were exited in the first half of 2022 (of which $ 29 million represented
cost-reimbursement revenues that have no impact on net income); partially offset by • $ 34 million of higher marketing,
reservation and loyalty fees reflecting a 3 % increase in both global RevPAR and rooms as well as revenues associated
with our global franchisee conference in 2023, our first conference since 2019; • $ 27 million of higher royalty, franchise
and management fees due to the RevPAR and rooms increases; • $ 12 million of higher license and other fees; and • $ 7
million of higher other revenues. Total expenses during 2023 decreased $ 46 million, or 5 %, compared to the prior year,
primarily driven by: • $ 102 million of lower cost-reimbursement expenses associated with the exit of all of our U. S. full-
service management business, which have no impact on net income: • $ 65 million of lower expenses associated with our
select- service management and owned hotel businesses, which were exited in the first half of 2022 (of which $ 29 million
represented cost-reimbursement expenses as discussed above); partially offset by • $ 45 million of higher marketing,
reservation and loyalty expenses primarily as a result of timing of spend and costs associated with our global franchisee
conference; • $ 35 million from absence of the gain on asset sale in 2022 related to the sale of our owned hotel Wyndham
Grand Bonnet Creek Resort; • $ 17 million of higher operating expenses primarily driven by revenue-generating
activities and $ 10 million of higher foreign currency losses on highly inflationary countries, primarily Argentina; • $ 11
million of transaction- related expenses primarily related to the unsolicited Exchange Offer from Choice and our term
loan refinancing; and • $ 9 million of higher general and administrative expenses. Interest expense, net during 2023
increased $ 22 million, or 28 %, compared to the prior year primarily due to a higher variable interest rate on our term
loan A in 2023 and a higher debt balance. Early extinguishment of debt of $ 3 million in 2023 relates to the refinancing of
our term loan B, while $ 2 million in 2022 relates to the third amendment of our credit agreement and $ 400 million
partial pay down of our term loan B. Our effective tax rate increased to 27.4 % in 2023 from 25.4 % in 2022. The
change was primarily related to a foreign tax assessment received in 2023 that we are currently challenging. As a result
of these items, net income during 2023, decreased $ 66 million compared to the prior year. A reconciliation of net income
to adjusted EBITDA is represented below: Year Ended December 31, 20232022Net income $ 289 $ 355 Provision for
income taxes 109 121 Depreciation and amortization 76 77 Interest expense, net 102 80 Early extinguishment of debt3 2
Stock- based compensation expense39 33 Development advance notes amortization15 12 Transaction- related expenses11
— Separation- related expenses 1 1 Gain on asset sale, net — (35) Foreign currency impact of highly inflationary
countries14 4 Adjusted EBITDA $ 659 $ 650 Following is a discussion of the results of our Hotel Franchising segment
and Corporate and Other for 2023 compared to 2022: Net RevenuesAdjusted EBITDA20232022 % Change20232022 %
ChangeHotel Franchising $ 1, 397 $ 1, 277 9 % $ 727 $ 679 7 % Hotel Managementn / a221 n / an / a37 n / aCorporate
and Other — — — (68) (66) (3 %) Total Company $ 1, 397 $ 1, 498 (7 %) $ 659 $ 650 1 % Net revenues during 2023
increased $ 120 million, or 9 % compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • $ 36 million of higher royalty and
franchise fees, primarily reflecting the RevPAR and rooms increases; • $ 35 million of higher marketing, reservation and
loyalty revenues, primarily reflecting the RevPAR and room increases as well as revenues associated with our global
franchisee conference; • $ 14 million of management fees primarily from our international full-service management
business which were reported within our Hotel Management segment in 2022; ° $ 13 million of higher cost-
reimbursement revenues primarily from our international full-service managed properties that have no impact on
adjusted EBITDA; • $ 12 million of higher license and other fees; and • $ 10 million of higher other revenues. Adjusted
EBITDA during 2023 increased $ 48 million compared to the prior-year period, primarily driven by the revenue
increases discussed above, partially offset by $ 45 million of higher marketing, reservation and loyalty expenses as well as
$ 7 million of higher operating expenses principally driven by revenue-generating activities and $ 6 million of higher
general and administrative expenses. Adjusted EBITDA during 2023 was unfavorable by $ 2 million compared to the
prior year, OPERATING STATISTICS- 2022 VS. 2021 The table below presents our operating statistics for the years
ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. "Rooms" represent the number of hotel rooms at the end of the period which are
either under franchise and / or management agreements, or are Company- owned (as of December 31, 2021), and
properties under affiliation agreements for which we receive a fee for reservation and / or other services provided. "
RevPAR " represents revenue per available room and is calculated by multiplying average occupancy rate by average
daily rate. " Average royalty rate " represents the average royalty rate earned on our franchised properties and is
calculated by dividing total royalties, excluding the impact of amortization of development advance notes, by total room
revenues. These operating statistics are drivers of our revenues and therefore provide an enhanced understanding of our
business. Refer to the section below for a discussion as to how these operating statistics affected our business for the
periods presented. Year Ended December 31, 20222021 % ChangeRoomsUnited States 493, 800 490, 600 1 %
International 348, 700 319, 500 9 % Total rooms 842, 500 810, 100 4 % RevPARUnited States $ 50. 72 $ 45. 19 12 %
International (a) 29. 05 21. 52 35 % Global RevPAR (a) 41. 88 35. 95 16 % Average Royalty RateUnited States 4. 6 % 4. 6 % —
International 2. 1 % 2. 1 % — Global average royalty rate 3. 9 % 4. 1 % (20) bps —
                                                                                                    (a) Excluding
currency effects, international RevPAR increased 49 % and global RevPAR increased 20 %. Rooms as of December 31, 2022
increased 4 % compared to the prior year, reflecting 1 % growth in the U. S. and 9 % growth internationally. As expected, these
increases included strong growth in both the higher RevPAR midscale and above segments in the U. S. and the direct
franchising business in China, which grew 4 % and 10 %, respectively, as well as 80 basis points of growth globally and 200
basis points internationally from the acquisition of the Vienna House brand in September 2022. Excluding currency effects,
global RevPAR for the year ended December 31, 2022 increased 20 %, compared to the prior year, including U. S. growth of 12
% and international growth of 49 %. The increases were primarily driven by stronger pricing power and COVID- 19 recovery
internationally. Global average royalty rate for the year ended December 31, 2022 decreased by 20 basis points to 3.9 %,
compared to the prior year due to mix as both international RevPAR and net room growth outpaced the U. S., with the RevPAR
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growth primarily the result of COVID- 19 recovering more slowly internationally than it did in the U. S. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 VS. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 Year Ended December 31, 20222021Change % ChangeRevenuesFee- related and other revenues \$ 1, 354 \$ 1, 245 \$ 109 9 % Cost reimbursement revenues 144 320 (176) (55 %) Net revenues 1, 498 1, 565 (67) (4 %) ExpensesMarketing, reservation and loyalty expense 524 450 74 16 % Cost reimbursement expense 144 320 (176) (55 %) Gain on asset sale, net (35) — (35) n / aOther expenses 307 349 (42) (12 %) Total expenses 940 1, 119 (179) (16 %) Operating income 558 446 112 25 % Interest expense, net 80 93 (13) (14 %) Early extinguishment of debt2 18 (16) (89 %) Income before income taxes476 335 141 42 % Provision for income taxes121 91 30 33 % Net income \$ 355 \$ 244 \$ 111 45 % Net revenues during 2022 decreased by \$ 67 million, or 4 %, compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • \$ 261 million of lower revenues associated with our select-service management and owned hotel businesses which were exited in the first half of 2022 (which \$ 186 million represented cost-reimbursement revenues that have no impact on net income); partially offset by • \$ 76 million of higher marketing, reservation and loyalty fees reflecting a 16 % increase in global RevPAR; • \$ 65 million of higher royalty and franchise fees due to the RevPAR increase; • \$ 21 million of higher license and other fees resulting from higher travel demand associated with the COVID- 19 recovery; • \$ 20 million of higher other revenues primarily due to favorable co-branded credit card activity; and • \$ 10 million of higher costreimbursement revenues related to the COVID- 19 recovery in our full- service managed properties that have no impact on net income. Total expenses during 2022, decreased \$ 179 million, or 16 %, compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • \$ 267 million of lower expenses associated with our select- service management and owned hotel businesses, which were exited in the first half of 2022 (which \$ 186 million represented cost-reimbursement expenses as discussed above); and • a \$ 35 million gain related to the sale our owned hotel Wyndham Grand Bonnet Creek Resort in March 2022; partially offset by • \$ 81 million of higher marketing, reservation and loyalty expenses primarily as a result of the increase in marketing revenue; • \$ 14 million of higher variable expenses primarily associated with the improvement in travel demand due to the COVID- 19 recovery; • \$ 13 million of higher costs primarily due to inflation, as expected; and • \$ 10 million of higher cost- reimbursement expenses related to COVID- 19 recovery in our full- service managed properties. Interest expense, net during 2022 decreased \$ 13 million, or 14 %, compared to the prior year as a result of the redemption of our \$ 500 million senior notes in April 2021 and an increase in interest income. Early extinguishment of debt of \$ 2 million in 2022 relates to the third amendment of our credit agreement and \$ 400 million partial pay down of our term loan B, while the \$ 18 million in 2021 relates to the redemption of our \$ 500 million senior notes. Our effective tax rate decreased to 25.4 % in 2022 from 27.2 % in 2021. The change was primarily related to the release of valuation allowances for net operating loss carryforwards, which was partially offset by an additional valuation allowance for certain foreign tax credits generated during the year. As a result of these items, net income during 2022, increased \$ 111 million compared to the prior year. A reconciliation of net income to adjusted EBITDA is represented below: Year Ended December 31, 20222021Net income \$ 355 \$ 244 Provision for income taxes 121 91 Depreciation and amortization 77 95 Interest expense, net80 93 Early extinguishment of debt2 18 Stock- based compensation expense33 28 Development advance notes amortization12 11 Gain on asset sale, net (35) — Separation- related expenses 1 3 Impairments, net — 6 Foreign currency impact of highly inflationary countries4 1 Adjusted EBITDA \$ 650 \$ 590 Following is a discussion of the results of each of our segments and Corporate and Other for 2022 compared to 2021: Net RevenuesAdjusted EBITDA20222021 % Change20222021 % ChangeHotel Franchising \$ 1, 277 \$ 1, 099 16 % \$ 679 \$ 592 15 % Hotel Management 221 466 (53 %) 37 57 (35 %) Corporate and Other — — (66) (59) (12 %) Total Company \$ 1, 498 \$ 1, 565 (4 %) \$ 650 \$ 590 10 % Year Ended December 31, 20222021 % ChangeRoomsUnited States493, 500 465, 100 6 % International333, 600 304, 300 10 % Total rooms827, 100 769, 400 7 % RevPARUnited States \$ 50. 00 \$ 43. 95 14 % International (a) 28, 11 20, 86 35 % Global RevPAR (a) 41. 23 34. 85 18 % (a) Excluding currency effects, international RevPAR increased 49 % and global RevPAR increased 22 %, Rooms increased 7 % from the prior year period reflecting: • Organic growth of 4 %; • The conversion of managed properties to franchise in connection with the exit of our select- service management business and the sales of our two owned hotels, which resulted in 270 basis points of growth; and • The acquisition of the Vienna House brand in the third quarter of 2022, which resulted in 80 basis points of growth. Excluding currency effects, global RevPAR increased 22 % from the prior year period due to a 14 % increase in the U. S. and a 49 % increase internationally, both driven by stronger pricing power. Net revenues during 2022 increased \$ 178 million, or 16 % compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • \$ 60 million of higher royalty and franchise fees reflecting the RevPAR increase; • \$ 76 million of higher marketing, reservation and loyalty revenues also reflecting the RevPAR increase; • \$ 21 million of higher other revenues primarily due to favorable co- branded credit card activity; and • \$ 21 million of higher license and other fees due to strong travel demand associated with the COVID-19 recovery. Adjusted EBITDA during 2022 increased \$ 87 million, or 15 %, compared to the prior year, driven by the revenue increases discussed above, partially offset by; • \$ 81 million of higher marketing, reservation and loyalty expenses primarily as a result of the increase in marketing revenues; • \$ 8 million of higher costs primarily reflecting variable expenses associated with the improvement in travel demand due to the COVID-19 recovery; and • \$ 5 million of higher costs due to inflation, as expected. Year Ended December 31, 20222021 % ChangeRoomsUnited States 300 25, 500 (99 %) International 15, 100 15, 200 (1%) Total rooms 15, 400 40, 700 (62%) RevPARUnited States \$ 92. 66 \$ 63. 20 47% International (a) 48. 61 34. 31 42% Global RevPAR (a) 64. 07 53. 81 19 % (a) Excluding currency effects, international RevPAR increased 50 % and global RevPAR increased 23 %. Rooms declined 62 % from the prior year period, driven by the conversion of managed properties to franchise in connection with the exit of our select- service management business and the sale of our two owned hotels. Excluding currency effects, global RevPAR increased 23 % from the prior year period primarily due to the impact from the exit of our select-service hotel management business. Net revenues during 2022 decreased \$ 245 million, or 53 %, compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • \$ 261 million of lower revenues associated with our select- service management and owned hotel businesses which we exited in the first half of 2022 and, of which \$ 186 million represented cost-reimbursement revenues, that have no impact on adjusted EBITDA; partially offset by • \$ 10 million of higher cost-reimbursement revenues related to

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our full- service managed properties; and • $ 4 million of higher royalty, management and other fees. Adjusted EBITDA during
2022 decreased $ 20 million, or 35 %, compared to the prior year primarily driven by the revenue decreases discussed above
(excluding cost reimbursements), partially offset by $ 56 million of lower expenses associated with the exit from our select-
service hotel management business and owned hotel businesses. Adjusted EBITDA during 2022 was unfavorable by $ 7 million
compared to the prior year primarily due to inflationary cost pressures, as expected. DEVELOPMENT On OPERATING
STATISTICS-2021 VS. 2020 The table below presents our operating statistics for the years ended December 31, 2021 and
2020. "Rooms" represent the number of hotel rooms at the end of the period which are either under franchise and / or
management agreements, or are Company- owned, and properties under affiliation agreements for which we receive a fee for
reservation and or other services provided. "RevPAR" represents revenue per available room and is calculated by multiplying
average occupancy rate by average daily rate. "Average royalty rate "represents the average royalty rate earned on our
franchised properties and is calculated by dividing total royalties, excluding the impact of amortization of development advance
notes, by total room revenues. These operating statistics are drivers of our revenues and therefore provide an enhanced
understanding of our business. Refer to the section below for a discussion as to how these operating statistics affected our
business for the periods presented. Year Ended December 31, 20212020 % ChangeRoomsUnited States490, 600 487, 300 1 %
International 319, 500 308, 600 4 % Total rooms 810, 100 795, 900 2 % RevPARUnited States $ 45. 19 $ 30. 20 50 %
International (a) 21. 52 15. 35 40 % Global RevPAR (a) 35. 95 24. 51 47 % Average Royalty RateUnited States 4. 6 % 4. 5 % 2
% International 2. 1 % 2. 1 % — % Global average royalty rate 4. 1 % 4. 0 % 3 % (a) Excluding currency effects, international
RevPAR increased 36 % and global RevPAR increased 46 %. Rooms as of December 31, 2021 increased 2 % compared to the
prior year. As expected, we experienced strong growth in the higher RevPAR midseale and above chain scales in the U. S.,
increasing system size by 5 %, as well as strong growth in the direct franchising business in China, which grew 15 %. Global
RevPAR for the year ended December 31, 2021 increased 47 % to $ 35.95, compared to the prior year due to the ongoing
recovery in travel demand. Global RevPAR recovered to 88 % of 2019 levels on an annual and constant currency basis,
including domestic and international RevPAR at 97 % and 67 %, respectively, of 2019 levels. Global average royalty rate for
the year ended December 31, 2021 increased 3 % to 4.1 %, compared to the prior year. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
VS. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 Year Ended December 31, 20212020Change % ChangeRevenuesFee- related and
other revenues $ 1, 245 $ 950 $ 295 31 % Cost reimbursement revenues320 350 (30) (9 %) Net revenues1, 565 1, 300 265 20 %
ExpensesMarketing, reservation and loyalty expense450 419 31 7 % Cost reimbursement expense320 350 (30) (9 %) Other
expenses 349 577 (228) (40 %) Total expenses 1, 119 1, 346 (227) (17 %) Operating income / (loss) 446 (46) 492 n / aInterest
expense, net93 112 (19) (17 %) Early extinguishment of debt18 — 18 n / aIncome / (loss) before income taxes335 (158) 493 n /
aProvision for / (benefit from) income taxes91 (26) 117 n / aNet income / (loss) $ 244 $ (132) $ 376 n / a Net revenues during
2021 increased $ 265 million, or 20 %, compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • $ 133 million of higher royalty and
franchise fees reflecting a 47 % increase in global RevPAR due to the ongoing recovery in travel demand and a 2 % increase in
system size; • $ 98 million of higher marketing, reservation and loyalty fee primarily due to the RevPAR increase; • $ 53 million
of higher management and other fees due to the ongoing recovery in travel demand; partially offset by • $ 30 million of lower
eost-reimbursement revenues in our hotel management business as a result of CorePoint Lodging asset sales. Total expenses
during 2021, decreased $ 227 million, or 17 %, compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • $ 200 million of lower
impairment charges, driven by the absence of $ 206 million of impairment charges during 2020, partially offset by a $ 6 million
impairment charge in 2021 resulting from our Board's approval of a plan to sell our two owned hotels; • $ 34 million of lower
restructuring charges due to the absence of cost saving initiatives implemented in 2020 in response to COVID-19; • $ 30 million
of lower cost- reimbursement expenses consistent with the revenue decline discussed above; • $ 12 million of lower transaction-
related expenses; partially offset by * $ 31 million of higher marketing, reservation and loyalty expenses primarily due to the
ongoing recovery in travel demand; and • $ 23 million of higher operating expenses primarily associated with the recovery in
travel demand at our owned hotels. Interest expense, net during 2021 decreased $ 19 million, or 17 %, compared to the prior
year and early extinguishment of debt was $ 18 million in 2021 as a result of the redemption of our $ 500 million 5. 375 %
senior notes in April 2021. Our effective tax rate increased to 27.2 % on pre- tax income from 16.5 % on pre- tax loss during
2021 and 2020, respectively. The change was primarily related to valuation allowances for certain tax attributes and impact of
foreign taxes, including withholding taxes on international operations. In 2020, we had goodwill impairment charges that were
nondeductible for tax purposes which decreased the effective tax rate. As a result of these items, net income during 2021,
increased $ 376 million compared to the prior year. A reconciliation of net income / (loss) to adjusted EBITDA is represented
below: Year Ended December 31, 20212020 (a) Net income / (loss) $ 244 $ (132) Provision for / (benefit from) income taxes91
(26) Depreciation and amortization 95 98 Interest expense, net 93 112 Early extinguishment of debt18 — Stock-based
eompensation expense 28 19 Development advance notes amortization 11 9 Impairments, net 6 206 Separation-related expenses 3
2 Restructuring costs -
                      - 34 Transaction- related expenses, net - 12 Foreign currency impact of highly inflationary countries 1.2
Adjusted EBITDA $ 590 $ 336
                                                         (a) Adjusted EBITDA for 2020 has been recasted to conform with
the current year presentation. Following is a discussion of the results of each of our segments and Corporate and Other for 2021
compared to 2020: Net RevenuesAdjusted EBITDA20212020 % Change20212020 (a) % ChangeHotel Franchising $ 1,099 $
863 27 % $ 592 $ 392 51 % Hotel Management466 437 7 % 57 13 338 % Corporate and Other—
                                                                                                -n/a(59)(69)(14\%)
Total Company $ 1, 565 $ 1, 300 20 % $ 590 $ 336 76 %
                                                                                  Year Ended December 31, 20212020 %
ChangeRoomsUnited States465, 100 452, 600 3 % International 304, 300 293, 900 4 % Total rooms 769, 400 746, 500 3 %
RevPARUnited States $ 43. 95 $ 29. 50 49 % International (a) 20. 86 14. 75 41 % Global RevPAR (a) 34. 85 23. 74 47 % (a)
Excluding currency effects, international RevPAR increased 37 % and global RevPAR increased 46 %. Net revenues during
2021 increased $ 236 million, or 27 % compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: * $ 127 million of higher royalty and
franchise fees driven by the ongoing recovery in travel demand, its impact on global RevPAR and increase in our system size;
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and • $ 98 million of higher marketing, reservation and loyalty revenues, driven by the ongoing recovery in travel demand.
Adjusted EBITDA during 2021 increased $ 200 million, or 51 %, compared to the prior year, driven by revenue increases
discussed above, partially offset by $ 36 million of higher expenses primarily due to higher marketing, reservation and loyalty
expense and other volume- related expenses. Year Ended December 31, 20212020 % ChangeRoomsUnited States 25, 500 34,
700 (27 %) International 15, 200 14, 700 3 % Total rooms 40, 700 49, 400 (18 %) RevPARUnited States $ 63, 20 $ 37, 97 66 %
International (a) 34. 31 26. 21 31 % Global RevPAR (a) 53. 81 34. 67 55 % (a) Excluding currency effects, international
RevPAR increased 30 % and global RevPAR increased 55 %. Net revenues during 2021 increased $ 29 million, or 7 %.
compared to the prior year, primarily driven by: • $ 45 million of higher owned hotel revenues due to the ongoing recovery in
travel demand; • $ 8 million of higher management fees due to the ongoing recovery in travel demand; and • $ 4 million of
higher termination fees primarily related to CorePoint asset sales; partially offset by • $ 30 million of lower cost- reimbursement
revenues as discussed above, which have no impact on adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA during 2021 increased $ 44
million, or 338 %, compared to the prior year, primarily driven by the higher owned hotel revenues discussed above, partially
offset by higher volume-related expenses primarily related to our owned hotels. Adjusted EBITDA during 2021 was favorable
by $ 10 million compared to the prior year, primarily due to lower general and administrative costs. SELECTED FINANCIAL
DATA The following selected historical consolidated statement of income / (loss) data for the years ended December 31, 2022,
2021 and 2020 and the selected historical consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 are derived from
the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts included elsewhere in this report. The selected
historical consolidated and combined statement of income / (loss) data for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the
selected historical consolidated and combined balance sheet data as of December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018 are derived from
audited consolidated and combined financial statements of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts businesses that are not included in this
report. The selected historical consolidated and combined financial data below should be read together with the audited
Consolidated Financial Statements of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, including the notes thereto and the other financial
information included elsewhere in this report. As of or For the Year Ended December 31, ($ in millions, except per share
amounts and RevPAR) 20222021202020192018 (a) Statement of Income / (Loss) data: RevenuesFee- related and other
revenues $ 1, 354 $ 1, 245 $ 950 $ 1, 430 $ 1, 282 Cost reimbursement revenues 144 320 350 623 586 Net revenues 1, 498 1, 565
1, 300 2, 053 1, 868 ExpensesMarketing, reservation and loyalty expense524 450 419 563 486 Cost reimbursement expense144
320 350 623 586 Other expenses 272 349 577 560 513 Total expenses 940 1, 119 1, 346 1, 746 1, 585 Operating income / (loss)
558 446 (46) 307 283 Interest expense, net80 93 112 100 60 Early extinguishment of debt2 18
                                                                                                       -Income / (loss) before
income taxes476 335 (158) 207 223 2023 Provision for / (benefit from)...... As of December 31, 2022, our global development
pipeline consisted of over 1, 700 950 hotels and approximately 219 240, 000 rooms, representing another record high level
and a 10~\% increase year- over- year, including 8~\% growth in the U. S and 11~\% internationally. This represented the
14th consecutive quarter of sequential pipeline growth. Approximately 70 % of our pipeline is in the midscale and above
segments and 58 % is international. Additionally, approximately 79 % of our pipeline is new construction, of which
approximately 73-34 % is in the midscale has broken ground. During 2023, we awarded 766 new contracts for our legacy
brands, and an increase of 8 above segments (56 % in the U.S.). Our pipeline grew 12 % compared to 2021, including 34 %
growth in the U. S. As of December 31, 2022, approximately 60 % of our development pipeline was international and over 80
% was new construction, of which approximately 36 % had broken ground. The pipeline includes 170 Additionally, we
<mark>awarded 98 additional</mark> new contracts <del>awarded</del>-for <mark>our <del>the Company' s</del> ECHO Suites Extended Stay by Wyndham brand ,</mark>
bringing the total number of contracts awarded for the brand to 268 representing over 33, 000 rooms since its launch in
March 2022, RESTRUCTURING During 2020, we incurred $ 34 million of charges related to restructuring initiatives
implemented in response to COVID-19. These initiatives resulted in a reduction of 846 employees and were comprised
primarily of employee separation and facility closure costs. In addition, during 2019, we implemented restructuring initiatives,
primarily focused on enhancing our organizational efficiency and rationalizing our operations. During 2020, we paid $ 30
million in restructuring payments relating to our 2019 and 2020 plans. As of December 31, 2020, we had a $ 10 million liability
related to our 2020 restructuring plans which was paid in 2021. For a comparative review of the consolidated results of
operations of our Company and reportable segments for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, refer to Part II,
Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 16, 2022. FINANCIAL CONDITION,
LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES Year Ended December 31, 20222021ChangeTotal---- 20232022ChangeTotal
assets $ 4, <mark>033 $ 4,</mark> 123 $ <del>4, 269 $ ( 146 90</del> ) Total liabilities3, 287 3, 161 126 3, 180 (19) Total stockholders' equity962-
equity746 962 <del>1, 089 ( 127 216 )</del> Total assets decreased $ <del>146 90</del> million from December 31, <del>2021 <mark>2022</del> t</del>o December 31, <del>2022</del></del></mark>
<mark>2023</mark> primarily <del>due <mark>related</mark> to <mark>utilizing our excess cash a $ 154 million reduction in assets held for <mark>share repurchases</mark> <del>sale due</del></del></mark>
to the completion of the sales of our two owned hotels and an $ 84 million reduction in intangible assets related to the exit of our
select- service management business, both of which occurred in the first half of 2022-2023. Such reductions were decrease in
<mark>cash was</mark> partially offset by <mark>higher development advance notes</mark> <del>a $ 53 million increase in the value of our interest rate swaps</del>
and a $ 44 million increase to intangible assets related to the Vienna House acquisition. Total liabilities increased $ 126 million
year- over- year primarily related to an increase in our debt balance relating to borrowings under our revolving credit
facility. Total equity decreased $ 19-216 million year- over- year primarily due to a reduction in liabilities held for sale as a
result of the owned hotel sales. Total equity decreased $ 397 127 million year- over- year primarily due to $ 445 million of
stock repurchases and $ 116-119 million of dividend payments, partially offset by the our net income we generated in the year
and a $53 million increase in accumulated other comprehensive income primarily associated with the increase in the value of
our interest rate swaps. Historically, our business generates sufficient cash flow to not only support our current operations as
well as our future growth needs and dividend payments to our stockholders, but also to create additional value for our
stockholders in the form of share repurchases and business investment. As of December 31, 2022-2023, our liquidity
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approximated $ 900-650 million. Given the minimal capital needs and flexible cost structure of our business, we believe that our
existing cash, cash equivalents, cash generated through operations and our expected access to financing facilities, together with
funding through our revolving credit facility, will be sufficient to fund our operating activities, anticipated capital expenditures
and growth needs. In April 2022, we amended our $ 750 million revolving credit facility, extending the maturity from May 2023
to April 2027 on similar terms as the previous facility, and issued a new $ 400 million senior secured term loan A facility, which
matures in April 2027. The proceeds from the term loan A were used to repay a portion of our $ 1. 6 billion term loan B facility,
which is scheduled to mature in May 2025. There was no increase in rates from the $ 1, 6 billion term loan B facility to the new
term loan A. As of December 31, 2022-2023, we were in compliance with the financial covenants of our credit agreement and
expect to remain in such compliance. As of December 31, 2022-2023, we had a term loan B with a principal outstanding
balance of $ 1.1 billion maturing in 2025-2030, a term loan A with a principal outstanding balance of $ 400 384 million
maturing in 2027 and a five-year revolving credit facility maturing in 2027 with a maximum aggregate principal amount of $
750 million, of which <del>none <mark>$ 160 million</mark> w</del>as outstanding and $ 9 million was allocated to outstanding letters of credit. The
interest rate per annum applicable to our term loan B is equal to, at our option, either a base rate plus a margin of 0.1. 75-25 %
or LIBOR the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus a margin of +2 . 75-25 % plus a 0. 10 % SOFR
adjustment. Our revolving credit facility and term loan A are subject to an interest rate per annum equal to, at our option, either
a base rate plus a margin ranging from 0.50 % to 1.00 % or the Secured Overnight Funding Rate ("SOFR") plus a 0.10 %
SOFR adjustment, plus a margin ranging from 1.50 % to 2.00 %, in either case based upon the our total leverage ratio of the
Company and its the total leverage of our restricted subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2022 2023, the margin on our term
loan A was 1. 75 %. As of December 31, 2023, $ 1. 1 billion of our term loan B-variable- rate debt is hedged with pay-fixed
/ receive- variable interest rate swaps hedging our term loan interest rate exposure. The aggregate fair value of these interest rate
swaps was a $ 53-13 million asset as of December 31, 2022 2023. In January 2024, we entered into new pay- fixed / receive-
variable interest rate swaps that hedge the interest rate exposure on $ 275 million of our variable- rate debt with an
<mark>effective date in the fourth quarter of 2024 and an expiration date in the fourth quarter of 2027</mark> . The <mark>fixed <del>Federal</del></mark>
Reserve has established the Alternative Reference Rates Committee to identify alternative reference rates - rate for when
associated with the U-new swaps is 3 . S-37 % (plus applicable spreads) . As of January dollar LIBOR ceases to exist after
June 2023-2024. Our credit facility, nearly all as amended in April 2022, includes our revolving credit facility and term loans
A and B. The revolver and term loan A are both based on SOFR. For the pre-existing term loan B, the credit facility gives us
the option to use LIBOR as has a fixed base rate and our interest rate swaps are based on the one-month U. S. dollar LIBOR
rate. In the event that LIBOR is no longer published, the credit facility allows us and the administrative agent of the facility to
replace LIBOR with an alternative benchmark rate, subject to the right of the majority of the lenders to object thereto. In
addition, the International Swaps and Derivatives Association issued protocols to allow swap parties to amend their existing
contracts, though through our existing swaps will continue to reference LIBOR for the foresecable future fourth quarter of
2027. As of December 31, 2022-2023, our credit rating was Ba1 from Moody's Investors Service and BB from both Standard
and Poor's Rating Agency and Fitch Ratings. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and is
subject to revision or withdrawal by the assigning rating organization. Reference in this report to any such credit rating is
intended for the limited purpose of discussing or referring to aspects of our liquidity and of our costs of funds. Any reference to
a credit rating is not intended to be any guarantee or assurance of, nor should there be any undue reliance upon, any credit rating
or change in credit rating, nor is any such reference intended as any inference concerning future performance, future liquidity or
any future credit rating. Our liquidity and access to capital may be impacted by our credit ratings, financial performance and
global credit market conditions. We believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents, cash generated through operations and our
expected access to financing facilities, together with funding through our revolving credit facility, will be sufficient to fund our
operating activities, anticipated capital expenditures and growth needs. CASH FLOW The following table summarizes the
changes in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash during the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 and 2020.
Year Ended December 31, <del>202220212020Cash-----</del> 202320222021Cash provided by / (used in) Operating activities $ 376 $ 399
$ 426 <del>$ 67</del> Investing <del>activities 179 ---</del> activities (66) 179 (34 <del>) (31</del> ) Financing activities (402) (584) (713) 363 Effects of
changes in exchange rates on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (3) (4) (1) —Net change in cash, cash equivalents and
restricted cash $ (95) $ (10) $ (322) During 2023, net cash provided by operating activities decreased $ 399-23 million
compared to the prior year primarily due to higher development advance notes provided to franchisees in support of
system growth and higher interest expense, partially offset by higher cash generated from net income. Net cash used in
investing activities was $ 66 million in 2023 compared to cash provided by investing activities of $ 179 million in 2022.
The change of $ 245 million was primarily due to the absence of the proceeds received in 2022 from the sales of our
owned hotels and the termination fee from CorePoint Lodging associated with the exit of our select- service management
business. Net cash used in financing activities decreased $ 182 million compared to the prior year primarily due to $ 137
million of net borrowings primarily from our revolving credit facility, which was used for investments in the business
and share repurchases. Stock repurchases decreased $ 55 million as 2022 benefited from the deployment of the proceeds
received in connection with the sale of the owned hotels and exit of the select- service management business. During 2022,
net cash provided by operating activities decreased $ 27 million compared to the prior year primarily due to higher development
advances provided to franchisees in support of system growth, as well as the impact from the sale of our two owned hotels and
the exit of our select- service management business and lower cash collected from 2020 COVID- 19 related fee deferrals. Net
cash provided by investing activities increased $ 213 million compared to the prior year, primarily due to the proceeds from the
sales of our two owned hotels and the termination fee received from CorePoint Lodging associated with the exit of our select-
service management business, partially offset by $ 44 million of cash used for the acquisition of the Vienna House brand. Net
cash used in financing activities decreased $ 129 million compared to the prior year primarily due to the absence of cash used
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for the redemption of our $ 500 million 5. 375 % senior unsecured notes in 2021, partially offset by a $ 341 million increase in
stock repurchases and a $ 34 million increase in dividend payments. During 2021, net eash provided by operating activities
increased $ 359 million compared to the prior year primarily due to higher net income (excluding non-eash impairments and
depreciation expense) in 2021 as well as favorable collections experience, including collection of fee deferrals related to
COVID- 19 and working capital management, partially offset by $ 14 million of higher net payments for development advance
notes. Net eash used in investing activities increased $ 3 million compared to the prior year, primarily due to higher property and
equipment additions. Net eash used in financing activities increased $ 1. 1 billion compared to the prior year. This change
reflects borrowing activities in 2020 out of an abundance of caution in connection with the pandemic and repayment activities in
2021 as our business began to experience recovery. Specifically, in 2020, we issued $ 500 million of 4. 375 % senior unsecured
notes; while in 2021, we redeemed $ 500 million of higher-cost, nearer maturity debt effectively replacing it with the August
2020 issuance of lower- cost, longer maturity debt. Capital Deployment Our first priority is to invest in the business. This
includes deploying capital to attract high quality assets into our system, investing in select technology improvements across our
business that further our strategic objectives and competitive position, brand refresh programs to improve quality and protect
brand equity, business acquisitions that are accretive and strategically enhancing to our business, and / or other strategic
initiatives. We also expect to maintain a regular dividend payment. Excess cash generated beyond these needs is expected to be
available for enhanced stockholder return in the form of stock repurchases or potential acquisitions from time to time. During
2022-2023, we spent $ 39-37 million on capital expenditures, primarily related to information technology, including digital
innovation. During 2023-2024, we anticipate spending approximately $ 35-40 million on capital expenditures. In addition,
during During 2022 2023, we spent $48-72 million, net of repayments, on development advance notes. During 2023-2024, we
anticipate spending approximately $ 60-90 million on development advance notes. We may also provide other forms of financial
support such as enhanced credit support to further assist in the growth of our business. In addition, during 2024, we anticipate
spending approximately $ 75 million of cash associated with legal and advisory fees related to the unsolicited offer by
Choice. We expect all our cash needs to be funded from cash on hand and cash generated through operations, and / or
availability under our revolving credit facility and, if needed and available, new debt incurrence. Contractual Obligations
Material contractual obligations arising in the normal course of business primarily consist of long- term debt and related interest
payments, purchase commitments and lease payments. See Note 13-12 - Long- Term Debt and Borrowing Arrangements and
Note <del>20-</del>19 - Leases to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part IV of this report for more information. As of
December 31, <del>2022-2023, we had future long- term interest payment obligations of approximately $ 337-623 million of which $</del>
94-119 million is payable within twelve months. We have purchase commitments primarily consisting of non-cancelable
obligations for marketing and technology related services. As of December 31, <del>2022-2023</del>, we had purchase commitments of $
140-146 million of which $ 57-58 million is payable within twelve months. Stock Repurchase Program In May 2018, our Board
approved a share repurchase plan pursuant to which we were authorized to purchase up to $ 300 million of our common stock.
Our In August 2019, the Board has increased the capacity of the program by $ 300 million. Our Board increased the capacity
of the program by in 2019, $ 800 million in 2022, and $ 400 million in February 2022-2023 and an additional $ 400 million in
October 2022. Under the plan, we may, from time to time, purchase our common stock through various means, including,
without limitation, open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or tender offers, subject to the terms of the tax
matters agreement entered into in connection with our spin- off. Under our current stock repurchase program, we repurchased
approximately 6-5. 2-5 million shares at an average price of $71-72. 70-25 per share for a cost of $445-397 million during
2022-2023. Since inception of our stock repurchase program, we repurchased 15-20. 2-7 million shares at an average price
of $ 63.65.32.69 per share for a cost of $ 964.1.4 million billion. As of December 31, 2022.2023, we had $ 436.443 million
of remaining availability under our program. Dividend Policy We declared cash dividends of $ 0. 32-35 per share in each of the
first, second, third and fourth quarters of <del>2022-</del>2023 ($ <del>116-119</del> million in aggregate), which is consistent with our pre-
pandemic quarterly dividend per share. In February 2023-2024, the Board approved an increase in the quarterly cash dividend
to $ 0. 35-38 per share. The declaration and payment of future dividends to holders of our common stock is at the discretion of
our Board and depends upon many factors, including our financial condition, earnings, capital requirements of our business,
covenants associated with certain debt obligations, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, industry practice and other factors
that our Board deems relevant. Foreign Earnings Although the one-time mandatory deemed repatriation tax during 2017 and the
territorial tax system created as a result of U. S. tax reform generally eliminate U. S. federal income taxes on dividends from
foreign subsidiaries, we continue to assert that all of our undistributed foreign earnings of $ 48.84 million will be reinvested
indefinitely as of December 31, 2022-2023. In the event the Company determines not to continue to assert that all or part of its
undistributed foreign earnings are permanently reinvested, such a determination in the future could result in the accrual and
payment of additional foreign withholding taxes and U. S. taxes on currency transaction gains and losses, the determination of
which is not practicable due to the complexities associated with the hypothetical calculation. LONG- TERM DEBT
COVENANTS Our credit facilities contain customary covenants that, among other things, impose limitations on indebtedness;
liens; mergers, consolidations, liquidations and dissolutions; dispositions, restricted debt payments, restricted payments and
transactions with affiliates. Events of default in these credit facilities include, among others, failure to pay interest, principal and
fees when due; breach of a covenant or warranty; acceleration of or failure to pay other debt in excess of a threshold amount;
unpaid judgments in excess of a threshold amount, insolvency matters; and a change of control. The credit facilities require us to
comply with a financial covenant to be tested quarterly, consisting of a maximum first-lien leverage ratio of 5.0 times. The
ratio is calculated by dividing consolidated first lien indebtedness (as defined in the credit agreement) net of consolidated
unrestricted cash as of the measurement date by consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the credit agreement), as measured on a
trailing four-fiscal- quarter basis preceding the measurement date. As of December 31, 2022-2023, our first-lien leverage ratio
was 2. 2-5 times. The indenture, as supplemented, under which the senior notes due 2028 were issued, contains covenants that
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limit, among other things, our ability and that of certain of our subsidiaries to (i) create liens on certain assets; (ii) enter into sale
and leaseback transactions; and (iii) merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of our assets. These covenants are subject
to a number of important exceptions and qualifications. As of December 31, 2022-2023, we were in compliance with the
financial covenants described above. SEASONALITY While the hotel industry is seasonal in nature, periods of higher revenues
vary property- by- property and performance is dependent on location and guest base. Based on historical performance,
revenues from franchise and management contracts are generally higher in the second and third quarters than in the first or
fourth quarters due to increased leisure travel during the spring and summer months. Our cash from operating activities may not
necessarily follow the same seasonality as our revenues and may vary due to timing of working capital requirements and other
investment activities. The seasonality of our business may cause fluctuations in our quarterly operating results, earnings, profit
margins and cash flows. As we expand into new markets and geographical locations, we may experience increased or different
seasonality dynamics that create fluctuations in operating results different from the fluctuations we have experienced in the past.
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES We are involved in claims, legal and regulatory proceedings and governmental
inquiries related to our business. Litigation is inherently unpredictable and, although we believe that our accruals are adequate
and / or that we have valid defenses in these matters, unfavorable results could occur. As such, an adverse outcome from such
proceedings for which claims are awarded in excess of the amounts accrued, if any, could be material to us with respect to
earnings and or cash flows in any given reporting period. As of December 31, 2022 2023, the potential exposure resulting
from adverse outcomes of such legal proceedings could, in the aggregate, range up to approximately $ 3-10 million in excess of
recorded accruals. However, we do not believe that the impact of such litigation should result in a material liability to us in
relation to our financial position or liquidity. For a more detailed description of our commitments and contingencies see Note 15
14 - Commitments and Contingencies to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part IV of this report. CRITICAL
ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND POLICIES In presenting our financial statements in conformity with U. S. GAAP, we are
required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported therein. Several of the estimates and assumptions
we are required to make relate to matters that are inherently uncertain as they pertain to future events. However, events that are
outside of our control cannot be predicted and, as such, they cannot be contemplated in evaluating such estimates and
assumptions. If there is a significant unfavorable change to current conditions, it could result in a material impact to our
consolidated results of operations, financial position and liquidity. We believe that the estimates and assumptions we used when
preparing our financial statements were the most appropriate at that time. Presented below are those accounting policies that we
believe require subjective and complex judgments that could potentially affect reported results. However, the majority of our
business activities are in environments where we are paid a fee for a service performed, and therefore the results of the majority
of our recurring operations are recorded in our financial statements using accounting policies that are not particularly subjective,
nor complex. Impairment of Long- Lived Assets We evaluate Goodwill goodwill is reviewed and other indefinite and
definite long- lived assets for impairment annually <del>(during the fourth quarter of each year subsequent to completing our definited to the completing our definited in the completing our</del>
annual forecasting process), or more frequently if circumstances indicate that the value of an impairment has occurred prior
to our annual assessment date. For goodwill, we may elect be impaired, to the reporting units' carrying values as required
<mark>perform this test through either a qualitative assessment or</mark> by <del>the guidance <mark>utilizing a quantitative impairment test</mark> . <del>This</del></del>
is done either We also evaluate the recoverability of each of our definite-lived intangible assets by performing a qualitative
assessment or utilizing the one-step-to determine if circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred test, with an
impairment being recognized only where the fair value is less than carrying value. Such In any given year, we can elect to
perform a qualitative assessment assessments require management judgement and include to determine whether it is more
likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is in excess of its carrying value. If it is not more likely than not that the fair
value is in excess of the carrying value, or we elect to bypass the qualitative assessment, we would use the one-step impairment
test. The qualitative factors evaluated include such as macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, cost
factors, overall financial performance, our historical share price as well as other industry-specific considerations. Application
We also determine whether the carrying values of a quantitative impairment assessment of our goodwill and other
indefinite-lived intangible assets are impaired on an annual basis or more frequently if indicators of potential impairment exist.
Application of the other indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment test requires judgment in the assumptions underlying the
approach-used to determine fair value. The fair value of goodwill and each other indefinite- lived intangible asset is estimated
using a discounted cash flow methodology. This analysis requires significant judgments, including estimation of future cash
flows, which are dependent on internal forecasts, discount rates and to a lesser extent, estimation of long-term rates of growth.
The estimates used to calculate the fair value of our goodwill and other indefinite- lived intangible assets change from year to
year based on operating results and market conditions. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could materially affect the
determination of such fair value and the other indefinite- lived intangible assets' impairment. We also evaluate the
recoverability of each of our definite-lived intangible assets by performing a qualitative assessment to determine if
circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred. If such circumstances exist, we perform a quantitative assessment
by comparing the respective carrying value of the assets to the expected future cash flows, on an undiscounted basis, to be
generated from such assets. We also evaluate the recoverability of our other long-lived assets, including property and
equipment, if circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred, pursuant to guidance for impairment or disposal of long-
lived assets. This analysis is performed by comparing the respective carrying-values of the assets to the current and expected
future eash flows, on an undiscounted basis, to be generated from such assets. Property and equipment is evaluated separately
within each segment. If such analysis indicates that the carrying value of these assets is not recoverable, the carrying value of
such assets is reduced to fair value. Loyalty Program We operate the Wyndham Rewards loyalty program. Wyndham Rewards
members primarily accumulate points by staying in hotels operated under one of our brands and . Wyndham Rewards members
may also accumulate points by purchasing everyday services and products with their Wyndham Rewards co-branded credit
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card. We earn revenue <mark>related to the issuance of these loyalty points</mark> from these programs <del>(i) when a member stays at a</del>
participating hotel or club resort or vacation rental from a fee charged by us to the property owner or manager, which is based
upon a percentage of room revenues generated from such stay which we recognize, net of redemptions, over time based upon
loyalty point redemption patterns, including an estimate of loyalty points that will expire or will never be redeemed, and (ii)
based upon a percentage of the member's spending on the Wyndham Rewards co-branded credit cards for which revenues are
paid to us by a third-party issuing bank which we primarily recognize over time based upon the redemption patterns of the
loyalty points earned under the program, including an estimate of loyalty points that will expire or will never be redeemed. As
members earn points through the Wyndham Rewards loyalty program, we record a liability for the estimated future redemption
costs, which is calculated based on (i) an estimated cost per point and (ii) an estimated redemption rate of the overall points
earned, which is determined with the assistance of a third-party actuarial firm through historical experience, current trends and
the use of an actuarial analysis. The estimated cost per point and estimated redemption rate used in the determination of
the liability for the estimated future redemption costs require management judgement. Changes in the estimated cost per
point and / or the estimated redemption rate used in the determination of the liability could result in a material change to
the liability recorded and our results of operations. Income Taxes We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities based on
the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities using currently
enacted tax rates. We regularly review our deferred tax assets to assess their potential realization and establish a valuation
allowance for portions of such assets that we believe will not be ultimately realized. In performing this review, we make
estimates and assumptions regarding projected future taxable income, the expected timing of the reversals of existing temporary
differences and the implementation of tax planning strategies. A change in these assumptions may increase or decrease our
valuation allowance resulting in an increase or decrease in our effective tax rate, which could materially impact our results of
operations. For tax positions we have taken or expect to take in our tax return, we apply a more likely than not threshold, under
which we must conclude a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained, assuming that the position will be examined by
the appropriate taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information, in order to recognize or continue to
recognize the benefit. In determining our provision for income taxes, we use judgment, reflecting our estimates and assumptions,
in applying the more likely than not threshold. A change in the assumptions and estimates utilized could materially impact
our results of operations. RECENTLY ADOPTED AND NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS For a detailed
description of recently adopted and new accounting pronouncements see Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to
the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part IV of this report. OFF- BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS There
were no off- balance sheet transactions, arrangements or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons in
2023, 2022, and 2021 and 2020 that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on our financial condition,
revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources. Item 7A. Quantitative and
Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk. We use various financial instruments, including interest swap contracts, to reduce
the interest rate risk related to our debt. We also use foreign currency forwards to manage and reduce the foreign currency
exchange rate risk associated with our foreign currency denominated receivables and payables, forecasted royalties, forecasted
earnings and cash flows of foreign subsidiaries and other transactions. We are exclusively an end user of these instruments,
which are commonly referred to as derivatives. We do not engage in trading, market making or other speculative activities in the
derivatives markets. More detailed information about these financial instruments is provided in Note 14-13 - Fair Value to the
Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part IV of this report. Our principal market exposures are interest rate and
currency exchange rate risks. We assess our exposures to changes in interest rates utilizing a sensitivity analysis. The sensitivity
analysis measures the potential impact in earnings, fair values and cash flows based on a hypothetical 10 % change (increase and
decrease) in interest rates. Our variable- rate borrowings, which include our term loan, a portion of which has been swapped to a
fixed interest rate, and any borrowings we make under our revolving credit facility, expose us to risks caused by fluctuations in
the applicable interest rates. The total outstanding balance of such variable- rate borrowings, net of swaps, was $ 444-583
million as of December 31, 2022-2023. A hypothetical 10 % change in our effective weighted average interest rate on our
variable- rate borrowings would result in a $ 2-3 million increase or decrease to our annual long- term debt interest expense, and
a one-point change in the underlying interest rates would result in approximately a $ 46 million increase or decrease in our
annual interest expense. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses
and other current liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these assets and liabilities. We
have foreign currency rate exposure to exchange rate fluctuations worldwide, particularly with respect to the Canadian Dollar,
the Chinese Yuan, the Euro, the Brazilian Real, British Pound and the Argentine Peso. We anticipate that such foreign
currency exchange rate risk will remain a market risk exposure for the foreseeable future. We use a current market pricing model
to assess the changes in the value of our foreign currency derivatives used by us to hedge underlying exposure that primarily
consists of our non-functional-currency current assets and liabilities. The primary assumption used in these models is a
hypothetical 10 % weakening or strengthening of the U. S. dollar against all our currency exposures as of December 31, 2022
2023. The gains and losses on the hedging instruments are largely offset by the gains and losses on the underlying assets,
liabilities or expected cash flows. As of December 31, 2022 2023, the absolute notional amount of our outstanding foreign
exchange hedging instruments was $ 182-153 million. We have determined through such analyses, that a hypothetical 10 %
change in foreign currency exchange rates would have resulted in approximately and a H1-1 million increase or decrease to the
fair value of our outstanding forward foreign currency exchange contracts, which would generally be offset by an opposite effect
on the underlying exposure being economically hedged. Argentina is considered to be a highly inflationary economy. As of
December 31, <del>2022 2023</del>, we had total net assets of $ 2-1 million in Argentina. Our total market risk is influenced by a wide
variety of factors including the volatility present within the markets and the liquidity of the markets. There are certain
limitations inherent in the sensitivity analyses presented. While probably the most meaningful analysis, these "shock tests" are
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constrained by several factors, including the necessity to conduct the analysis based on a single point in time and the inability to
include the complex market reactions that normally would arise from the market shifts modeled. Item 8. Financial Statements
and Supplementary Data. The financial statements required to be filed pursuant to this Item 8 are appended to this Annual
Report on Form 10- K. A list of the financial statements filed herewith is found in Part IV, Item 15 commencing on page F-1
hereof. Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure. Item 9A. Controls and
Procedures. Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Our management, with the participation of our principal executive and
principal financial officers, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in
Rule 13a-15 (e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period
covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our principal executive and principal financial officers have concluded that, as
of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective and operating to provide reasonable assurance
that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded,
processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC, and to provide
reasonable assurance that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal
executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management'
s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining
adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rule 13a- 15 (f) under the Exchange Act. Our management
assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022-2023. In making this
assessment, management used the criteria established in Internal Control- Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the
Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on this assessment, our management
believes that, as of December 31, <del>2022</del> 2023, our internal control over financial reporting is effective. Our independent
registered public accounting firm has issued an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial
reporting, which is included within their audit opinion on page F-2. There have been no changes in our internal control over
financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a- 15 (f) under the Exchange Act) during the most recent fiscal quarter to
which this report relates that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over
financial reporting. Item 9B. Other Information. Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections.
Not Applicable. PART III Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance. Except as otherwise disclosed in
Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10- K under the caption "Information About Our Executive Officers", the information
required by this item is included in the Proxy Statement for our 2023-2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and is incorporated
by reference in this report. Item 11. Executive Compensation. The information required by this item is included in the Proxy
Statement under the captions "Compensation of Directors", "2023 Director Compensation Table", "Executive
Compensation" and "Committees of the Board" and is incorporated by reference in this report. Item 12. Security Ownership of
Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters. Equity compensation plan information as of
December 31, 2022-2023: Plan CategoryNumber of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants
and RightsWeighted- Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and RightsNumber of Securities Remaining
Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in the First Column) Equity
compensation plans approved by security holders 2. 6-7 million (a) $ 55. 90-89 (b) 5-4. 2-8 million (c) Equity compensation
plans not approved by security holdersNoneNot applicableNot applicable (a) Consists of shares issuable upon exercise of stock
settled stock options, restricted stock units, deferred stock units and performance vested restricted stock units at the maximum
achievement level under the 2018 Equity and Incentive Plan. (b) Consists of weighted- average exercise price of outstanding
stock settled stock options. (c) Consists of shares available for future grants under the 2018 Equity and Incentive Plan. The
remaining information required by this item is included in the Proxy Statement under the caption "Ownership of Company
Stock" and is incorporated by reference in this report. Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director
Independence. The information required by this item is included in the Proxy Statement under the captions "Related Party
Transactions" and "Governance of the Company" and is incorporated by reference in this report. Item 14. Principal
Accountant Fees and Services. The information required by this item is included in the Proxy Statement under the captions "
Disclosure About Fees "and "Pre-Approval of Audit and Non-Audit Services" and is incorporated by reference in this report.
PART IV Item 15. Exhibit and Financial Statement Schedules. Item 15-(a) (1) Financial Statements. See Financial Statements
and Financial Statements Index commencing on page F-1 hereof. Item 15-(a) (3) Exhibits. See Exhibit Index commencing on
page G-1 hereof. Item 16. Form 10- K Summary. SIGNATURES Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15 (d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned,
thereunto duly authorized. WYNDHAM HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. By: /s/GEOFFREY A. BALLOTTIGeoffrey A.
BallottiPresident and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) Date: February <del>16-</del>15 , <del>2023-</del>2024 Pursuant to the
requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of
the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. SignatureTitleDate / s / GEOFFREY A. BALLOTTIPresident,
Chief Executive Officer and DirectorFebruary 16-15 , 2023Geoffrey-2024Geoffrey A. Ballotti (Principal Executive Officer) / s /
MICHELE ALLENChief Financial OfficerFebruary <del>16-</del><mark>15</mark> , <del>2023Michele <mark>2024Michele</mark> A</del>llen (Principal Financial Officer) / s /
NICOLA ROSSIChief Accounting OfficerFebruary <del>16-<mark>15</del> , <del>2023Nicola <mark>2024Nicola</mark> R</del>ossi (Principal Accounting Officer) / s /</del></mark>
STEPHEN P. HOLMESNon- Executive Chairman of the Board of DirectorsFebruary <del>16-<mark>15</mark> , <del>2023Stephen-</del>2024Stephen</mark> P.</del>
Holmes / s / MYRA J. BIBLOWITDirectorFebruary <del>16-<mark>15</del> , <del>2023Myra-</del>2024Myra J</del>. Biblowit / s / JAMES E.</del></mark>
BUCKMANDirectorFebruary <del>16-</del>15 , <del>2023James <mark>2024James</mark> E</del>. Buckman / s / BRUCE B. CHURCHILLDirectorFebruary <del>16</del>
<mark>15</mark> , <del>2023Bruce <mark>2024Bruce</mark> B</del>. Churchill / s / MUKUL DEORASDirectorFebruary <del>16-<mark>15</mark> , <del>2023Mukul <mark>2024Mukul</del> D</del>eoras / s /</del></del></mark>
RONALD L. NELSONDirectorFebruary <del>16-<mark>15</del> , <del>2023Ronald <mark>2024Ronald</mark> L</del>. Nelson / s / PAULINE D. E.</del></mark>
RICHARDSDirectorFebruary <del>16-<mark>15</del> , <del>2023Pauline <mark>2024Pauline</mark> D</del>. E. Richards INDEX TO ANNUAL CONSOLIDATED</del></mark>
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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PageReport of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID No. 34) F-2Consolidated Statements of Income <mark>IncomeF / (Loss) F-- 4Consolidated Comprehensive Income <mark>IncomeF / (Loss) F--</mark></mark> 5Consolidated Balance SheetsF- 6Consolidated Statements of Cash FlowsF- 7Consolidated Statements of EquityF- 8Notes to Consolidated Financial StatementsF-9 REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and subsidiaries (the " Company ") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021, the related consolidated statements of income (loss), comprehensive income (loss), equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2022-2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "" financial statements""). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022-2023, based on criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2022 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022-2023, based on criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013) issued by COSO. Basis for Opinions The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures to respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions. Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company: (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Critical Audit Matter The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current- period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates. Deferred Revenues and Liability - Wyndham Rewards Loyalty Program - Refer to Notes 2 and 3 to the financial statements Critical Audit Matter Description The Company operates the Wyndham Rewards loyalty program under which members earn points that can be redeemed for free nights or other rewards. Wyndham Rewards members primarily accumulate points by staying at a participating hotel, club resort, or vacation rental or by making purchases with their Wyndham Rewards co-branded credit card. Revenues related to the issuance of loyalty points are recognized net of redemptions over time based upon loyalty point redemption patterns, including an estimate of loyalty points that will expire or will never be redeemed. In addition, the Company records a liability for estimated future redemption costs of outstanding loyalty points. The Company estimates the value of the deferred revenues and related liability (collectively referred to as the "liability") related to the loyalty program based on (i) an estimated cost per point and (ii) an estimated redemption rate of the overall points earned, which is determined with the assistance of a third-party actuarial firm through historical experience, current trends and the use of an actuarial analysis, and includes an estimate of the points that will expire or will never be redeemed. Changes in the estimated cost per point and / or the

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estimated redemption rate used in the determination of the liability could result in a material change to the amount of liability
reported. We identified the estimated cost per point and the estimated redemption rate used in the determination of the liability
as a critical audit matter because of the significant judgments made by management to estimate the cost per point and the
redemption rate. This required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of effort, including the involvement of
our actuarial specialists, when performing audit procedures to evaluate the reasonableness of management's estimates and
assumptions related to the selection of the estimated cost per point and the estimated redemption rate. How the Critical Audit
Matter Was Addressed in the Audit Our audit procedures related to the estimated cost per point and estimated redemption rate
used in the determination of the liability included the following, among others: • We tested the effectiveness of the controls
related to the liability, including those over the estimate of the cost per point and the estimate of the redemption rate. • We
evaluated the assumptions used by management to estimate the cost per point by: Testing the underlying data that served as the
inputs for the historical cost per point, including historical redemptions. Obscussing with management the assumptions used in
the Company's estimated future cost per point and evaluating the reasonableness by comparing the projections to (1) forecasted
information included in industry reports, and (2) trends in Wyndham Rewards member behavior. • Comparing management's
prior- year estimated cost per point to actual redemptions during the current year to identify potential bias in the determination
of the liability. • Evaluating whether the assumptions used by management to estimate the cost per point were consistent with
evidence obtained in other areas of the audit. • We evaluated the assumptions used by management to estimate the redemption
rate by: o Testing the underlying data that served as the inputs for the actuarial analysis of the estimated redemption rate,
including earnings and redemptions. • Evaluating whether any approved changes to the Wyndham Rewards loyalty program
have been appropriately considered in the actuarial analysis of the estimated redemption rate. • Comparing management's prior-
year estimated redemption rate to actual redemptions during the current year to identify potential bias in the determination of the
liability. • With the assistance of our actuarial specialists, we developed a range of independent estimates of the liability,
utilizing the same underlying data tested above, and compared our estimates to management's estimates. / s / Deloitte & Touche
LLP New York, New York February <del>16-</del>15, <del>2023-</del>2024 We have served as the Company's auditor since 2017. F- 3
WYNDHAM HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME / (LOSS) (In millions, except per
share amounts) Year Ended December 31, <del>202220212020Net 202320222021Net r</del>evenuesRoyalties and franchise fees $ 532 $
512 $ 461 <del>$ 328</del>-Marketing, reservation and <del>loyalty544 <mark>loyalty578 544</del> 4</mark>68 <del>370</del>-Management and other <del>fees57 fees14 57 117 64</del></del>
License and other <del>fees100 <mark>fees112 100</mark> 7</del>9 <del>84 Other141 <mark>Other148 141</mark> 120 <del>104 F</del>ee- related and other revenues1, <mark>384 1,</mark> 354 1,</del>
245 <del>950Cost <mark>Cost reimbursements144 reimbursements13 144</mark> 320 <del>350</del> Net revenues1, 397 1, 498 1, 565 <del>1, 300</del></del>
ExpensesMarketing, reservation and <del>loyalty524 <mark>loyalty569 524</mark> 450 <del>419 Operating106 <mark>Operating94 106</del> 132 <del>109 G</del>eneral and</del></del></mark>
administrative123 - administrative130 123 113 116 Cost reimbursements144 reimbursements13 144 320 350 Depreciation
and amortization77 amortization76 77 95 Transaction-related 98 Gain on asset sale, net net11 (35) — Separation-
related 1 1 3 2 Impairments Gain on asset sale, net — 6 206 Restructuring (35) — Impairments — 34 Transaction related,
          12-6 Total expenses940- expenses894 940 1, 119 1, 346-Operating income-income503 / (loss) 558 446 (46) Interest
expense, net80-net102 80 93 112-Early extinguishment of debt2 debt3 2 18 —Income /(loss)-before income taxes476
taxes398 476 335 (158) Provision for /(benefit from) income taxes121 taxes109 121 91 (26) Net income $ 289 /(loss) $ 355 $
244 <del>$ (132)</del> Earnings <del>/ (loss)</del> per shareBasic $ 3. <mark>43 $ 3.</mark> 93 $ 2. 61 <del>$ (1. 42)</del> Diluted3 . 41 3 . 91 2. 60 <del>(1. 42)</del> See Notes to
Consolidated Financial Statements. F- 4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (LOSS) (In
millions) Year Ended December 31, <del>202220212020Net</del> 20232022021Net income $ 289 / (loss) $ 355 $ 244 <del>$ (132)</del> Other
comprehensive income / (loss), net of taxForeign currency translation adjustments adjustments (5) — 3-Unrealized (losses)
gains <del>/ (losses)</del> on cash flow hedges58 -- hedges (31) 58 37 (28) Other comprehensive (loss) / income <del>/ (loss)</del>, net of tax53 --
tax (19) 53 37 <del>(25)</del> Comprehensive income <mark>$ 270 / (loss)</mark> $ 408 $ 281 <del>$ (157)</del> See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
F- 5 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2022December 2023December 31, 2021AssetsCurrent
2022AssetsCurrent assets: Cash and cash equivalents $ 66 $ 161 <del>$ 171</del>Trade receivables, net234 net241 246 234 Prepaid
expenses59 expenses27 51 59 Other current assets91 - assets39 91 98 Assets held for sale — 154 Total current assets545 720
assets373 545 Property and equipment, net99 106 net88 99 Goodwill1, 525 1, 525 Trademarks, net1, 232 1, 202 232 Franchise
agreements and other intangibles, net374- net347 473-374 Other non- current assets348- assets468 243-348 Total assets $ 4,
033 $ 4, 123 $ 4, 269 Liabilities and stockholders' equityCurrent liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt $ 37 $ 20 $ 21
Accounts <del>payable39</del>-payable32 31-39 Deferred <del>revenues83-revenues91 70-83</del> Accrued expenses and other current <del>liabilities264</del>
liabilities299 264 258 Liabilities held for sale — 17-Total current liabilities406 liabilities459 397-406 Long-term debt2, 164 2,
057 <del>2, 063</del>-Deferred income taxes345-taxes325 366-345 Deferred revenues164 revenues167 165-164 Other non-current
liabilities 189 liabilities 172 189 Total liabilities 3, 287 3, 161 3, 180 Commitments and contingencies (Note 15-14)
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, $ 0.01 par value, authorized 6.0 shares, none issued and outstanding — — Common
stock, $ 0. 01 par value, 102. 1 and 101. 6 and 101. 3 issued at December 31, 2023 and 2022 20221 and 20211 1 Treasury
stock, at cost – 20. 7 and 15. 2 and 9. 0 shares at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021 (1, 361) (964) (519-) Additional paid-
in capital1, 599 1, 569 1, 543-Retained carnings 318 carnings 488 79-318 Accumulated other comprehensive income income 19 /
(loss) 38 (15) Total stockholders' equity962 - equity746 962 1, 089 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity $ 4, 033 $ 4, 123 $
4, 269 See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. F- 6 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Year
Ended December 31, <del>202220212020Operating ----</del> 202320222021Operating activitiesNet income $ 289 / (loss) $ 355 $ 244 $
(132) Adjustments to reconcile net income / (loss) to net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and
amortization77 amortization76 77 95 Provision for 98 (Recovery of) / provision for (recovery of) doubtful accounts
accounts3 (2) 21 37-Impairments, net — 6 209-Deferred income taxes (17) (39) (1) (23-) Stock- based compensation33
<mark>compensation39 33</mark> 28 <del>21</del> Gain on asset sale, net <mark>—</mark> (35) —— Loss on early extinguishment of <del>debt2-<mark>debt3 2</mark> 18 —</del>Net
change in assets and liabilities: Trade receivables 16--- receivables (10) 16 25 (38) Prepaid expenses expenses (6) (9) 3-Other
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current assets-assets37 (3) (45) 1-Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities14-- liabilities (4) 14 39 (46)
Deferred revenues 22 revenues 10 22 16 (54) Payments of development advance notes (73) (52) (32) (17) Proceeds from
development advance notes4 notes1 4 2 1-Other, net13 net17 13 19 7-Net cash provided by operating activities399 activities376
399 426 67-Investing activitiesProperty and equipment additions (37) (39) (37) (39) Acquisition of hotel brand (44)
Loan advances (29) — Loan advances repayments — — (1) Loan repayments — 3-3 Proceeds from asset sales, net263
net — 263 — Other, net — (1) — Net cash (used in) / provided by / (used in) investing activities 179 --- activities (66) 179
(34) (31) Financing activities Proceeds from borrowings 400 borrowings 1, 378 400 45 1, 244 Principal payments on long-term
debt (1, 245) (404) (574) (760) Finance lease payments (5) (5) (5) Debt issuance costs (10) (4) — (10) Dividends to
stockholders (118) (116) (82) (53-) Repurchases of common stock (393) (448) (107) (50) Exercise of stock options
— 4 17 — Net share settlement of incentive equity awards (9) (11) (7) (4) Other, net — 1 Net cash (used in ) / provided by
financing activities (402) (584) (713) 363-Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (3)
(4) (1) —Net (decrease) / increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (95) (10) (322) 399-Cash, cash equivalents and
restricted cash, beginning of period171-period161 171 493 94-Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period $ 66 $
161 $ 171 $ 493-See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. F- 7 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
Common Shares OutstandingCommon StockTreasuryStockAdditional Paid- in CapitalRetained Earnings / (Accumulated
Deficit) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) Total EquityBalance as of December 31, 201994-202093 $ 1 $ (
\frac{363}{408}, $1, 488 $113 $(27)...... 202093 1(408) 1, 504 $(82) $(52) $963 Net income — — — 244 — 244 Other
comprehensive income — — — — 37 37 Dividends — — — (83) — (83) Repurchase of common stock (2) — (110) —
— (110) Net share settlement of incentive equity awards — — (7) — (7) Change in deferred compensation — —
28 — — 28 Exercise of stock options — — 17 — — 17 Issuance of shares for restricted stock units vesting 1 — — — —
— Other — — (1) 1 — — Balance as of December 31, 202192 1 (519) 1, 543 79 (15) 1, 089 Net income — — — — 355 —
355 Other comprehensive income — — — 53 53 Dividends — — — (116) — (116) Repurchase of common stock (6)
— (445) — — (445) Net share settlement of incentive equity awards — — (11) — (11) Change in deferred compensation — — 33 — — 33 Exercise of stock options — — 4 — — 4 Balance as of December 31, 202286 $-1 $
(964) $-1,569 $-318 $-38 $-962 Net income — — — 289 — 289 Other comprehensive loss — — — — (25-19) (25-19)
) Dividends — — — ( <del>53</del> <del>119</del> ) — ( <del>53</del> <del>119</del> ) Repurchase of common stock ( 1 <del>5</del> ) — ( <del>45</del> <del>397</del> ) — — — ( <del>45</del> <del>397</del> ) Net share
settlement of incentive equity awards — — — (49) — — (49) Change in deferred compensation — — — 21 38 — — 38 21
Cumulative effect of change in accounting standard — (10)—(10)—Other — — (1)—(1)—Balance as of
December 31, <del>202093</del> 202381 $ 1 $ ( <del>408)</del> 1, 361) $ 1,599 $ 488 $ 19 $ 746 See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. F-
8 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION Wyndham Hotels & Resorts,
Inc. (collectively with its consolidated subsidiaries, "Wyndham Hotels" or the "Company") is a leading global hotel
franchisor, licensing its renowned hotel brands to hotel owners in over 95 countries around the world. The Consolidated
Financial Statements have been prepared on a stand- alone basis. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the Company'
s assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and cash flows and all entities in which it has a controlling financial interest. The
accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally
accepted in the United States of America ("U. S. GAAP"). All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in
the Consolidated Financial Statements. In presenting the Consolidated Financial Statements, management makes estimates and
assumptions that affect the amounts reported and related disclosures. Estimates, by their nature, are based on judgment and
available information. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. In management's opinion, the
Consolidated Financial Statements contain all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of annual results
reported. Business Description - Wyndham Hotel Hotels ' primary segment is hotel Franchising franchising — licenses
<mark>which principally consists of licensing</mark> the Company's lodging brands and <del>provides providing</del> related services to third- party
hotel owners and others. In the first quarter of 2023, the Company changed the composition of its reportable segments to
reflect the recent changes in its Hotel Management segment due to the exit from the select- service management business,
the sale of its two owned hotels and the exit from substantially all of its U. S. full-service management business in 2022.
The remaining hotel management business, which is predominately the full-service international managed business, no
longer meets the quantitative thresholds to be considered a reportable segment and as a result, the Company has
<mark>aggregated, on a prospective basis, such management business within its Hotel Franchising segment</mark>. 2. SUMMARY OF
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Principles of Consolidation When evaluating an entity for consolidation, the
Company first determines whether an entity is within the scope of the guidance for consolidation of variable interest entities ("
VIEs") and if it is deemed to be a VIE. If the entity is considered to be a VIE, the Company determines whether it would be
considered the entity's primary beneficiary. The Company consolidates those VIEs for which it has determined that it is the
primary beneficiary. The Company will consolidate an entity not deemed a VIE upon a determination that it has a controlling
financial interest. For entities where the Company does not have a controlling financial interest, the investments in such entities
are classified as available- for- sale securities or accounted for using the equity or cost method, as appropriate. Use of Estimates
and Assumptions The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements requires the Company to make estimates and
assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets
and liabilities in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates and assumptions are
based on the Company's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, actual results may ultimately
differ from estimates and assumptions. Revenue Recognition The principal source of revenues from franchising hotels is
ongoing royalty, marketing and reservation fees, which are typically a percentage of gross room revenues of each franchised
hotel. For a more detailed description of revenue recognition see Note 3- Revenue Recognition. The Company operates the
Wyndham Rewards loyalty program. Loyalty members primarily accumulate points by staying in hotels operated under one of
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the Company's brands. Wyndham Rewards members may also accumulate points by purchasing everyday services and products with their Wyndham Rewards co-branded credit card. The Company earns revenue from these programs (i) when a member stays at a participating hotel or club resort or vacation rental from a fee charged by the Company to the property owner or manager, which is based upon a percentage of room revenues generated from such stay which the Company recognizes, net of redemptions, over time based upon loyalty point redemption patterns, including an estimate of loyalty points that will expire or will never be redeemed, and (ii) based upon a percentage of the member's spending on the Wyndham Rewards co-branded credit cards for which revenues are paid to the Company by a third-party issuing bank which the Company primarily recognizes over time based upon the redemption patterns of the loyalty points earned under the program, including an estimate of loyalty points that will expire or will never be redeemed. As members earn points through the loyalty program, the Company records a liability for the estimated future redemption costs, which is calculated based on (i) an estimated cost per point and (ii) an estimated redemption rate of the overall points earned, which is determined with the assistance of a third-party actuarial firm through historical experience, current trends and the use of an actuarial analysis. The Company estimates the value of the future redemption obligations by projecting the timing of future point redemptions based on historical levels, including an estimate of the points that will expire or never be redeemed, and an estimate of the points members will eventually redeem. The recorded liability related to the program totals \$ 117 million and \$ 118 million and \$ 109 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021, respectively, of which \$ 75 million and \$ 74 million and \$ 67 million, respectively, are included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities, and \$ 42 million and \$ 44 million and \$ 42 million, respectively, are included in other non-current liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Cash and Cash Equivalents The Company considers highly-liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Valuation of Accounts Receivable The Company measures the expected credit losses of its receivables on a collective (pool) basis which aggregates receivables with similar risk characteristics and uses historical collection attrition rates for periods ranging from seven to ten years to estimate its expected credit losses. For a more detailed description of the valuation of accounts receivable see Note 5-Accounts Receivable. Advertising Expense Advertising costs are expensed in the period incurred. Advertising expenses, which are primarily recorded within marketing and reservation expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Income /(Loss), were § 127 million, \$ 124 million, and \$ 85 million and \$ 57 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021 and 2020, respectively. Property and Equipment Property and equipment (including leasehold improvements) are recorded at cost - and presented net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation, recorded as a component of depreciation and amortization on the Consolidated Statements of Income / (Loss), is calculated utilizing the straight-line method over the lesser of the lease terms or estimated useful lives of the related assets. Amortization of leasehold improvements, also recorded as a component of depreciation and amortization, is calculated utilizing the straight-line method over the lesser of the estimated benefit period of the related assets or the lease terms. Useful lives are generally up to 20 years for leasehold improvements and from three to seven years for furniture, fixtures and equipment. The Company capitalizes the costs of software developed for internal use in accordance with the guidance for accounting for costs of computer software developed or obtained for internal use. Capitalization of software developed for internal use commences during the development phase of the project. The Company amortizes software developed or obtained for internal use on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life, which is generally three to five years. Such amortization commences when the software is substantially ready for its intended use. The net carrying value of software developed or obtained for internal use was \$ <mark>47 million and \$</mark> 56 million and \$ 52 million as of December 31, <mark>2023</mark> and 2022 , respectively. Depreciation expense on capitalized software developed or obtained for F- 10 internal use was \$ 40 million, \$ 37 million and \$ 33 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. which is reported within depreciation and amortization on the Consolidated Statements of Income. Goodwill is reviewed annually (during the fourth quarter of each year subsequent to completing the Company's annual forecasting process), or more frequently if circumstances indicate that the value of goodwill may be impaired, to the reporting units' carrying values as required by the guidance. This is done either by performing a qualitative assessment or utilizing the F-10 one-step impairment test, with an impairment being recognized only where the fair value is less than carrying value. In any given year, the Company can elect to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is in excess of its carrying value. If it is not more likely than not that the fair value is in excess of the carrying value, or the Company elects to bypass the qualitative assessment, the Company would use the one- step impairment test. The qualitative factors evaluated include macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, cost factors, overall financial performance, its historical share price as well as other industry- specific considerations. The Company performed its annual quantitative assessment for impairment on each reporting unit's goodwill as of October 1, 2022-2023 and determined that no impairments existed and that it was more likely than not that the fair value of its reporting units continued to substantially exceed their carrying values. The Company also determines whether the carrying values of other indefinite-lived intangible assets are impaired on an annual basis or more frequently if indicators of potential impairment exist. Application of the other indefinite- lived intangible assets impairment test requires judgment in the assumptions underlying the approach-used to determine fair value. The fair value of each other indefinite-lived intangible asset is estimated using a discounted cash flow methodology. This analysis requires significant judgments, including estimation of future cash flows, which are dependent on internal forecasts, discount rates and to a lesser extent, estimation of long-term rates of growth. The estimates used to calculate the fair value of other indefinite- lived intangible assets change from year to year based on operating results and market conditions. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could materially affect the determination of fair value and the other indefinite- lived intangible assets' impairment. The Company performed its annual quantitative assessment for impairment on its indefinite-lived intangible assets as of October 1, 2022-2023 and determined that no impairments existed and that it was more likely than not that the fair value of its indefinite-lived intangible assets continued to exceed their carrying values. The Company also evaluates the recoverability of each of its definite-lived intangible assets by performing a qualitative assessment

to determine if circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred. If such circumstances exist, the Company performs a quantitative assessment by comparing the respective carrying value of the assets to the expected future cash flows, on an undiscounted basis, to be generated from such assets. The Company also evaluates the recoverability of its other long-lived assets, including property and equipment, if circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred, pursuant to guidance for impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. This analysis is performed by comparing the respective carrying values of the assets to the current and expected future cash flows, on an undiscounted basis, to be generated from such assets. If such analysis indicates that the carrying value of these assets is not recoverable, the carrying value of such assets is reduced to fair value. Business Combinations The Company accounts for business combinations in accordance with the guidance for business combinations and related literature. Accordingly, the Company allocates the purchase price of acquired companies to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values at the date of purchase. The difference between the purchase price and the fair value of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. In determining the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination, the Company uses various recognized valuation methods including present value modeling and referenced market values, where available. Further, the Company makes assumptions within certain valuation techniques including discount rates and timing of future cash flows. Valuations are performed by management or external valuation specialists under management's supervision, where appropriate. The Company believes that the estimated fair values assigned to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are based on reasonable assumptions that marketplace participants would use. However, such assumptions are inherently uncertain and actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities using currently enacted tax rates. The Company regularly reviews F-11 its deferred tax assets to assess their potential realization and establishes a valuation allowance for portions of such assets that the Company believes will not be ultimately realized. In performing this review, the Company makes estimates and assumptions regarding projected future taxable income, the expected timing of the reversals of existing temporary differences and the implementation of tax planning strategies. A change in these assumptions may increase or decrease the Company's valuation allowance resulting in an increase or decrease in its effective tax rate, which could materially impact the Company's results of operations. F-11-For tax positions the Company has taken or expects to take in a tax return, it applies a more likely than not threshold, under which the Company must conclude a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained, based on the technical merits, assuming that the position will be examined by the appropriate taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information, in order to recognize or continue to recognize the benefit. In determining the Company's provision for income taxes, the Company uses judgment, reflecting its estimates and assumptions, in applying the more likely than not threshold. The Company accounts for the global intangible low- taxed income provisions under the period cost method. Stock- Based Compensation In accordance with the guidance for stock- based compensation, the Company measures all employee stock-based compensation awards using a fair value method and records the related expense in its Consolidated Statements of Income / (Loss). The Company recognizes the cost of stock- based compensation awards to employees as they provide services, and the expense is recognized ratably over the requisite service period. The requisite service period is the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for an award. Forfeitures are recorded upon the actual employee termination for each outstanding grant. Derivative Instruments The Company uses derivative instruments as part of its overall strategy to manage its exposure to market risks primarily associated with fluctuations in interest rates and currency exchange rates. As a matter of policy, the Company does not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes. All derivatives are recorded at fair value as either assets or liabilities. Changes in fair value of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments and of derivatives designated as fair value hedging instruments are recognized currently in operating income /(loss) and interest expense, net in the Consolidated Statements of Income /(Loss), based upon the nature of the hedged item. The effective portion of changes in fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income /(loss). The ineffective portion is reported immediately in earnings as a component of operating or interest expense, based upon the nature of the hedged item. Amounts included in other comprehensive income /(loss) are reclassified into earnings in the same period during which the hedged item affects earnings. Accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") (loss) consists of accumulated foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gains or losses on the Company's cash flow hedges. Foreign currency translation adjustments exclude income taxes related to indefinite investments in foreign subsidiaries. Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries having non- U. S.dollar functional currencies are translated at exchange rates at the balance sheet dates. Revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates during the periods presented. The gains or losses resulting from translating foreign currency financial statements into U. S. dollars, net of hedging gains or losses and taxes, are included in AOCI on the Consolidated Balance Sheets . Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB ") issued an accounting update, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which is intended to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Upon transition, the segment expense categories and amounts disclosed in the prior periods should be based on the significant segment expense categories identified and disclosed in the period of adoption. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new guidance on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company will adopt the guidance on January 1, 2024, as required. F- 12 In December 2023, the FASB issued an accounting update, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, which modifies the rules on income tax disclosures to require entities to disclose (1) specific categories in the rate reconciliation, (2) the income or loss from continuing operations before income

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tax expense or benefit (separated between domestic and foreign) and (3) income tax expense or benefit from continuing
operations (separated by federal, state and foreign). This update also requires entities to disclose their income tax
payments to international, federal, state and local jurisdictions, among other changes. The guidance is effective for
annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted for annual financial statements that have
not yet been issued or made available for issuance. This update should be applied on a prospective basis, but
retrospective application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new
guidance on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company will adopt the guidance on
January 1, 2025, as required. Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes.
On December 18, 2019, the FASB issued guidance which simplifies the accounting standards for income taxes. The amendment
clarifies and simplifies aspects of the accounting for income taxes to help promote consistent application of GAAP by
eliminating certain exceptions to the general principles of ASC 740, Income Taxes. This guidance is effective for fiscal years
beginning after December 15, 2020 and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company
adopted the guidance on January 1, 2021, as required. There was no material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial
Statements and related disclosures as a result of adopting this new standard . Reference Rate Reform: Facilitation of the Effects
of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting. In March 2020, the FASB issued optional guidance for a limited time to ease
the potential burden in accounting for reference rate reform. The new guidance provides optional expedients and exceptions for
applying U. S. GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain
eriteria are met. The amendments apply only to contracts and hedging relationships that reference LIBOR or another reference
rate expected to be discontinued due to reference rate reform. These amendments are effective immediately and may be applied
prospectively to contract modifications made and hedging relationships entered into or evaluated on or before December 31,
2022. The Company adopted the guidance upon issuance, as required and there was no material impact on its Consolidated
Financial Statements and related disclosures. F-12 Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. In June 2016, the
FASB issued guidance to replace the existing methodology for estimating credit losses with a methodology that reflects lifetime
expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit
loss estimates. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and interim periods within those
fiscal years. The Company adopted the guidance on January 1, 2020, as required using the modified retrospective approach
through a cumulative- effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the effective date to align the Company's current processes
for establishing an allowance for credit losses with the new guidance. See Note 5- Accounts Receivable for the impact of
adoption. Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance which simplifies the
eurrent two- step goodwill impairment test by climinating Step 2 of the test. The guidance requires a one- step impairment test
in which an entity compares the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognizes an impairment charge for
the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, if any. This guidance is effective for fiscal
years beginning after December 15, 2019 and interim periods within those fiscal years, and should be applied on a prospective
basis. The Company adopted the guidance on January 1, 2020, as required and there was no material impact on its Consolidated
Financial Statements and related disclosures. Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing
Arrangement That Is a Service Contract. In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance to address a customer's accounting for
implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement that is a service contract. The guidance aligns the requirements
for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in such arrangements with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs
incurred to develop or obtain internal- use software. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15.
2019 and for interim periods within those fiscal years. This guidance should be applied on either a retrospective or prospective
basis. The Company adopted the guidance on January 1, 2020, as required on a prospective basis and there was no material
impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures., 3. REVENUE RECOGNITION The principal source
of revenues from franchising hotels is ongoing royalty fees, which are typically a percentage of gross room revenues of each
franchised hotel. The Company recognizes royalty fee revenues as and when the underlying sales occur. The Company also
receives non-refundable initial franchise fees, which are recognized as revenues over the initial non-cancellable period of the
franchise agreement, commencing when all material services or conditions have been substantially performed. This occurs when
a hotel opens for business in the Company's system or when a franchise agreement is terminated after it has been determined
that the hotel will not open. The Company's standard franchise agreement typically has a term of 10 to 20 years. Additionally,
the Company recognizes occupancy taxes on a net basis. The Company's franchise agreements also require the payment of
marketing and reservation fees, which are intended to reimburse the Company for expenses associated with operating an
international, centralized reservation system, e- commerce channels such as the Company's brand. com websites, as well as
access to third- party distribution channels, such as online travel agents, advertising and marketing programs, global sales
efforts, operations support, training and other related services. Marketing and reservation fees are recognized as revenue when
the underlying sales occur. The Although the Company is generally contractually obligated to spend the marketing and
reservation fees it collects from franchisees, in accordance with the franchise agreements -, marketing Marketing and
reservations costs are expensed as incurred, which may not occur in the same period as the recognition of marketing and
reservation revenues. The Company earns revenues from its Wyndham Rewards loyalty program when a member stays at a
participating hotel, club resort or vacation rental. These revenues are derived from a fee the Company charges a franchised or
managed hotel based upon a percentage of room revenues generated from a Wyndham Rewards member's stay. These fees are
to reimburse the Company for expenses associated with member redemptions and activities that are related to the administering
and marketing of the program. Revenues related to the loyalty program represent variable consideration and are recognized net
of redemptions over time based upon loyalty point redemption patterns, which include an estimate of loyalty points that will
expire or will never be redeemed. As a result of the negative impact that COVID-19 had on travel demand in 2020, the
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Company's assumptions related to redemptions, including estimated member redemption rate, member redemption pattern, and
the estimated cost to satisfy such redemptions, changed. Accordingly, the Company recognized a $ 16 million cumulative
adjustment, which resulted in an increase to loyalty revenues during the second quarter of 2020. Such increase was included
within marketing, reservation and loyalty and other revenues on the Consolidated Statement of Income / (Loss) for the year
ended December 31, 2020. The Company earns revenue from its Wyndham Rewards co-branded credit card program, which is
primarily generated by cardholder spending and the enrollment of new cardholders. The advance payments received under the
program are recognized as a contract liability. The program primarily contains two performance obligations: (i) brand
performance F-13-services, for which revenue is recognized over the contract term on a straight-line basis, and (ii) issuance and
redemption of loyalty points, for which revenue is recognized over time based upon the redemption patterns of the loyalty points
earned under the program, including an estimate of loyalty points that will expire or will never be redeemed. The Company
provides management services for certain international hotels under management contracts, which offer hotel owners all the
benefits of a global brand and a full range of management, marketing and reservation services. In addition to the standard
franchise services described above, the Company's hotel management business provides hotel owners with professional
oversight and comprehensive operations support services. The Company's standard management agreement typically has a
term of 10 to 20 years. The Company's management fees are comprised of base fees, which are typically a specified percentage
of gross revenues from hotel operations, and, in some cases, incentive fees, which are typically a specified percentage of a hotel'
s gross operating profit. The base fees are recognized when the underlying sales occur and the management services are
performed. Incentive fees are recognized when F-13 determinable, which is when the Company has met hotel operating
performance metrics and the Company has determined that a significant reversal of revenues recognized will not occur. The
Company also recognizes reimbursable payroll costs for operational employees and other reimbursable costs at certain of the
Company's managed hotels as revenue. Although these costs are funded by hotel owners, accounting guidance requires the
Company to report these fees on a gross basis as both revenues and expenses. Additionally, the Company recognizes occupancy
taxes on a net basis. The Company recognizes license and other revenues from Wyndham Worldwide ("former Parent"), now
known as Travel Leisure Co., for use of the "Wyndham" trademark and certain other trademarks. In addition, the Company
earned revenues from its previously two owned hotels (sold in 2022), which consisted primarily of (i) gross room rentals, (ii)
food and beverage services and (iii) on- site spa, casino, golf and shop revenues. These revenues were recognized upon the
completion of services. Deferred revenues, or contract liabilities, generally represent payments or consideration received in
advance for goods or services that the Company has not yet provided to the customer. Deferred revenues as of December 31,
2023 and 2022 and December 31, 2021 are as follows: December 31, <del>2022December 2023December 31, 2021Deferred</del>
2022Deferred initial franchise fee revenues $ 145 \ 143 \ 145 Deferred loyalty program revenues 85 revenues 95 76 85
Deferred co- branded credit card program revenues3 — Deferred other revenues19 revenues15 14-19 Total $ 258 $ 247 $
235 Deferred initial franchise fees represent payments received in advance from prospective franchisees upon the signing of a
franchise agreement and are generally recognized to revenue within 13 years. Deferred loyalty revenues represent the portion of
loyalty program fees charged to franchisees, net of redemption costs, that have been deferred and will be recognized over time
based upon loyalty point redemption patterns. Deferred co- branded credit card program revenue represents payments
received in advance from the Company's co-branded credit card partners, primarily for card member activity, which is
typically recognized within one year. Performance Obligations A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer
a distinct good or service to a customer. The consideration received from a customer is allocated to each distinct performance
obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, each performance obligation is satisfied. The following table summarizes the
Company's remaining performance obligations for the years set forth below: 202320242025 Thereafter Total Initial----
202420252026ThereafterTotalInitial franchise fee revenues $ 15 17 8 8 $ 7 $ 113 $ 143 Loyalty program revenues 4
revenues61 21 8 23 9 2 85 95 Co- branded credit card program revenues3 — — — 3 Other revenues14 revenues10 1 1 3 19
<mark>— 4 15</mark> Total $ <del>83 9</del>1 $ <del>30 32</del> $ 16 $ <del>118-</del>119 $ <del>247-</del>258 Disaggregation of Net Revenues</del> F- 14 <del>Disaggregation of Net</del>
Revenues-The table below presents a disaggregation of the Company's net revenues from contracts with customers by major
services and products for each of the Company's segments: Year Ended December 31, 202220212020Hotel---
202320222021Hotel FranchisingRoyalties Franchising (a) Royalties and franchise fees $ 532 $ 496 $ 436 $ 309-Marketing,
reservation and loyalty543 loyalty578 543 467 369 Management fees14 — License and other fees100 fees112 100 79 84
Cost reimbursements13 — Other 138--- Other (b) 148 138 117 101 Total Hotel Franchising 1, 397 1, 277 1, 099 863 Hotel
ManagementRoyalties and franchise <del>fees16 feesn / a16</del> 25 <del>19 Marketing, reservation and loyalty1 loyaltyn 1/a1</del> 1 Owned
hotel revenues42-revenuesn / a42 82 37-Management fees15-feesn / a15 35 27-Cost reimbursements144-reimbursementsn /
a144 320 <del>350 Other3 Othern 3 / a3</del> 3 Total Hotel Management221 Managementn / a221 466 437 Net revenues $ 1, 397 $ 1,
                                         (a) For 2023, 300 the Hotel Franchising segment includes the former Hotel
Management segment, which is primarily comprised of the Company's remaining international full-service managed
business. (b) The Company's other revenues are primarily related to revenues from its co- branded credit card program
and property management systems. Capitalized Contract Costs The Company incurs certain direct and incremental sales
commissions costs in order to obtain hotel franchise and management contracts. Such costs are capitalized and subsequently
amortized beginning upon hotel opening over the first non-cancellable period of the agreement. In the event an agreement is
terminated prior to the end of the first non-cancellable period, any unamortized cost is immediately expensed. In addition, the
Company also capitalizes costs associated with the sale and installation of property management systems to its franchisees,
which are amortized over the remaining non-cancellable period of the franchise agreement. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022
and December 31, 2021, capitalized contract costs were $ 68 million and $ 34 million and $ 34 million, respectively, of which
$ 4 million for both periods was and $ 5 million, respectively, were included in other current assets, and $ 64 million and $ 30
million and $ 28 million, respectively, were included in other non-current assets on the Company's Consolidated Balance
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Sheets. In addition, as of December 31, 2022, capitalized contract costs of $ 27 million were included in prepaid expenses
on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. F- 15 4. EARNINGS PER SHARE The computation of basic and diluted
earnings /(loss) per share ("EPS") is based on net income /(loss) divided by the basic weighted average number of common
shares and diluted weighted average number of common shares, respectively. The following table sets forth the computation of
basic and diluted EPS (in millions, except per-share data) for the years ended December 31: 202220212020Net
202320222021Net income $ 289 / (loss) $ 355 $ 244 <del>$ (132)</del> Basic weighted average shares outstanding90 outstanding84 . 4
90. 3 93.4 93. 4 Stock options and restricted stock units ("RSUs") (a) 0. 5 0. 5 — 0. 5 Diluted weighted average shares
outstanding 84.9 90. 8 93. 9 93. 4 Earnings / (loss) per share: Basic $ 3. 43 $ 3. 93 $ 2. 61 $ (1. 42) Diluted 3 . 41 3 . 91 2. 60 (1.
42) Dividends: Cash dividends declared per share $ 1. 40 $ 1. 28 $ 0. 88 $ 0. 56 Aggregate dividends paid to stockholders $ 118
$ 116 $ 82 <del>$ 53 (</del>a) <del>Due Diluted shares outstanding exclude shares related to stock options which were immaterial in 2023</del>
and 0. 4 million in 2022. Diluted shares outstanding exclude shares related to RSUs of 0. 4 million and 0. 2 million for
2023 and 2022, respectively. Such options and RSUs were excluded as the their effect would have been anti-dilutive
under effect resulting from the treasury stock method reported net loss for the year ended December 31, 2020, 0, 1 million of
anti-dilutive shares were omitted from the calculation of weighted average shares outstanding for the period. The following
table summarizes stock repurchase activity under the current stock repurchase program (in millions, except per share data):
SharesCostAverage Price Per ShareAs of January 1 December 31, 20219 202215, 0.2 $ 519.964 $ 57.63, 55.32 For the twelve
months ended December 31, <del>20226</del> 20235 . 2 445 71 5 397 72 . 70 25 As of December 31, <del>202215</del> 202320 . 2 7 $ 964 1, 361 $
<del>63-65</del>. <del>32-69</del> The Company had $ <del>436-443</del> million of remaining availability under its program as of December 31, <del>2022-</del>2023.
5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE Allowance for Doubtful Accounts The Company generates trade receivables in the ordinary
course of its business and provides for estimated bad debts on such receivables. The Company adopted the new accounting
guidance, ASU 2016-13, Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments on January 1, 2020. As a result of adopting
the new guidance, the Company recorded a $ 10 million (net of a $ 2 million income tax benefit) cumulative effect adjustment
to retained earnings at January 1, 2020. Since adoption, the Company measures the expected credit losses of its receivables on a
collective (pool) basis which aggregates receivables with similar risk characteristics and uses historical collection attrition rates
for periods ranging from seven to ten years to estimate its expected credit losses. As such, the Company measures the expected
credit losses of its receivables by segment and geographical area. The Beginning January 1, 2020, the Company provides an
estimate of expected credit losses for its receivables immediately upon origination or acquisition and may adjust this estimate in
subsequent reporting periods as required. When the Company determines that an account is not collectible, the account is
written- off to the allowance for doubtful accounts. The Company also considers whether the historical economic conditions are
comparable to current economic conditions. If current or expected future conditions differ from the conditions in effect when
the historical experience was generated, the Company would adjust the allowance for doubtful accounts to reflect the expected
effects of the current environment on the collectability of the Company's trade receivables which may be material. F- 16 The
following table sets forth the activity in the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts on trade accounts receivables for the
years ended: December 31, 2023December 31, 2022December 31, 2<del>021December 31, 2020Beginning</del> balance
$ 64 $ 81 $ 72Provision for 72 $ 47Cumulative effect of change in accounting standard — — 12 (Recovery of) / provision for
(recovery of) doubtful accounts accounts (2) 2137Bad -- 21Bad debt write offs (7) (15) (12) (24) Ending balance $ 60 $ 64
$ 81 <del>$ 72-</del>Notes Receivable As of December 31, <mark>2023 and</mark> 2022 <del>and 2021-</del>, the Company had notes receivable of $ <mark>28 million</mark>
and $ 3 million and $ 4 million , respectively, net of a $ 1 million and $ 3 million allowance for both years , respectively which
is primarily included in other non- current assets on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. For a significant
portion of such notes receivable, the Company has received personal guarantees from the owners of these hotels. In addition, the
Company had $ 15 million and $ 12 million and $ 20 million of notes receivable, which is included in other current assets
on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021, respectively, which are fully
offset by a corresponding amount in deferred revenues. 6. HOTEL BRAND ACQUISITION During September 2022, the
Company completed the acquisition of the Vienna House hotel brand for a total purchase price of $ 44 million. Vienna House's
portfolio consisted of 41 franchised hotels across Europe, predominantly in Germany. This acquisition enables the Company to
grow the Vienna House brand by leveraging its global scale and franchise expertise and is consistent with the Company's
strategy to expand its brand portfolio and total system size. The purchase price was allocated based on the fair value of the
indefinite lived trademark and franchise agreements acquired, which have a 20 year life. The following table summarizes the
fair value of the assets acquired in connection with Wyndham's acquisition of Vienna House: AmountFranchise agreements $
16 Trademark28Total assets acquired $ 44 This asset acquisition was assigned to the Company's Hotel Franchising segment.
The results of operations of Vienna House have been included in the Consolidated Statements of Income since its date of
acquisition. Such results were not material to the Company's results of operations for the three months and year ended
December 31, 2022, F-177, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE During the fourth quarter of 2021, the
Company's Board approved a plan to sell its two owned hotels. In March and May 2022, the Company completed the sale of its
Wyndham Grand Bonnet Creek Resort and Wyndham Grand Rio Mar Resort, respectively, resulting in no assets or liabilities
left held for sale. See Note 18-Other Expenses and Charges for more information on the sales. The Company's Consolidated
Balance Sheets include the following with respect to assets and liabilities held for sale: December 31, 2021Assets: Trade
receivables, net $ 4 Other current assets4 Property and equipment, net146 Total assets held for sale $ 154 Liabilities: Accrued
expenses and other current liabilities $ 8 Deferred revenues6 Other liabilities Total liabilities held for sale $ 17 8. PROPERTY
AND EQUIPMENT, NET Property and equipment, net consisted of: As of December 31, 20222021Leasehold---
20232022Leasehold improvements30 improvements29 30 Capitalized software290-software258 326-290 Furniture, fixtures
and equipment24 32 24 Finance leases64 64 Construction in progress9 progress13 12 9 388 417 464 Less; Accumulated
depreciation 318 depreciation 300 358 318 $ 88 $ 99 $ 106 During the fourth quarter of 2021, the Company's Board approved a
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plan to sell its two owned hotels. As of December 31, 2021 the Company reported $ 146 million of net property and equipment
in assets held for sale on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. In addition, as a result of the Board approval, the Company evaluated
the recoverability of its owned hotels' long-lived assets and in the fourth quarter of 2021, the Company recorded a $ 6 million
impairment charge which was reported within impairments, net on the Consolidated Statement of Income / (Loss). The
Company recorded depreciation expense of $ 49 million, $ 46 million, and $ 57 million, and $ 61 million during 2023, 2022,
and 2021 and 2020, respectively, related to property and equipment. F- <del>18</del> 9-<mark>17 8</mark>. INTANGIBLE ASSETS Intangible assets
consisted of the following: December 31, <del>2022December 2023December 31, 2021Gross 2022Gross Carrying Amount Gross</del>
Amount (a) Gross Carrying AmountAccumulated ImpairmentNet Carrying AmountGoodwill $ 1, 525 $ 1, 539 $ 14-$ 1, 525
December 31, 2022December 2023December 31, 2021Gross Carrying AmountAccumulated AmortizationNet
Carrying AmountGross Carrying AmountAccumulated AmortizationNet Carrying AmountUnamortized intangible assets:
Trademarks $ 1, <mark>232 $ 1,</mark> 231 <del>$ 1, 201</del>-Amortized intangible assets: Franchise agreements $ 913 $ 567 $ 346 $ 913 $ 541 $ 372
<del>$ 895 $ 513 $ 382</del>-Management <del>agreements15</del>-- <mark>agreements1 1 — 15</mark> 14 1 <del>135 44 91 Trademarks1</del>-- <mark>Trademarks — —</mark> — 1
hotels in 2022, the Company derecognized $ 14 million from its gross carrying value and accumulated impairment goodwill
balances. The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reporting unit are as follows: Balance as of January 1-December
31, <del>20212022 and 2021 Adjustments </del>2021Adjustments to GoodwillBalance as of December 31, <del>2022Hotel</del> 2023Hotel
Franchising $ 1, 441 $ — $ 1, 441 Hotel Management84 — 84 Total $ 1, 525 $ — $ 1, 525 Amortization expense relating to
amortizable intangible assets was as follows for the years ended December 31: 202220212020Franchise----
202320222021Franchise agreements $ 26 $ <del>27-</del>26 $ 27 Management <del>agreements5</del> <mark>agreements1 5</mark> 11 <del>10</del>-Total (a) $ <mark>27 $</mark> 31 $
38 $37(a) Included as a component of depreciation and amortization on the Consolidated Statements of Income /(Loss). Based
on the Company's amortizable intangible assets as of December 31, 2022 2023, the Company expects related amortization
expense as follows: <del>Amount2023</del> <mark>Amount2024</mark> S <mark>27 <mark>28 202427-</mark>202527 202626 202726 <mark>202825 F- 19-</mark>In March 2022, the</mark>
Company completed the exit of its select- service hotel management business and received an $ 84 million termination fee,
which under the terms of the agreement with CorePoint Lodging ("CPLG") effectively resulted in the sale of the rights to the
management contracts that were acquired as part of the La Quinta Holdings purchase in 2018. The termination fee proceeds
were completely offset by the write- off of the remaining balance of the related hotel F-18 management contract intangible
asset and thus resulted in a full recovery of such asset. The proceeds were reported in proceeds from asset sales, net on the
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The franchise agreements for these hotels remained in place at their stated fee structure.
9 As a result of the impact COVID-19 had on the Company's operations during 2020, the Company performed quantitative
assessments on intangible assets in the second quarter of 2020. As a result of the assessments, the Company incurred a $ 14
million charge in the second quarter of 2020 to fully write-down the goodwill balance for its owned hotel reporting unit. Such
charge was reported within impairments, net on the Consolidated Statement of Income / (Loss) and was charged to the hotel
management segment. In addition, the Company recorded impairment charges of $ 191 million to reduce the earrying value of
certain trademarks to their estimated fair values. Such charges were reported within impairments, net on the Consolidated
Statement of Income / (Loss) and were charged to the hotel franchising segment. The following is the breakout of the intangible
impairment charges recorded in the second quarter of 2020: Intangible AssetBook ValueImpairment ChargesAdjusted Fair
ValueOwned hotel reporting unit goodwill $ 14 $ (14) $ — La Quinta trademark710 (155) 555 Other trademarks (a) 103 (36)
67 Total $ 827 $ (205) $ 622 (a) Represents the impairments of three of the Company's trademarks, 10, FRANCHISING,
MARKETING AND RESERVATION ACTIVITIES Royalties and franchise fee revenues on the Consolidated Statements of
Income <del>/(Loss) i</del>nclude initial franchise fees of $ 16 million, $ 15 million -and $ 14 million and $ 20 million in 2023, 2022 -
and 2021 <del>and 2020</del>, respectively. In accordance with its franchise agreements, the Company is generally contractually
obligated to expend the marketing and reservation fees it collects from franchisees for the operation of an international,
centralized, brand- specific reservation system and for marketing purposes such as advertising, promotional and co-marketing
programs, and training for the respective franchisees. Development Advance Notes The Company may, at its discretion, provide
development advance notes to certain franchisees / hotel owners in order to assist them in converting to one of its 2-brands, in
building a new hotel to be flagged under one of its '-brands or in assisting in other franchisee expansion efforts. Provided the
franchisee / hotel owner is in compliance with the terms of the franchise / management agreement, all or a portion of the
development advance notes may be forgiven by the Company over the period of the franchise / management agreement.
Otherwise, the related principal is due and payable to the Company. In certain instances, the Company may earn interest on
unpaid franchisee development advance notes. The Company's Consolidated Financial Statements include the following with
respect to development advances: Consolidated Balance Sheets: As of December 31, 202220210ther 202320220ther non-
current assets $ 228 $ 144 During 2023, the Company made a non- cash reclass of $ 108-29 million to development advance
notes in connection with the execution of franchise agreements, of which $ 25 million was from other current assets and $
<mark>4 million was from other non- current assets.</mark> Consolidated Statements of Income <del>/ (Loss)</del> : Year Ended December 31,
202220212020Forgiveness---- 202320222021Forgiveness of notes (a) $ 15 $ 12 $ 11 $ 9 Bad debt expense related to notes 1 1
1 (a) Amounts are recorded as a reduction of royalties and franchise fees and marketing, reservation and loyalty revenues on the
Consolidated Statements of Income . F- <del>20 11-</del>19 10 . ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of: As of December 31, 20222021Accrued 20232022Accrued loyalty
program liabilities (Note 2) $ 74-<mark>75</mark> $ <del>67 Acerued payroll and related expenses73-</del>74 Accrued taxes <del>payable38-payable64</del> <mark>33-38</mark>
Accrued payroll and related expenses 773 Accrued self- insurance liabilities 20 liabilities 21 25 Accrued marketing
expenses 10 11-20 Due to former Parent (Note 18) 20 3 Accrued professional expenses 10 expenses 19 9-10 Accrued interest9
interest 10 9 Accrued legal settlements (Note <del>15-</del>14) 7 8 6-Accrued marketing expenses 4 10 Operating lease liabilities (Note
20-19 ) 4 4 Due to former Parent (Note 19) 3 5 Other 15 Other 18 15 $ 299 $ 264 11 $ 258 12. INCOME TAXES The income
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tax provision / (benefit) consists of the following: Year Ended December 31, 202220212020CurrentFederal----
<mark>202320222021CurrentFederal $ 72</mark> $ 116 $ 65 <mark>State14 22 <del>$ (5)</del> State22-16 <del>(2) Foreign22-</del>Foreign40 22 11 4-<mark>126</mark> 160 92 <del>(3)</del></mark>
Deferred Federal (\frac{6}{1}) (30) (5) (10) State (\frac{4}{1}) (9) — \frac{8}{1} Foreign (7) — 4 (\frac{5}{1}) (39) (1) (23-) Provision for \frac{1}{1}
income taxes $ 109 $ 121 $ 91 $ (26) Pretax income / (loss) for domestic and foreign operations consisted of the following:
Year Ended December 31, <del>202220212020Domestic</del>---- 202320222021Domestic $ 332 $ 432 $ 312 <del>$ (113) Forcign44</del>
Foreign66 44 23 (45) Pretax income $ 398 / (loss) $ 476 $ 335 $ (158) F- 21-20 Deferred Taxes Deferred income tax assets and
liabilities are comprised of the following: As of December 31, 20222021Deferred ---- 20232022Deferred income tax assets:
Accrued liabilities and deferred revenues $ 95 $ 85 <del>$ 77</del> Tax credits (a) <del>7 9</del> 7 Other comprehensive income and other14 other13
14 Provision for doubtful accounts7 accounts8 10 7 Net operating loss carryforward (b) 23 22 21 Valuation allowance (c) (23) (
27-23) Deferred income tax assets112- assets125 102-112 Deferred income tax liabilities: Depreciation and amortization417
amortization412 444 417 Other comprehensive income and other35 19 other26 35 Deferred income tax liabilities452
liabilities438 463 452 Net deferred income tax liabilities $ 313 $ 340 $ 361 Reported in: Other non- current assets $ 5-12 $ 5
Deferred income taxes345 taxes325 366 345 Net deferred income tax liabilities $ 313 $ 340 $ 361 (a) As of December 31, 2022
2023, the Company had $7-9 million of foreign tax credits. The foreign tax credits expire no later than 2032-2033. (b) As of
December 31, 2022-2023, the Company's net operating loss carryforwards primarily relate to state net operating losses, which
are due to expire at various dates, but no later than 2042-2043. (c) The valuation allowance of $ 23 million at as of December
31, <del>2022-2023 relates to net operating loss carryforwards, certain deferred tax assets and foreign tax credits of $ 14-12 million, $</del>
2 million and $ <del>7-9</del> million, respectively. The valuation allowance of $ <del>27-</del>23 million <del>at </del>as of December 31, <del>2021</del>-2022 relates to
net operating loss carryforwards, certain deferred tax assets and foreign tax credits of $ 17-14 million, $ 6-2 million and $ 4-7
million, respectively. The valuation allowance will be reduced when and if the Company determines it is more likely than not
that the related deferred income tax assets will be realized. Although the one-time mandatory deemed repatriation tax during
2017 and the territorial tax system created as a result of U. S. tax reform generally eliminate U. S. federal income taxes on
dividends from foreign subsidiaries, the Company continues to assert that all of the undistributed foreign earnings of $48.84
million will be reinvested indefinitely as of December 31, 2022-2023. In the event the Company determines not to continue to
assert that all or part of its undistributed foreign earnings are permanently reinvested, such a determination in the future could
result in the accrual and payment of additional foreign withholding taxes and U. S. taxes on currency transaction gains and
losses, the determination of which is not practicable due to the complexities associated with the hypothetical calculation. F-22
The Company's effective income tax rate differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate as follows for the years ended December
31: <del>202220212020Federal</del>---- <mark>202320222021Federal</mark> statutory rate21. 0 % 21. 0 % 21. 0 % State and local income taxes, net of
federal tax benefits2. 5 2. 8 3. 1 <del>5. 5</del> Taxes on foreign operations at rates different than U. S. federal statutory <del>rates1 rates2 . 6 1</del>
. 9 2. 0 <del>(2. 1)</del> Taxes on foreign income, net of tax credits0. 3 0. 4 0. 3 <del>1. 2</del> Nondeductible executive <del>compensation0</del>
compensation1.20.70.7<del>(1.9) Nondeductible goodwill impairment —— (1.8)</del> Foreign- derived intangible income (0.8) (0.
5) (0. 2) Valuation allowances0. 1 (0. 6) 0. 5 Other0. 5 (0. 3) (0. 2 <del>Valuation allowances (0. 6</del>) 27 <del>0. 5 (5. 2) Other (0. 3) (0. 2)</del>
<del>(0.</del> 4 <del>) <mark>%</del> 25. 4 % 27. 2 % <mark>F- 21 <del>16. 5 %</del> The effective income tax rate for <mark>2023,</mark> 2022 <del>, and 2021 <del>and 2020</del> differs from the U.</del></mark></mark></del>
S. Federal income tax rate of 21 % primarily due to state taxes and U. S. and foreign taxes, including withholding taxes on the
Company's international operations. During 2020, our effective tax rate was lower primarily related to goodwill impairment
charges that are nondeductible for tax purposes and valuation allowances for certain deferred tax attributes. The following table
summarizes the activity related to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31: 202220212020Beginning ----
20232022021Beginning balance $ 8 $ 7 $ 9 $ 11-Increases related to tax positions taken during a prior period4 period7 4 1 —
Increases related to tax positions taken during the current period period - - Decreases related to settlements with taxing
authorities —(2) — Decreases as a result of a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations (4)(3)(2)(3) Decreases related
to tax positions taken during a prior period — \frac{}{} (1) —Ending balance \$ 11 \$ 8 \$ 7 \$ 9. The gross amount of the unrecognized
tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the Company's effective tax rate was $ 11 million, $ 8 million, and $ 7 million
and $9 million as of December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Company recorded both accrued interest
and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of provision for / (benefit from) income taxes on the
Consolidated Statements of Income / (Loss). The amount of potential penalties and interest related to these unrecognized tax
benefits recorded in the provision for income taxes was were immaterial during 2023, 2022 and 2021 and a benefit of $ 1
million during 2020. The Company had a liability for potential penalties of $ 1 million as of December 31, 2023, 2022, and
2021 <del>and 2020</del>, and potential interest of $ 3 million as of December 31, 2023 and $ 2 million as of December 31, 2022 <del>, and</del>
2021 and 2020. Such liabilities are reported as a component of accrued expenses and other current liabilities and other non-
current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company does not expect the unrecognized tax benefits to change
significantly over the next 12 months. The Company-files income tax returns in the U. S. federal and state jurisdictions, as well
as in foreign jurisdictions. With certain exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to federal income tax examinations for
years prior to <del>2019-<mark>2020</mark> . The <del>2017-</del><mark>2018 t</mark>hrough <del>2021-2022</del> tax years generally remain subject to examination by many state</del>
tax authorities. In significant foreign jurisdictions, the <del>2015-</del>2016 through the <del>2021-</del>2022 tax years generally remain subject to
examination by their respective tax authorities. The statute of limitations is scheduled to expire and current open examinations
are expected to be resolved within 12 months of the reporting date in certain taxing jurisdictions, and the Company therefore
believes that it is reasonably possible that the total amount of its unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by $4.8 million to $5.
9 million, inclusive of interest and penalties. The Company made cash income tax payments, net of refunds, of $ 95 million,
$ 123 million <del>during 2022</del> and $ 114 million during 2023, 2022 and 2021 <del>. The Company received income tax refunds, net of</del>
payments, of $ 9 million during 2020. Additionally, the Company had $ 15 million and $ 48 million of income tax receivables as
of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which was reported within other current assets on the Consolidated Balance
Sheets. On August 16, 2022, the Inflation Reduction Act ("IRA") was signed into law in the United States. The Company
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does IRA did not eurrently expect the IRA to have a material impact on its financial results, including on its annual estimated
effective tax rate or liquidity. F- 23 13-22 12. LONG- TERM DEBT AND BORROWING ARRANGEMENTS The Company'
s indebtedness consisted of: As of December 31, 20222021Long 20232022Long - term debt: (a) AmountWeighted Average
Rate (b) AmountWeighted Average Rate (b) $ 750 million revolving credit facility (due April 2027) $ —160 7. 30 % $ — $
400 million term loan A (due April 2027) 384 6. 82 % 399 5. 92 % — $ 1. 6 billion term loan B (due May 2025) — 1, 139 3. 70
% $ 1,541.3. 07.1 billion term loan B (due May 2030) 1,123.4.10 % — $ 500 million 4.375 % senior unsecured notes (due
August 2028) 494 <mark>495</mark> 4. 38 % <del>493 </del>494 4. 38 % Finance <del>leases45 <mark>leases39</mark> 4. 50 % <del>50 45 4. 50</del> % Total long- term debt2, 201 4.</del>
77 % 2, 077 <del>2, 084 3. 79 %</del> Less: Current portion of long-term debt20 21 debt37 20 Long-term debt $ 2, 164 $ 2, 057 $ 2, 063
(a) The carrying amount of the term loans and senior unsecured notes are net of deferred debt issuance costs of $ 16
million and $ 11 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The carrying amount of the term loan B is net of
unamortized discounts of $ 15-5 million as of December 31, 2022 2023 and 2021, respectively. (b) Weighted average interest
rate-rates are based on the stated interest rate for the year- end balances, to- date periods and including include the effects
from hedging. Maturities and Capacity The Company's outstanding debt as of December 31, <del>2022-</del>2023 matures as follows:
Long- Term DebtWithin 1 year $ 20-37 Between 1 and 2 years26 years45 Between 2 and 3 years1 years48, 173 Between 3 and
4 years37 years485 Between 4 and 5 years313 years514 Thereafter508 Thereafter1, 072 Total $ 2, 077 201 As of December
31, 2022 2023, the available capacity under the Company's revolving credit facility was as follows: Revolving Credit
FacilityTotal capacity $ 750 Less: Borrowings160 Less: Letters of credit9 Available capacity $ 741-581 $ 750 million
Revolving Credit Facility <del>During May 2018-</del>In April 2022 , the Company entered into <del>an <mark>the Third Amendment to the Credit</mark></del>
agreement Agreement for a dated May 30, 2018 ("Third Amendment") which amended its original five- year $ 750
million revolving credit facility expiring in May revolver to extend the term to April 2023 2027. This facility The
benchmark rate applicable to the revolver has changed from LIBOR to Secured Overnight Funding Rate (" SOFR ").
The revolver is subject to an interest rate per annum equal to, at the Company's option, either (i) a base rate plus a margin
ranging from 0.50 % to 1.00 % or LIBOR (ii) SOFR, plus a margin ranging from 1.50 % to 2.00 % and an additional 0.10
<mark>% SOFR adjustment</mark>, in either case based <mark>F- 23</mark> upon the total leverage ratio of the Company and its restricted subsidiaries. <del>In</del>
addition The revolver is subject to the same prepayment provisions and covenants applicable to the previous revolver.
During 2023, the Company will pay a commitment fee borrowed $ 160 million, net of repayments, on the unused portion of
the revolving credit facility of 0. 20 % per annum. In April 2020, the Company completed an amendment to its revolving credit
facility <del>agreement to waive the quarterly. Such borrowings are included within long</del> - term debt tested leverage covenant
until April 1, 2021. The covenant was also modified for the second, third and fourth quarters of 2021 to use a form of annualized
EBITDA, as defined in the credit agreement, rather than the last twelve months EBITDA, as F-24 previously required. In return
for this modification, the Company agreed to temporarily maintain minimum liquidity of $ 200 million, which is defined in the
eredit agreement as the total of unrestricted eash on hand and available capacity under the Consolidated Balance Sheet
Company's revolving credit facility, pay a higher interest rate on outstanding borrowings, restrict share repurchases and reduce
payment of dividends, or restrict dividends to $ 0.01 per share in the event the Company's liquidity was below $ 300 million.
As of December 31, 2021 all restrictions have been lifted. In April 2022, the Company entered into the Third Amendment to the
Credit Agreement dated May 30, 2018 which amended its original five-year $ 750 million revolver to extend the term to April
2027. The benchmark rate applicable to the revolver has changed from LIBOR to Secured Overnight Funding Rate ("SOFR").
The revolver is subject to an interest rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (i) a base rate plus a margin ranging from 0.
50 % to 1, 00 % or (ii) SOFR, plus a margin ranging from 1, 50 % to 2, 00 % and an additional 0, 10 % SOFR adjustment, in
either case based upon the total leverage ratio of the Company and its restricted subsidiaries. The revolver is subject to the same
prepayment provisions and covenants applicable to the previous revolver. $ 400 million Term Loan A Agreement The In April
2022, the Company entered into the Third Amendment to the Credit Agreement dated May 30, 2018. The amendment-provides
for a new senior secured term loan A facility ("Term Loan A") in an aggregate principal amount of $ 400 million maturing in
April 2027, the proceeds of which were used to repay a portion of the existing Term Loan B facility in 2022. The Term Loan A
is subject to an interest rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (i) a base rate plus a margin ranging from 0.50 % to 1.00
% or (ii) SOFR, plus a margin ranging from 1. 50 % to 2. 00 % and an additional 0. 10 % SOFR adjustment, in either case based
upon the total leverage ratio of the Company and its restricted subsidiaries. The term Term loan A is subject to the same
prepayment provisions and covenants applicable to the existing Term Loan B. The Term Loan A is subject to quarterly
principal payments as follows: (i) 0.0 % per year of the initial principal amount during the first year, (ii) 5.0 % per year of the
initial principal amount payable in equal quarterly installments during the second and third years and (iii) 7.5 % per year of the
initial principal amount payable in equal quarterly installments during the fourth and fifth years, with final payments of all
amounts outstanding, plus accrued interest, being due on the maturity date in April 2027. $ 1. 6-1 billion Term Loan B
Agreement During On May 2018-25, 2023, the Company entered into a Fourth Amendment to the Credit Agreement dated
May 30, 2018 (the "Fourth Amendment"), which, prior to giving effect to the Fourth Amendment, provided for senior
secured credit agreement facilities in an aggregate principal amount of $ 2.35 billion, consisting of (i) a term loan B
facility in an aggregate principal amount of $ 1. 6 billion maturing in May 2025 and (ii) a revolving credit facility in an
aggregate principal amount of $ 750 million maturing in April 2027. The Fourth Amendment provides for a new senior
secured <del>$ 1. 6 billion</del>-term loan <mark>B facility</mark> (the " New Term Loan B ") <del>expiring </del>in an aggregate principal amount of $ 1. 14
billion maturing in May 2025-2030, the proceeds of which were used to repay the existing Term Loan B facility. The
interest rate per annum applicable to the New Term Loan B facility is equal to, at our the Company's option (, cither a) base
Base Rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement), plus an applicable rate of 1. 25 % or (b) Term SOFR, inclusive of the
SOFR Adjustment (defined as 0, 10 % per annum in the Credit Agreement), plus <del>a margin</del>an applicable rate of <del>0-</del>2 , <del>75</del>
<mark>25</mark> % <del>or LIBOR plus a margin of 1. 75 %</del>. The <del>LIBOR rate <mark>Term SOFR</mark> with respect to the <mark>New</mark> Term Loan B is subject to a "</del>
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floor " of 0. 00 %. The New Term Loan B began amortizing in equal quarterly installments beginning in the fourth quarter of
<del>2018 in aggregate annual amounts equal to 1, 00 % of the original principal amount thereof. The Term Loan B is subject to the</del>
same prepayment provisions and covenants applicable to the existing Term Loan B facility, subject to customary
exceptions and limitations. These provisions include a standard mandatory prepayment provisions including (i) 100 % of the
net cash proceeds from issuances or incurrence of debt by the Company or any of its restricted subsidiaries (other than with
respect to certain permitted indebtedness); (ii) 100 % (with step-downs to 50 % and 0 % based upon achievement of specified
first-lien leverage ratios) of the net cash proceeds from certain sales or other dispositions of assets by the Company or any of its
restricted subsidiaries in excess of a certain amount and subject to customary reinvestment provisions and certain other
exceptions; and (iii) 50 % (with step-downs to 25 % and 0 % based upon achievement of specified first-lien leverage ratios) of
annual (commencing with the 2019 fiscal year) excess cash flow of the Company and its restricted subsidiaries, subject to
customary exceptions and limitations. During 2022, the Company prepaid $ 400 million of the Term Loan B with proceeds from
the issuance of the Term Loan A and as a result, the Company is no longer subject to quarterly principal payments on Term
Loan B. The revolving credit facility and term loan loans (the "Credit Facilities") are guaranteed, jointly and severally, by
certain of the Company's wholly- owned domestic subsidiaries and secured by a first- priority security interest in substantially
all of the assets of the Company and those subsidiaries. The Credit Facilities were initially guaranteed by former Parent, which
guarantee was released immediately prior to the consummation of the spin- off. The Credit Facilities contain customary
covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the Company and its restricted subsidiaries' ability to
grant liens on the Company and its restricted subsidiaries' assets, incur indebtedness, sell assets, make investments, engage in
acquisitions, mergers or consolidations and pay certain dividends and other restricted payments. The Credit Facilities require the
Company to comply with financial maintenance covenants to be tested quarterly, consisting of a maximum first-lien leverage
ratio. Subject to customary conditions and restrictions, the Company may obtain incremental term loans and / or revolving loans
in an aggregate amount not to exceed (i) the greater of $ <mark>550-650</mark> million and 100 % of EBITDA, plus (ii) the amount of all
voluntary prepayments and commitment reductions under the Credit Facilities, plus (iii) additional amounts subject to certain
leverage- based ratio tests. F-25-The Credit Facilities also contain certain customary events of default, including, but not limited
to: (i) failure to pay principal, interest, fees or other amounts under the Credit Facilities when due, taking into account any
applicable grace period; (ii) any representation or warranty proving to have been incorrect in any material respect when made;
(iii) failure to F-24 perform or observe covenants or other terms of the Credit Facilities subject to certain grace periods; (iv) a
cross- default and cross- acceleration with certain other material debt; (v) bankruptcy events; (vi) certain defaults under ERISA;
and (vii) the invalidity or impairment of security interests. 5-The New Term Loan B is subject to equal quarterly
amortization of principal of 0. 375-25 % Senior Unsecured Notes On April 15, 2021, the Company redeemed all-of its $ 500
million 5, 375 % senior unsecured notes due 2026, which was primarily funded through cash on hand. Due to this redemption,
the initial principal amount, starting Company incurred an $18 million charge in the second third quarter of 2021-2023,
including $ 13 million of call premiums and $ 5 million from the first full fiscal quarter after acceleration of deferred
financing fees. Such charge is reported as early extinguishment of debt on the closing date Consolidated Statements of Income /
(Loss). 4. 375 % Senior Unsecured Notes In August 2020, the Company issued $ 500 million of senior unsecured notes, which
mature in 2028 and bear interest at a rate of 4. 375 % per year, for net proceeds of $ 492 million. Interest is payable semi-
annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing on February 15, 2021 . The notes are redeemable
in whole or in part at various times and premiums per their indenture, with the first call date of August 15, 2023 at a price of
102. 188 %. The Company used the net cash proceeds from the notes to reduce the borrowings outstanding under its revolving
eredit facility. Finance Leases The Company's finance leases primarily consist of the lease of its corporate headquarters. In
connection with the Company's separation from former Parent, it was assigned the lease for its corporate headquarters located
in Parsippany, New Jersey from its former Parent, which resulted in the Company recording a finance lease obligation and asset.
Deferred Debt Issuance Costs The Company classifies deferred debt issuance costs related to its revolving credit facility within
other non- current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Such deferred debt issuance costs were $ 3 million and $ 4
million and $ 2 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021, respectively. Cash Flow Hedge The In 2018, the
Company has hedged a portion of its $ 1. 6 billion term loan. The pay- fixed / receive- variable interest rate swaps which hedge
$ 1. 1 billion of the Company's term loan-interest rate exposure , on $ 1. 1 billion of which its outstanding variable- rate
debt, effectively representing more than 97 % of the outstanding term loan B, as of December 31, 2023. The interest rate
swaps consist of $ 600 million of swaps that expires - expire in the second quarter of 2024 and has have a weighted average
fixed rate of 2. <del>58-</del>33 % (plus applicable spreads) and $ 500 million <mark>of swaps that <del>expires</del> - <mark>expire</mark> in the fourth quarter of</mark>
2024 and <del>has <mark>have</mark> a weighted average fixed rate of 0. 99-91 % (plus applicable spreads) . <del>The As a result of the Fourth</del></del>
Amendment, as well as the discontinuance of LIBOR as a benchmark interest rate, during the second quarter of 2023 the
Company amended its interest rate swaps to align with the change in the benchmark interest rate of the underlying debt.
As such, the variable rates of the such swap agreements are based on one- month <del>LIBOR SOFR. During the third quarter of</del>
2023, the Company entered into new pay- fixed / receive- variable interest rate swaps that hedges the interest rate
exposure on $ 600 million of its variable- rate debt with an effective date in the second quarter of 2024 and an expiration
date in the second quarter of 2028. The fixed rate associated with the new swaps is 3. 84 % (plus applicable spreads).
Additionally, during the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company entered into new pay- fixed / receive- variable interest rate
swaps that hedges the interest rate exposure on $ 200 million of its variable- rate debt with an effective date in the fourth
quarter of 2024 and an expiration date in the fourth quarter of 2027. The fixed rate associated with the new swaps is 3.
55 % (plus applicable spreads) . The aggregate fair value of these interest rate swaps was an asset of $ 13 million and $ 53
million and a liability of $ 23 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2021 and 2021, respectively, which was included within
other non-current assets and other non-current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, respectively. The effect of interest
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rate swaps on interest expense, net on the Consolidated Statements of Income <del>/ (Loss)</del> were <mark>$ 36 million of income during</mark>
2023 and $ 2 million, and $ 26 million and $ 22 million of expense during 2022, and 2021 and 2020, respectively. There was
no hedging ineffectiveness recognized in 2023, 2022 or 2021 or 2020. The Company expects to reclassify approximately $ 34
29 million of gains from AOCI to interest expense during the next 12 months. Interest Expense, Net The Company incurred
interest expense of $ 108 million, $ 85 million, and $ 94 million and $ 114 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021 and 2020,
respectively. Cash paid related to such interest was $ 103 million, $ 82 million, and $ 96 million and $ 101 million for 2023,
2022 <mark>-and</mark> 2021 <del>and 2020</del>, respectively. Interest income was $ <mark>6 million, $</mark> 5 million <del>-and</del> $ 1 million <del>and $ 2 million</del> for 2023,
2022 <mark>-and</mark> 2021 <del>and 2020</del>, respectively. Early Extinguishment of Debt The Company incurred non- cash early extinguishment
of debt costs of $ 3 million, $ 2 million imand $ 18 million during 2023, 2022 relating and 2021 respectively. The 2023
amount relates to the eredit agreement refinancing of the Company's term loan B during the second quarter of 2023. The
2022 amount relates to the Third amendment-Amendment and $ 400 million partial pay down of its term loan F-25 B, as
discussed above , for the year ended December 31, 2022. The For the year ended December 31, 2021 amount related the
Company incurred early extinguishment of debt costs of $ 18 million relating to the redemption of its $ 500 million 5. 375 %
senior unsecured notes redeemed in 2021. 13 F-26-14. FAIR VALUE The Company measures its financial assets and liabilities
at fair value on a recurring basis and utilizes the fair value hierarchy to determine such fair values. Financial assets and liabilities
carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories: Level 1: Quoted prices for identical
instruments in active markets. Level 2: Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or
similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose
significant value driver is observable. Level 3: Unobservable inputs used when little or no market data is available. In certain
cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in
the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls has been determined based on the lowest level input
(closest to Level 3) that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a
particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or
liability. The fair value of financial instruments is generally determined by reference to market values resulting from trading on
a national securities exchange or in an over- the- counter market. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair
value is based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques, as appropriate. The carrying amounts of cash and
cash equivalents, trade receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities approximate fair value
due to the short- term maturities of these assets and liabilities. The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of all other
financial instruments are as follows: December 31, <del>2022Carrying</del>-<mark>2023Carrying</mark> AmountEstimated Fair ValueDebt $ 2, <del>077</del>
201 $ 2, 035-195 The Company estimates the fair value of its debt using Level 2 inputs based on indicative bids from investment
banks or quoted market prices with the exception of finance leases, which are estimated at carrying value. Financial
Instruments Changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates expose the Company to market risk. The Company uses cash
flow hedges as part of its overall strategy to manage its exposure to market risks associated with fluctuations in interest rates and
foreign currency exchange rates. As a matter of policy, the Company only enters into transactions that it believes will be highly
effective at offsetting the underlying risk, and it does not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes. The Company
estimates the fair value of its derivatives using Level 2 inputs. Interest Rate Risk A portion of debt used to finance the
Company's operations is exposed to interest rate fluctuations. The Company uses various hedging strategies and derivative
financial instruments to create a desired mix of fixed and floating rate assets and liabilities. Derivative instruments currently
used in these hedging strategies include interest rate swaps. The derivatives used to manage the risk associated with the
Company's floating variable- rate debt are derivatives designated as cash flow hedges. See Note 13-12 - Long- Term Debt and
Borrowing Arrangements for the impact of such cash flow hedges. Foreign Currency Risk The Company has foreign currency
rate exposure to exchange rate fluctuations worldwide, particularly with respect to the Canadian Dollar, the Chinese Yuan, the
Euro, <del>the</del> Brazilian Real <mark>, British Pound</mark> and <del>the</del> Argentine Peso. The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts at
various times to manage and reduce the foreign currency exchange rate risk associated with its foreign currency denominated
receivables and payables, forecasted royalties and forecasted earnings and cash flows of foreign subsidiaries and other
transactions. The Company recognized gains-losses from freestanding foreign currency exchange F-26 contracts of $3 million
during 2023 and gains of $ 2 million during 2022 and 2021 and losses of $ 3 million during 2020. Such gains and losses are
included in operating expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income /(Loss). F-27-The Company accounts for Argentina
certain countries as a highly inflationary economy , with its exposure primarily related to Argentina . The Company
incurred foreign currency exchange losses related to Argentina of $ 14 million, $ 4 million, and $ 1 million and $ 2 million
during 2023, 2022 and 2021 and 2020, respectively. Such losses are included in operating expenses in the Consolidated
Statements of Income / (Loss). Credit Risk and Exposure The Company is exposed to counterparty credit risk in the event of
nonperformance by counterparties to various agreements and sales transactions. The Company manages such risk by evaluating
the financial position and creditworthiness of such counterparties and often by requiring collateral in instances in which
financing is provided. The Company mitigates counterparty credit risk associated with its derivative contracts by monitoring the
amounts at risk with each counterparty to such contracts, periodically evaluating counterparty creditworthiness and financial
position, and where possible, dispersing its risk among multiple counterparties. The Company is subject to risks relating to the
geographic concentration of its hotel properties, which may result in the Company's results of operations being more sensitive
to local and regional economic conditions and other factors, including competition, natural disasters and economic downturns,
than the Company's results of operations would be, absent such geographic concentrations. Local and regional economic
conditions and other factors may differ materially from prevailing conditions in other parts of the world. Excluding cost-
reimbursement revenues, which are offset by cost-reimbursement expense, revenues from transactions in the states of Texas
and Florida as a percent of U. S. revenues were approximately 10 % and 17 %, respectively, during 2023, 10 % and 24 %,
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respectively, during 2022 , and 10 % and 18 %, respectively, during 2021 and 10 % and 19 %, respectively, during 2020.
Revenues in the state of Florida include license and other fees from the Company's former Parent. Excluding these revenues,
revenues in the state of Florida as a percent of U. S. revenues were 7 %, 16 %, and 12 % and 9 % during 2023, 2022, and
2021 and 2020, respectively. During 2021 and 2020-CorePoint accounted for 20 % and 25 %, respectively, of revenues.
Excluding cost-reimbursement revenues, which are offset by cost-reimbursement expenses, CorePoint accounted for 8 % and
40 % during 2021 and 2020, respectively. During the first quarter of 2022, CorePoint terminated its management contracts with
the Company, 15-14, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES The Company is involved, at times, in claims, legal and
regulatory proceedings and governmental inquiries arising in the ordinary course of its business, including but not limited to:
breach of contract, fraud and bad faith claims with franchisees in connection with franchise agreements and with owners in
connection with management contracts, as well as negligence, breach of contract, fraud, employment, consumer protection and
other statutory claims asserted in connection with alleged acts or occurrences at owned, franchised or managed properties or in
relation to guest reservations and bookings. The Company may also at times be involved in claims, legal and regulatory
proceedings and governmental inquiries relating to bankruptcy proceedings involving efforts to collect receivables from a debtor
in bankruptcy, employment matters, claims of infringement upon third parties' intellectual property rights, claims relating to
information security, privacy and consumer protection, fiduciary duty / trust claims, tax claims, environmental claims and
landlord / tenant disputes. Along with many of its competitors, the Company and / or certain of its subsidiaries have been named
as defendants in litigation matters filed in state and federal courts, alleging statutory and common law claims related to purported
incidents of sex trafficking at certain franchised and managed hotel facilities. Many of these matters are in the pleading or
discovery stages at this time. In certain matters, discovery has closed, and the parties are engaged in dispositive motion practice.
As of December 31, <del>2022-2023</del>, the Company is aware of approximately 35 pending matters filed naming the Company and / or
subsidiaries. Based upon the status of these matters, the Company has not made a determination as to the likelihood of any
probable loss of any one of these matters and is unable to estimate a range of losses at this time. The Company records an
accrual for legal contingencies when it determines, after consultation with outside counsel, that it is probable that a liability has
been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In making such determinations, the Company evaluates,
among other things, the degree of probability of an unfavorable outcome, and when it is probable that a liability has been
incurred, its ability to make a reasonable estimate of loss. The Company reviews these accruals each reporting period and makes
revisions based on changes in facts and circumstances, including changes to its strategy in dealing with these matters. F-27 The
Company believes that it has adequately accrued for such matters with reserves of $ 7 million and $ 8 million and $ 6 million as
of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company also had receivables of $ 4 million and $ 6 million and
$3 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021, respectively, for certain matters which are covered by insurance and
were included in other current assets on its Consolidated Balance Sheets. Litigation is inherently unpredictable and, although the
Company believes that its F-28 accruals are adequate and or that it has valid defenses in these matters, unfavorable results
could occur. As such, an adverse outcome from such proceedings for which claims are awarded in excess of the amounts
accrued, if any, could be material to the Company with respect to earnings and / or cash flows in any given reporting period. As
of December 31, 2022 2023, the potential exposure resulting from adverse outcomes of such legal proceedings could, in the
aggregate, range up to approximately $ 3-10 million in excess of recorded accruals. However, the Company does not believe that
the impact of such litigation will result in a material liability to the Company in relation to its combined financial position or
liquidity. Guarantees Separation- Related Guarantees The Company assumed one- third of certain contingent and other
corporate liabilities of former Parent incurred prior to the spin- off, including liabilities of former Parent related to, arising out of
or resulting from certain terminated or divested businesses, certain general corporate matters of former Parent and any actions
with respect to the separation plan or the distribution made or brought by any third party. Credit Support Provided and Other
Indemnifications Relating to former Parent's Sale of its European Vacation Rentals Business In May 2018, former Parent
completed the sale of its European Vacation Rentals business to Compass IV Limited, an affiliate of Platinum Equity, LLC ("
Buyer"). In connection with the sale of the European Vacation Rentals business, the Company provided certain post-closing
credit support in the form of guarantees to help ensure that the business meets the requirements of certain credit card service
providers, travel association and regulatory authorities. Such post-closing credit support may be enforced or called upon if the
European vacation rentals business fails to meet its primary obligation to pay certain amounts when due. The European vacation
rentals business has provided an indemnity to former Parent in the event that the post-closing credit support is enforced or
called upon. Pursuant to the terms of the Separation and Distribution Agreement that was entered into in connection with the
Company's spin- off, the Company will assume one- third and former Parent will assume two- thirds of losses that may be
incurred by former Parent or the Company in the event that these credit support arrangements are enforced or called upon by
any beneficiary in respect of any indemnification claims made. The table below summarizes the post- closing credit support
guarantees related to the sale of the European Vacation Rentals business, the fair values of such guarantees and the receivables
from its former Parent representing two-thirds of such guarantees at as of December 31, 2022 2023: Guarantees Fair Value of
GuaranteesReceivable from former ParentPost- closing credit support at time of sale $ 81 $ 39 $ 26 Additional post- closing
credit support46 22 15 Total $ 127 $ 61 $ 41 The fair value of the guarantees was $ 61 million as of December 31, 2023 and
2022 and 2021 and were included in other non- current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. In connection with these
guarantees the Company had receivables from its former Parent of $41 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021,
which were included in other non- current assets on its Consolidated Balance Sheets. 15 Hotel- Management Guarantees The
Company had previously entered into hotel-management agreements that provided the hotel owner with a guarantee of a certain
level of profitability based upon various metrics. Under such agreements, the Company was required to compensate the hotel
owner for any profitability shortfall over the life of the management agreement up to a specified aggregate amount. For certain
agreements, the Company may have been able to recapture all or a portion of the shortfall payments in the event that future
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operating results exceeded targets. As a result of COVID-19, on June 30, 2020, the Company provided notice of termination of
its one remaining hotel performance guarantee pursuant to a force majeure provision in the hotel-management agreement. The
hotel's owner disputed such termination and the Company and the hotel owner engaged in alternate dispute resolution. The
matter was resolved during 2022 which resulted in the termination of the management agreement. As a result of the Company's
notice of F-29 termination of the management agreement, the Company's receivable of $ 4 million became fully impaired as of
June 30, 2020 with the charge recorded within impairments, net on the Consolidated Statements of Income / (Loss). As of
December 31, 2022, the Company has no hotel management guarantees. 16. STOCK- BASED COMPENSATION The
Company has a stock-based compensation plan available to grant non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock-
settled appreciation rights ("SSARs"), RSUs, performance-vesting restricted stock units ("PSUs") and / or other stock-based
awards to key employees and non-employee directors. Under the Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. 2018 Equity and Incentive
Plan ("Stock Plan"), which became effective on May 14, 2018, a maximum of 10. 0 million shares of common stock may be
awarded. As of December 31, 2022 2023, 5-4. 2-8 million shares remained available. F- 28 During 2022 2023, the Company
granted incentive equity awards totaling $ 30 million to key employees and senior officers in the form of RSUs. The RSUs
generally vest ratably over a period of four years based on continuous service. Additionally, the Company approved incentive
equity awards to key employees and senior officers in the form of PSUs with a maximum grant value of $ 12.19 million. The
PSUs generally cliff vest on the third anniversary of the grant date based on continuous service with the number of shares
earned (0 % to 200 % of the target award) depending dependent on upon the extent to which the Company achieves certain the
specified performance metrics. Incentive Equity Awards Granted by the Company The activity related to the Company's
incentive equity awards for the year ended December 31, 2022-2023 consisted of the following: RSUsPSUsNumber of
RSUsWeighted Average Grant PriceNumber of PSUsWeighted Average Grant PriceBalance as of December 31, <del>20211</del> - <mark>20221</mark> .
2 $ 60. 37 0 $ 67. 90 0 . 3 $ 57 69 . 51 82 Granted (a) 0. 4 77. 10 0. 3 81 (b) 77 . 71 45 Vested (0. 1 (b) 82. 74 Vested (0. 4) 58
<mark>63</mark> . <del>58-</del>62 — — Canceled <mark>— —</mark> (0. 1) <del>66-</del>53 . <mark>40 <del>08 (0. 1) 55. 26</del>-Balance as of December 31, <del>20221-</del>20231 . 0 (c) $ <del>67-</del>72 . <del>90</del></mark>
80 0. 3-5 (d) $ 69-76. 82 56 (a) Represents awards granted by the Company primarily in March 2022-2023. (b) Represents
awards granted by the Company at the maximum achievement level of 200 % of target payout. Actual shares that may be issued
can range from 0 % to 200 % of target. (c) RSUs outstanding as of December 31, 2022 2023 have an unrecognized
compensation expense of $ 48-47 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2. 5 years. (d)
PSUs outstanding as of December 31, 2022 2023 have an aggregate maximum potential unrecognized compensation expense of
$ <del>16-22</del> million, which may be recognized over a weighted average period of 1. <del>6-9</del> years based on attainment of targets. <del>F-30</del>
There were no stock options granted in 2023 or 2022. The activity related to stock options granted by the Company for the
year ended December 31, <del>2022-2023</del> consisted of the following: Number of OptionsWeighted Average Exercise PriceWeighted
Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years) Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions) Outstanding as of December 31, 20211-
20221 . <del>1-0</del> $ <del>56-55</del> . <del>04-90</del> Granted — — Exercised — — <del>(0. 1) 58. 87</del> Canceled — — Outstanding as of December 31, <del>20221</del>
20231 . 0 $ 55. <del>90 3 <mark>89 2 . 6 7 $ 16 25</del> Unvested as of December 31, <del>20220 <mark>20230 . 2 (a) $ 56. 47 2 . 4 (a) $ 4 55. 17 3. 9 $ 6</del></del></mark></del></mark>
Exercisable as of December 31, 20220 20230 . 6-8 $ 56-55 . 30 3-79 2 . 5-7 $ 10-21 (a) University options as of December 31,
2022-2023 are expected to vest over time and have an aggregate unrecognized compensation expense of $ 2-1 million, which
will be recognized over a weighted average period of 1-0.5-9 years. F-29 The fair value of stock options granted by the
Company were estimated on the date of the grant using the Black- Scholes option- pricing model with the relevant assumptions
outlined in the table below. Expected volatility is based on both historical and implied volatilities of the stock of comparable
companies over the estimated expected life of the options. The expected life represents the period of time the options are
expected to be outstanding. The risk-free interest rate is based on yields on U. S. Treasury strips with a maturity similar to the
estimated expected life of the options. The projected dividend yield was based on the Company's anticipated annual dividend
divided by the price of the Company's stock on the date of the grant, 20212020Grant date fair value $ 19.58$
8. 59Grant 58Grant date strike price $ 65. 21 $ 53, 40Expected 21Expected volatility 40. 18 % 24, 30 % Expected life 4. 25
years4-. 25 yearsRisk- free interest rate0. 40 % 1. 21 % Projected dividend yield0. 98 % 2. 40 % Stock- Based Compensation
Expense Stock- based compensation expense was $ 39 million, $ 33 million - and $ 28 million and $ 21 million for 2023, 2022 -
and 2021 and 2020, respectively. <mark>16 In 2020, $ 2 million was recorded within restructuring costs on the Consolidated</mark>
Statements of Income / (Loss). F-31 17. SEGMENT INFORMATION The reportable segments presented below represent the
Company's operating segments for which separate financial information is available and is utilized on a regular basis by its
chief operating decision maker to assess performance and allocate resources. In identifying its reportable segments, the
Company also considers the nature of services provided by its operating segments. Management evaluates the operating results
of each of its reportable segments based upon net revenues and "adjusted EBITDA", which is defined as net income / (loss)
excluding net interest expense, depreciation and amortization, early extinguishment of debt charges, impairment charges,
restructuring and related charges, contract termination costs, separation-related items, transaction-related items (acquisition-,
disposition-, or separation-debt - related), (gain) / loss on asset sales, foreign currency impacts of highly inflationary countries,
stock- based compensation expense, income taxes and development advance notes amortization. The Company believes that
adjusted EBITDA is a useful measure of performance for its segments which, when considered with U. S. GAAP measures,
allows a more complete understanding of its operating performance. The Company uses this measure internally to assess
operating performance, both absolutely and in comparison to other companies, and to make day to day operating decisions,
including in the evaluation of selected compensation decisions. The Company's presentation of adjusted EBITDA may not be
comparable to similarly -titled measures used by other companies. During In the first quarter of 2021-2023, the Company
modified changed the definition composition of its reportable segments adjusted EBITDA to exclude the amortization of
development advance notes to reflect how the recent changes Company's chief operating decision maker reviews operating
performance beginning in 2021 its Hotel Management segment due to the exit from the select- service management
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business, the sale of its two owned hotels and the exit from substantially all of its U. S. full- service management business
. The <mark>remaining hotel management business, which is predominately the full- service international managed business, no</mark>
longer meets the quantitative thresholds to be considered a reportable segment and as a result, the Company has applied
the modified definition of adjusted EBITDA to all periods presented aggregated, on a prospective basis, such management
business within its Hotel Franchising segment. F-30 Hotel FranchisingHotel ManagementCorporate and Other (a) TotalYear
Ended or as of December 31, 2023Net revenues $ 1, 397 n / a $ — $ 1, 397 Adjusted EBITDA727 n / a (68) 659
Depreciation and amortization66 n / a10 76 Segment assets3, 880 n / a153 4, 033 Capital expenditures33 n / a4 37 Year
Ended or as of December 31, 2022Net revenues $ 1, 277 $ 221 $ — $ 1, 498 Adjusted EBITDA679 37 (66) 650 Depreciation
and amortization63 5 9 77 Segment assets3, 711 113 299 4, 123 Capital expenditures33 — 6 39 Year Ended or as of December
31, 2021Net revenues $ 1, 099 $ 466 $ — $ 1, 565 Adjusted EBITDA592 57 (59) 590 Depreciation and amortization60 26 9 95
Segment assets3, 575 394 300 4, 269 Capital expenditures30 4 3 37 Year Ended or as of December 31, 2020Net revenues $ 863
         -$ 1,300 Adjusted EBITDA (b) 392 13 (69) 336 Depreciation and amortization63 25 10 98 Segment assets3, 629 418
597 4, 644 Capital expenditures 24 4 5 33 (a) Includes the elimination of transactions between segments. (b) Adjusted EBITDA
for 2020 has been recasted to conform with the current year presentation. F-32-Provided below is a reconciliation of net income
/(loss) to adjusted EBITDA. Year Ended December 31, 202320222021Net 202220212020 (a) Net income $ 289 / (loss) $ 355 $
244 <del>$ (132)</del> Provision for <del>/ (benefit from) i</del>ncome <del>taxes121 <mark>taxes109 121</mark> 91 <del>(26)</del> Depreciation and <del>amortization77</del></del>
<mark>amortization76 77</mark> 95 <del>98</del>-Interest expense, <del>net80-<mark>net102 80</del> 93 <del>112</del>-Early extinguishment of <del>debt2-<mark>debt3 2</del> 18 —Stock- based</del></del></mark></del></mark>
compensation <del>expense33 <mark>expense39 33</mark> 28 <del>19</del>-Development advance notes <del>amortization12 <mark>amortization15 12</del> 11 <mark>Transaction-</mark></del></del></mark>
<mark>related expenses 9 Gain on asset sale-, net net11 (35)</mark> — — Separation- related expenses1 <mark>1</mark> 3 <del>2 Impairments Gain on asset</del>
sale net — (35) 6 206 Restructuring costs — Impairments — 34 Transaction-related expenses, net — — 12 6 Foreign
currency impact of highly inflationary countries4 countries14 4 1 2-Adjusted EBITDA $ 659 $ 650 $ 590 F- 31 $ 336
                          (a) Adjusted EBITDA for 2020 has been recasted to conform with the current year presentation. The
geographic segment information provided below is classified based on the geographic location of the Company's subsidiaries.
United States All Other Countries (a) Total Year Ended or As of December 31, 2023 Net revenues $ 1, 142 $ 255 $ 1, 397 Net
long-lived assets3, 002 190 3, 192 Year Ended or As of December 31, 2022Net revenues $ 1, 271 $ 227 $ 1, 498 Net long-
lived assets3, 126 104 3, 230 Year Ended or As of December 31, 2021Net revenues $ 1, 366 $ 199 $ 1, 565 Net long-lived
assets3, 199 107 3, 306 Year Ended or As of December 31, 2020Net revenues $1, 159 $ 141 $1, 300 Net long-lived assets3,
334 184 3, 518 (a) Includes U. S. territories. 18-17. OTHER EXPENSES AND CHARGES Transaction- Related Gain on
Asset Sale. Net The In March 2022, the Company completed the sale recognized transaction- related expenses of its
Wyndham Grand Bonnet Creek Resort for gross proceeds of $ 121 - 11 million during ($ 118 million, net of transaction costs)
and recognized a $ 35 million gain, net of transaction costs, for the year ended December 31, 2022-2023 related which was
attributable to costs associated with (i) an unsolicited exchange offer from Choice Hotels International, Inc to acquire all
outstanding shares of the Company's stock and (ii) the refinancing of the Company's term loan B hotel management
business and was reported within gain on asset sale, net on the Consolidated Statement of Income / (Loss). Additionally, the
Company entered into a 20 year franchise agreement with the buyer. In May 2022, the Company completed the sale of its
Wyndham Grand Rio Mar Resort for gross proceeds of $ 62 million ($ 61 million, net of transaction costs). There was no gain
or loss on the sale as the proceeds approximated adjusted net book value. Additionally, the Company entered into a 20 year
franchise agreement with the buyer. F-33 The Company incurred separation- related costs associated with its spin- off from
former Parent of $ 1 million <mark>, during 2023 and 2022 and</mark> $ 3 million <del>and $ 2 million</del> during <del>2022,</del> 2021 <del>and 2020</del>, which
respectively. During 2022 and 2021 these costs primarily consisted of legal and tax- related costs. During Gain on Asset Sale.
Net In March 2020-2022, these--- the Company completed the sale of its Wyndham Grand Bonnet Creek Resort for gross
proceeds of $ 121 million ($ 118 million, net of transaction costs) primarily consisted of severance and other employee-
related recognized a $ 35 million gain, net of transaction costs, for the year ended December 31, 2022. Such amounts were
attributable to the Company's hotel management business and were reported within gain on asset sale, net on the
Consolidated Statement of Income. Additionally, the Company entered into a 20 year franchise agreement with the
buyer. In May 2022, the Company completed the sale of its Wyndham Grand Rio Mar Resort for gross proceeds of $ 62
million ($ 61 million, net of transaction costs). There was no gain or loss on the sale. Additionally, the Company entered
into a 20 year franchise agreement with the buyer. Impairments, Net During the fourth quarter of 2021, the Company's
Board approved a plan to sell its two owned hotels. As a result of the Board approval, the Company evaluated the recoverability
of its owned hotels long-lived assets and in the fourth quarter of 2021, the Company recorded a $ 6 million impairment charge
which was reported within impairments, net on the Consolidated Statement of Income / (Loss). For more information, see Note
7- Assets and Liabilities Held for Sale. As a result of COVID-19 and the significant negative impact it has had on travel
demand during 2020, the Company reviewed its intangible assets for potential impairment and determined that the carrying
value of certain intangible assets were in excess of their fair values. Accordingly, the Company recorded impairment charges of
$ 205 million, in 2020, primarily related to certain trademarks and goodwill associated with its owned hotel reporting unit. See
Note 9- Intangible Assets for more information. Additionally, in 2020, the Company incurred a $ 4 million non-cash
impairment charge for the write- off of a receivable as a result of the Company's notice of termination of an unprofitable
management agreement. In 2020, the Company also received $ 3 million of eash related to a previously impaired asset. These
eharges were all reported within impairments, net on the Consolidated Statement of Income / (Loss). The Company incurred $
34 million of charges during 2020, related to four restructuring initiatives implemented in response to COVID-19. Such plans
resulted in a reduction of 846 employees during 2020. In addition, during 2019, the Company had implemented restructuring
initiatives, primarily focused on enhancing its organizational efficiency and rationalizing its operations, as discussed below.
Restructuring charges by segment for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows: Year Ended December 31, 2020Hotel
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Franchising $ 15 Hotel Management3 Corporate and Other16 Total $ 34 Below is the activity for the year ended December 31,
2021 relating to all four of the Company's restructuring plans implemented in 2020: 2021 Activity Liability as of December 31,
2020Cash PaymentsLiability as of December 31, 2021Personnel-related $ 7 $ (7) $ — Facility-related 3 (3) — Total accrued
restructuring $ 10 $ (10) $ — F- 32 18 34 The following table presents activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 relating
to restructuring activities by plan: 2020 ActivityLiability as of December 31, 2019Costs RecognizedCash PaymentsOther (a)
Liability as of December 31, 20202019 PlanPersonnel- related $ 8 $ $ $ (7) $ (1) $ 2020 PlansPersonnel- related 28 (20)
(1) 7 Facility-related 5 (2) 3 Other 1 (1) Total 2020 Plans 34 (23) (1) 10 Total accrued restructuring $ 8 $ 34
$ (30) $ (2) $ 10 (a) Represents non- cash payments in Company stock. Transaction- Related, Net The Company incurred $ 12
million of transaction-related expenses during the year ended December 31, 2020, which were primarily related to integration
activities for the acquisition of La Quinta. 19. TRANSACTIONS WITH FORMER PARENT The Company has a number of
arrangements with its former Parent for services provided between both parties as described below. License Agreement and
Other Agreements with Former Parent In connection with the Company's spin-off, the Company and former Parent entered
into long- term exclusive license agreements to retain former Parents' affiliations with one of the hospitality industry's top-
rated loyalty programs. Wyndham Rewards, as well as to continue to collaborate on inventory- sharing and customer cross-sell
initiatives. In connection with the Company's license, development and non-competition agreement, the Company recorded
license fees from former Parent in the amounts of $ 90 million, $ 83 million during 2022 and $ 65 million during both 2023,
2022 and 2021 and 2020, respectively. Further, the Company recorded revenues of $ 15 million, $ 10 million, and $ 9
million and $ 13 million during 2023, 2022, and 2021 and 2020, respectively, for activities associated with the Wyndham
Rewards program. The Company also recorded license fees from a former affiliate of $ 7 million -during 2023 and 2022 and $
5 million and $ 6 million during 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Such fees are recorded within license and other fees on the
Consolidated Statements of Income <del>/ (Loss)</del>. Transfer of Former Parent Liabilities and Issuances of Guarantees to Former
Parent and Affiliates Upon the distribution of the Company's common stock to former Parent stockholders, the Company
entered into certain guarantee commitments with its former Parent. These guarantee arrangements relate to certain former Parent
contingent tax and other corporate liabilities. The Company assumed and is responsible for one-third of such contingent
liabilities while its former Parent is responsible for the remaining two- thirds. The amount of liabilities assumed by the
Company in connection with the spin- off was $ 20 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, of which $ 20 million and $ 3
million, respectively were included within accrued expenses and other current liabilities and $ 17 million in <mark>and $ 18</mark>
million as of December 31, 2022 was and 2021, respectively, which were included within other non- current liabilities on its
Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company also had a $ 3 million and $ 5 million liability due to its former Parent which was
included within accrued expenses and other current liabilities on its Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2022 and
2021, respectively. In addition, the Company had $ 3 million and $ 4 million of receivables due from former Parent as of both
December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021, respectively, which were included within current assets on its Consolidated Balance
Sheets. Former Parent's Sale of its European Vacation Rentals Business In connection with the sale of the European Vacation
Rentals business, the Company was entitled to one-third of the excess of net proceeds from the sale above a pre- set amount.
During 2019, the Buyer notified former Parent of certain proposed post-closing adjustments of approximately $ 44 million
which could serve to reduce the net consideration received F-35-from the sale of the European Vacation Rentals business. On
December 13, 2021, former Parent entered into a settlement agreement, contingent upon regulatory approval, to settle the post-
closing adjustment claims for $ 7 million which was split one- third and two- thirds between the Company and former Parent,
respectively. The Company had a $ 2 million reserve for such settlement as of December 31, 2021. During the third quarter of
2022, the settlement was approved by the regulatory authority and as a result, the Company paid $ 2 million for its obligation of
the settlement and all claims on the Company were dismissed. 20-F-33 19. LEASES The Company leases property and
equipment under finance and operating leases. For leases with terms greater than one year, the Company records the related
asset and obligation at the present value of lease payments over the term. The Company does not separate lease and non-lease
components of equipment leases. The table below presents the lease- related assets and liabilities recorded on the Consolidated
Balance Sheets. Classification on the Balance SheetsDecember 31, 2022December 2023December 31, 2021AssetsOperating
2022AssetsOperating lease assetsOther non- current assets $ <mark>10 $</mark> 11 <del>$ 14</del> Finance lease assetsProperty and equipment, <del>net26</del>
net22 29-26 Total lease assets $ 32 $ 37 $ 43-LiabilitiesCurrentOperating lease liabilitiesAccrued expenses and other current
liabilities $ 4 $ 4 Finance lease liabilitiesCurrent portion of long- term debt5-debt6 5 Non- currentOperating lease
liabilitiesOther non- current liabilities7-liabilities6 10-7 Finance lease liabilitiesLong- term debt40 45-debt33 40 Total lease
liabilities $ 49 $ 56 <del>$ 64.</del> The table below presents the remaining lease term and discount rates for finance and operating leases.
December 31, <del>2022December <mark>2023December</mark> 31, <del>2021Weighted </del>2022Weighted - average remaining lease termOperating</del>
leases4-leases3. 6 years4. 1 years4-yearsFinance leases5. 7 yearsFinance leases6. 7 years7 years6. 7 yearsWeighted- average
discount rateOperating leases4. 9 % 4. 2 % 3. 9 % Finance leases4. 3 % 4. 3 % F-36 Undiscounted Cash Flows The table below
reconciles the undiscounted cash flows for each of the first five years and total of the remaining years to the finance lease
liabilities and operating lease liabilities recorded on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2022 2023
. Operating LeasesFinance <del>Leases2023 <mark>Leases2024 $ 4 $ 7 20243 7</del> 20252 8 <del>20261 <mark>20262</del> 8 20271 8 <mark>20281 8</mark> Thereafter1 <del>13-5</del></del></mark></del></mark>
Total minimum lease payments12 payments11 51 44 Less: amount of lease payments representing interest1 6-5 Present value of
future minimum lease <del>payments11-payments10 45-39</del> Less: current obligations under leases4 <del>5-6</del> Long- term lease obligations $
7-6 33 F-34 The 40 Under the new accounting standard for leases, the Company recorded the following related to leases on
the Consolidated Financial Statements: Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows: Year Ended December 31,
202220212020Operating ---- 202320222021Operating activities Cash payments related to operating and finance leases $ 6 $ 6 $
7 $ 8 Financing activities Cash payments related to finance leases 5 5 5 Consolidated Statements of Income / (Loss): Year Ended
December 31, 202220212020Operating ---- 202320222021Operating lease expense $ 5 $ 4 $ 4 $ 5 Finance lease
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expenseAmortization of right- of- use assets4 4 4 Interest expense2 2 2 <del>21 20</del>. ACCUMULATED OTHER
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (LOSS) The components of AOCI are as follows: Net of TaxForeign Currency Translation
AdjustmentsCash Flow HedgesAccumulated Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) Balance as of December 31, 2019 $ (1) $
(26) $ (27) Period change3 (28) (25) Balance as of December 31, 2020 $ 2 $ (54) $ (52) Period change — 37 37 Balance as of
December 31, 2021 $ 2 $ (17) $ (15) Period change (5) 58 53 Balance as of December 31, 2022 $ (3) $ 41 $ 38 Period
change12 (31) (19) Balance as of December 31, 2023 $ 9 $ 10 $ 19 F- <del>37-35</del> EXHIBIT INDEX Exhibit No. Description2.
1Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2018, between Wyndham Destinations, Inc. (now known as
Travel Leisure Co.) and Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-
K filed June 4, 2018) 2. 2Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated January 17, 2018, among Wyndham Worldwide Corporation
(now known as Travel Leisure Co.), WHG BB Sub, Inc. and La Quinta Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2
to the Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to Form 10 filed April 19, 2018) 3. 1Second 1Third Amended & Restated Certificate of
Incorporation of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8- K filed
May 13-10, 2020-2023) 3. 2Third Amended and Restated By- Laws of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (incorporated by
reference to Exhibit 3. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed on-January 6, 2023) 4. 1Indenture, dated April 13, 2018, among
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc., Wyndham Worldwide Corporation, as guarantor, and U. S. Bank National Association, as
trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4. 1 to the Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to Form 10 filed April 19, 2018) 4.
2First Supplemental Indenture, dated April 13, 2018, between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and U. S. Bank National
Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4. 2 to the Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to Form 10 filed April
19, 2018) 4. 3Second Supplemental Indenture, dated May 30, 2018, among Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc., the New
Guarantors (as defined in the Second Supplemental Indenture) and U. S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated by
reference to Exhibit 4. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed May 31, 2018) 4. 4Third Supplemental Indenture, dated May 31,
2018, by and between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and U. S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated by
reference to Exhibit 4. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed June 4, 2018) 4. 5Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated January 22,
2020 between, among Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc., WHR Licensor, LLC and U. S. Bank National Association, as
trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4. 5 to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed February 13, 2020) 4. 6Fifth
Supplemental Indenture, dated August 13, 2020, between by and among Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc., the guarantors party
thereto and U. S. Bank National Association, as Trustee trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's
Form 8- K filed August 13, 2020) 4. <del>7 * <mark>7Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated November 18, 2022, among the New</del></del></mark>
Guarantors (as defined in the Sixth Supplemental Indenture and each a subsidiary of <del>, dated November 18, 2022, among</del>
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. , the New Guarantor (as defined in the Sixth Supplemental Indenture) and U. S. Bank
National Association, as trustee4 trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed
February 16, 2023) 4. 8Form of 4. 375 % Note due 2028 (included in Exhibit 4. 6) 4. 9 * Description of Common Stock10.
1Transition Services Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2018, between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc., and Wyndham
Destinations, Inc. (now known as Travel Leisure Co.) and Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (incorporated by reference to
Exhibit 10. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed June 4, 2018) 10. 2Tax Matters Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2018, between
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Wyndham Destinations, Inc. (now known as Travel Leisure Co.) (incorporated by
reference to Exhibit 10. 2 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed June 4, 2018) 10. 3 Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of May
31, 2018, between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Wyndham Destinations, Inc. (now known as Travel Leisure Co.) <del>and</del>
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 3 to the Registrant's Form 8- K filed June 4, 2018)
10. 4License, Development and Noncompetition Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2018, among Wyndham Hotels & Resorts.
Inc. Wyndham Destinations, Inc. (now known as Travel Leisure Co.), Wyndham Hotels and Resorts, LLC , Wyndham Hotels
& Resorts, Inc., Wyndham Hotel Group Europe Limited, Wyndham Hotel Hong Kong Co. Limited, and Wyndham Hotel Asia
Pacific Co. Limited (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 4 to the Registrant's Form 8- K filed June 4, 2018) 10. 5Credit
Agreement, dated as of May 30, 2018, among Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc., the guarantors party thereto from time to time,
Bank of America, N. A., as Administrative and Collateral Agent, and the lenders party thereto (incorporated by reference to
Exhibit 10. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed May 31, 2018) 10. 6First Amendment, dated as of April 30, 2020, to the Credit
Agreement, dated as of May 30, 2018, among Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc., the several lenders and letter of credit issuers
from time to time party thereto, Bank of America, N. A., as administrative agent, and the other parties thereto (incorporated by
reference to Exhibit 10. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed May 4, 2020) 10. 7Second Amendment, dated as of August 10,
2020 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of May 30, 2018, among Wyndham Hotels & Resorts <del>as amended by the First</del>
Amendment, Inc. dated as of April 30, 2020 the several lenders and letter of credit issuers from time to time party thereto
, with Bank of America, N. A., as administrative agent, the several lenders from time to time party thereto, and the other parties
thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed August 11, 2020) 10. 8Third Amendment,
dated as of April 8, 2022, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of May 30, 2018, among Wyndham Hotels & Resorts as amended
by the First Amendment, Inc. dated as of April 30, 2020, and the several lenders and letter Second Amendment, dated as of
August 10 credit issuers from time to time party thereto, 2020, with Bank of America, N. A., as administrative agent, and
the other parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8- K filed April 8, 2022) 10.
9Fourth Amendment, dated as of May 25. 2023, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of May 30, 2018, among Wyndham
Hotels & Resorts, Inc., the several lenders and letter of credit issuers from time to time party thereto, Bank of America, N.
A. as administrative agent, and the other parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 1 of to the Registrant's Form
8- K filed <del>April 8 <mark>May 25</mark> , <del>2022 <mark>2023</del> )</del> 10. <mark>10 † 9Wyndham - Wyndham</mark> Hotels & Resorts, Inc. <mark>Officer Deferred</mark></del></del></mark>
Compensation 2<del>018 Equity and Incentive</del> Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. <del>11-12 t</del>o the Registrant's Form 8-K
filed June 4, 2018) 10. <mark>11 † <del>10Wyndham</del> -- <mark>Wyndham</mark> Hotels & Resorts, Inc. <del>Officer <mark>Non- Employee Directors</del> Deferred</del></mark></del></mark>
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Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. <del>12-13</del> to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed June 4, 2018) 10. <mark>12 †</mark>
11Wyndham -- Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. Savings Restoration Non- Employee Directors Deferred Compensation Plan
(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 13-14 to the Registrant's Form 8- K filed June 4, 2018) 10. 13 † 12Wyndham---
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. <del>Savings Restoration <mark>2018 Equity and Incentive</del> Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit</del></mark>
10. <del>14-</del>11 to the Registrant's Form 8- K filed June 4, 2018) 10. 14 † <del>13Form --</del> Form of Award Agreement for Restricted Stock
Units (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 11 to the Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to Form 10 filed April 19, 2018) 10.
15 † 14Form of Award Agreement for Stock-Settled Stock Appreciation Rights (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10, 14 to
Amendment No. 1 to Form 10 filed April 19, 2018) 10. 15Form of Award Agreement for Performance-Vested Restricted Stock
Units (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10, 15 to the Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to Form 10 filed April 19, 2018) 10.
16 † 16Form -- Form of Award Agreement for Non- Qualified Stock Options (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 16 to the
Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to Form 10 filed April 19, 2018) 10. 17 † Form of Award Agreement for Restricted Stock
Units for Non- Employee Directors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 13 to the Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to
Form 10 filed April 19, 2018) 10. 18 † Form of Award Agreement for Performance Restricted Stock Units (incorporated
by reference to Exhibit 10. 1 to the Registrant's Form 10- Q filed April 27, 2023) 10. 19 † 17Letter - Letter Agreement,
dated as of June 1, 2018, between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Stephen P. Holmes (incorporated by reference to
Exhibit 10. 5 to the Registrant's Form 8- K filed June 4, 2018) 10. 20 † 18Amended - Amended & Restated Employment
Agreement, dated as of <del>February 23 November 14</del>, <del>2021-2023</del>, between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Geoffrey A.
Ballotti (incorporated by reference to Exhibit Number (e) (14) to the Registrant's Schedule 14D-9 filed December 18, 2023)
10. +21 † Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of November 7, 2022, between Wyndham Hotels &
Resorts, Inc. and Michele Allen (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 19 to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed
February 16, 2023) 10. 22 † Amended & Restated Employment Letter, dated as of February 13, 2023, between
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Paul F. Cash (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Form
10- Q filed April 29-27 , 2021-2023 ) 10. 19 * 23 † Amended and & Restated Employment Agreement Letter , dated as of
November 7 February 13, 2022-2023, between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Lisa Checchio Michele Allen 10.
20Employment Letter, dated as of May 16, 2018, between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Paul F. Cash (incorporated by
reference to Exhibit 10. 21-4 to the Registrant' s Form 10- K-Q filed February 14-April 27, 2019-2023) 10. 24 † Amended &
Restated 21Employment -- Employment Letter, dated as of February 25-13, 2020-2023, between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts,
Inc. and Lisa Cheechio Scott Strickland (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 20-5 to the Registrant's Form 10-K-Q filed
February 12 April 27, 2021 2023 ) 10. 22 25 † * Amended & Restated Employment Letter, Dated dated as of February 15-13
, <del>2020-2023 , between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and <del>Scott Strickland21-</del>Monica Melancon21 . 1 * Subsidiaries of</del>
Registrant23. 1 * Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm31. 1 * Certification of President and Chief
Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 200231. 2 * Certification of Chief Financial Officer
pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 200232 * * Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer and
Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U. S. C. Section 1350 adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of
2002101 200297 * Incentive Compensation Recovery Policy101. INSXBRL Instance Document- the instance document does
not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document101. SCH *
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document101. CAL * XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document101.
DEF * XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document101. LAB * XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
Document 101. PRE * XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document 104Cover Page Interactive Data File- the
cover page interactive data file does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the
Inline XBRL document † Indicates management contract or compensatory plan. * Filed herewith. * * Furnished with this
report. Exhibit 4. 7 SIXTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE SIXTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE (this "Supplemental
Indenture ") dated as of November 18, 2022, among WHR Europe, Inc. and WHG Caribbean Holdings, Inc. (each, a "New
Guarantor" and together, the "New Guarantors"), each a subsidiary of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (or its successor), a
Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and U. S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below
(the "Trustee"). WITNESSETH: WHEREAS, the Company, the Trustee and the guarantors party thereto from time to
time are parties to that certain Indenture, dated as of April 13, 2018 (as supplemented by the Third Supplemental Indenture,
dated as of May 31, 2018, the "Base Indenture"), as supplemented by the Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 13,
2020 (the "Fifth Supplemental Indenture" and, together with the Base Indenture, the "Indenture"); WHEREAS Section 4. 10
of the Fifth Supplemental Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Company is required to cause the New
Guarantors to execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the New Guarantors shall
unconditionally guarantee all the Company's obligations under the Notes and the Indenture pursuant to a Guarantee on the
terms and conditions set forth herein; and WHEREAS pursuant to Section 9. 01 of the Fifth Supplemental Indenture, the Trustee
and the Company are authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture without the consent of Holders; WHEREAS
Section 10. 06 of the Base Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Company is required to cause the New
Guarantors to execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the New Guarantors shall
unconditionally guarantee all the Company's obligations under the Notes and the Indenture pursuant to a Note Guarantee on the
terms and conditions set forth herein; NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable
eonsideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the New Guarantors, the Company and the Trustee mutually
covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of Holders as follows: 1. Defined Terms. As used in this Supplemental
Indenture, terms defined in the Indenture or in the preamble or recital hereto are used herein as therein defined, except that the
term "holders" in this Supplemental Indenture shall refer to the term "holders" as defined in the Indenture and the Trustee
acting on behalf of and for the benefit of such holders. The words "herein," "hereof" and "hereby "and other words of
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similar import used in this Supplemental Indenture refer to this Supplemental Indenture as a whole and not to any particular section hereof. 2. Agreement to Guarantee. The New Guarantor hereby agrees, jointly and severally with all existing guarantors (if any), to unconditionally guarantee the Company's obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in Article X of the Indenture, including without limitation the release provisions thereof, and to be bound by all other applicable provisions of the Indenture and the Notes and to perform all of the obligations and agreements of a Guarantor under the Indenture. 3. Notices. All notices or other communications to the New Guarantors shall be given as provided in Section 11, 02 of the Indenture, 4, Ratification of Indenture; Supplemental Indentures Part of Indenture, Except as expressly amended hereby, the Indenture is in all respects ratified and confirmed and all the terms, conditions and provisions thereof shall remain in full force and effect. This Supplemental Indenture shall form a part of the Indenture for all purposes, and every Holder heretofore or hereafter authenticated and delivered shall be bound hereby. 5. Governing Law. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, WITHOUT REGARD TO PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAW. 6. Trustee Makes No Representation. (a) The Trustee shall not be responsible for and makes no representation as to the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which are made solely by the other parties hereto. (b) The rights, protections, indemnities and immunities of the Trustee and its agents as enumerated under the Base Indenture are incorporated by reference into this Supplemental Indenture. 7. Counterparts. This Supplemental Indenture may be executed simultaneously in any number of counterparts, each of which counterparts shall be deemed to be an original, and such counterparts shall constitute but one and the same instrument. Each of the parties agree that this Supplemental Indenture and any other documents to be delivered in connection herewith and therewith may be electronically signed, that any digital or electronic signatures (including pdf, facsimile or electronically imaged signatures provided by DocuSign or any other digital signature provider as specified in writing to the Company) appearing on this Supplemental Indenture or such other documents are the same as handwritten signatures for the purposes of validity, enforceability and admissibility, and that delivery of any such electronic signature to, or a signed copy of, this Supplemental Indenture and such other documents may be made by facsimile, email or other electronic transmission. 8. Effect of Headings. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction thereof. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed as of the date first above written. WHG Caribbean Holdings, Inc., as New Guarantors By: / s/ Barry GoldschmidtName: Barry GoldschmidtTitle: Treasurer U. S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee By: / s / Michelle Mena-Rosado Name: Michelle Mena-Rosado Title: Vice President Exhibit 4.-9 The following summary describes the common stock, par value \$ 0.01 per share, of Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. ("Wyndham Hotels," "our company," "we," "us," and "our"), which are the only securities of Wyndham Hotels registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The following description is a summary and does not purport to be complete. It is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation (our "certificate of incorporation") and our third amended and restated by laws (our "by-laws"), each of which is incorporated by reference as an exhibit to our Annual Report on Form 10-K of which this Exhibit 4.9 is a part. In addition, you should refer to the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "DGCL"), which may also affect the terms of our capital stock. Authorized Capital Stock We are authorized to issue a total of 606 million shares of capital stock consisting of (i) 600 million shares of common stock, par value \$ 0.01 per share, and (ii) 6 million shares of preferred stock, par value \$ 0.01 per share. Dividends. Subject to prior dividend rights of the holders of any preferred shares, holders of shares of our common stock are entitled to receive dividends when, as and if declared by our Board of Directors out of funds legally available for that purpose. We are incorporated in Delaware and are governed by Delaware law. Delaware law allows a corporation to pay dividends only out of surplus, as determined under Delaware law, or, if no such surplus exists, out of the corporation's net profits for the fiscal year in which the dividend is declared and or the preceding fiscal year (provided that such payment will not reduce capital below the amount of capital represented by all classes of shares having a preference upon the distribution of assets). Voting Rights. Each share of common stock is entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. Holders of shares of our common stock do not have cumulative voting rights. In other words, a holder of a single share of common stock cannot cast more than one vote for each position to be filled on our Board of Directors. A consequence of not having cumulative voting rights is that the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock entitled to vote in the election of Directors can elect all Directors standing for election, which means that the holders of the remaining shares will not be able to elect any Directors. Liquidation Rights. In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our company, after the satisfaction in full of the liquidation preferences of holders of any preferred shares, holders of shares of our common stock are entitled to ratable distribution of the remaining assets available for distribution to stockholders. The shares of our common stock are not subject to redemption by operation of a sinking fund or otherwise. Holders of shares of our common stock are not currently entitled to preemptive rights. Fully Paid. All of our outstanding shares of common stock are fully paid and nonassessable. The holders of our common stock have no preemptive rights and no rights to convert their common stock into any other securities, and our common stock is not subject to any redemption or sinking fund provisions. Preferred Stock We are authorized to issue up to 6 million shares of preferred stock, par value \$ 0.01 per share. Our Board of Directors, without further action by the holders of our common stock, may issue shares of our preferred stock. Our Board of Directors is vested with the authority to fix by resolution the designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and such qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including, without limitation, redemption rights, dividend rights, liquidation preference and conversion or exchange rights of any class or series of preferred stock, and to fix the number of classes or series of preferred stock, the number of shares constituting any such class or series and the voting powers for each class or series. The authority possessed by our Board of Directors to issue preferred stock could potentially be used to discourage attempts by third-parties to obtain control of our company through a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise by making such attempts more difficult or more costly.

Our Board of Directors may issue preferred stock with voting rights or conversion rights that, if exercised, could adversely affect the voting power of the holders of common stock. There are no current agreements or understandings with respect to the issuance of preferred stock and our Board of Directors has no present intention to issue any shares of preferred stock. Anti-Takeover Effects of Our Certificate of Incorporation, By- laws and Delaware Law Our certificate of incorporation, our by- laws and Delaware statutory law contain provisions that may impact the prospect of an acquisition of our company by means of a tender offer or a proxy contest. These provisions may discourage coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids. We believe that the benefits of such increased protection would give us the potential ability to negotiate with the proponent of an unsolicited proposal to acquire or restructure us and outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging those proposals because negotiation of the proposals could result in an improvement of their terms. Election and Removal of Directors Our certificate of incorporation and by- laws contain provisions that establish specific procedures for appointing and removing members of our board of directors. As of the 2021 annual meeting of stockholders, our board of directors is no longer classified under Section 141 (d) of the Delaware General Corporation Law and Directors are no longer divided into three classes and may be removed with or without cause. Under our certificate of incorporation and a by- laws, each Director is elected to serve a term of one year, with each Director's term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders next following such Director's election. Newly created directorships resulting from any increase in our authorized number of Directors will be filled by a majority of our Board of Directors then in office, provided that a majority of our entire Board of Directors, or a quorum, is present, and any vacancies in our Board of Directors resulting from death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal from office or other cause will be filled generally by the majority vote of our remaining Directors in office, even if less than a quorum is present. In the case of an uncontested Director election at which a quorum is present, the election will be determined by a majority of the votes cast by the stockholders entitled to vote therein, with any Directors not receiving a majority of the votes cast required to tender their resignations following the certification of the stockholder vote. The Corporate Governance Committee will promptly consider the tendered resignation and will recommend to the Board of Directors whether to accept the tendered resignation or to take some other action, such as rejecting the tendered resignation and addressing the apparent underlying causes of the withheld votes. In making this recommendation, the Corporate Governance Committee will consider all factors deemed relevant by its members. In the case of a contested election, the election will be determined by a plurality of the votes cast by the stockholders entitled to vote in the election. Size of Board Our certificate of incorporation and by- laws provide that our Board of Directors may consist of no less than three and no more than 15 Directors. The number of Directors on our Board of Directors will be fixed exclusively by our Board of Directors, subject to the minimum and maximum number permitted by our certificate of incorporation and by- laws. Elimination of Stockholder Action by Written Consent Our certificate of incorporation and by- laws expressly eliminate the right of our stockholders to act by written consent. Stockholder action must take place at the annual or a special meeting of our stockholders. Stockholder Meetings Under our certificate of incorporation and by- laws, only the chairman Chair of our Board of Directors or our chief <mark>Chief executive Executive officer Officer will be able to call special</mark> meetings of our stockholders. Requirements for Advance Notification of Stockholder Nominations and Proposals Our by-laws establish advance notice procedures and requirements with respect to stockholder proposals and nomination of candidates for election as Directors other than nominations made by or at the direction of our Board of Directors or a committee of our Board of Directors at either an Annual Meeting or Special Meeting. Delaware Anti- takeover Law We are subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, an anti- takeover law. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date such person becomes an interested stockholder, unless the business combination or the transaction in which such person becomes an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner. Generally, a "business combination" includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Generally, an "interested stockholder" is a person that, together with affiliates and associates, owns, or within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status did own, 15 % or more of a corporation's voting stock. The existence of this provision may have an anti- takeover effect with respect to transactions not approved in advance by our Board of Directors and the anti-takeover effect includes discouraging attempts that might result in a premium over the market price for the shares of our common stock. Access to Proxy Our by-laws provide for "proxy access" that allows a stockholder - or a group of up to twenty stockholders, owning at least three percent of our outstanding stock continuously for at least three years, to nominate and include in our annual meeting proxy materials director nominees constituting up to the greater of two directors or twenty percent of the Board of Directors, provided that the stockholders and director nominees satisfy the disclosure and procedural requirements specified in the by- laws . Postponement of Meetings The Board of Directors may postpone, reschedule or cancel any Annual Meeting of Stockholders and any Special Meeting of Stockholders previously scheduled. At the adjourned meeting, the Corporation may transact any business which might have been transacted at the original meeting. No Cumulative Voting Our certificate of incorporation and by-laws do not provide for cumulative voting in the election of Directors. Undesignated Preferred Stock The authorization in our certificate of incorporation of undesignated preferred stock makes it possible for our Board of Directors to issue our preferred stock with voting or other rights or preferences that could impede the success of any attempt to change control of us. The provision in our certificate of incorporation authorizing such preferred stock may have the effect of deferring hostile takeovers or delaying changes of control of our management. Amendments to Our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws The DGCL provides generally that the affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding stock entitled to vote on amendments to a corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws is required to approve such amendment, unless a corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws, as the case may be, requires a greater percentage. Our certificate of incorporation and by-laws provide that the by- laws may be amended, altered, changed or repealed by a majority vote of our Board of Directors, provided that, in addition to any other vote otherwise required by law, our by- laws may also be amended, altered, changed or repealed by the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the voting power of our outstanding shares of capital stock. Exclusive Jurisdiction of

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Certain Actions Our by-laws require, to the fullest extent permitted by law that derivative actions brought in the name of
Wyndham Hotels, actions against Directors, officers and employees for breach of fiduciary duty and other similar actions may
be brought only in the Court of Chancery in the State of Delaware unless the Corporation consents in writing to the selection
of an alternative forum. Although we believe this provision benefits Wyndham Hotels by providing increased consistency in
the application of Delaware law in the types of lawsuits to which it applies, the provision may have the effect of discouraging
lawsuits against our Directors and officers. Our by- laws also provide that unless the Corporation consents in writing to the
selection of an alternative forum, the U. S. federal district courts shall be the exclusive forum for the resolution of claims
under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Limitations on Liability of Directors and Officers and Indemnification of
Directors and Officers Section 145 of the DGCL provides that a corporation may indemnify directors and officers as well as
other employees and individuals against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement in
connection with any threatened, pending or completed actions, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or
investigative, in which such person is made a party by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee
or agent of the corporation (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation — a "derivative action"), if such person
acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the
corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe such person's conduct
was unlawful. A similar standard is applicable in the case of derivative actions, except that indemnification extends only to
expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such action, and the statute requires
court approval before there can be any indemnification where the person seeking indemnification has been found liable to the
corporation. The statute provides that it is not exclusive of other indemnification that may be granted by a corporation's by-
laws, disinterested director vote, stockholder vote, agreement or otherwise. Our certificate of incorporation provides that no
Director <mark>or officer</mark> shall be liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a Director <mark>or</mark>
officer, except to the extent such exemption from liability or limitation on liability is not permitted under the DGCL, as now in
effect or as amended. Currently, Section 102 (b) (7) of the DGCL requires that liability be imposed for the following: • any
breach of the Director's or officer's duty of loyalty to our company or our stockholders; • any act or omission not in good faith
or which involved intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; • a Director for unlawful payments of dividends or
unlawful stock repurchases or redemptions as provided in Section 174 of the DGCL; and any transaction from which the
Director or officer derived an improper personal benefit; and • an officer in any action by or in the right of the corporation
. Our certificate of incorporation and by- laws provide that, to the fullest extent authorized or permitted by the DGCL, as now in
effect or as amended, we will indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened,
pending or completed action, suit or proceeding by reason of the fact that such person is or was our Director or officer, or by
reason of the fact that our Director or officer is or was serving, at our request, as a Director, officer, employee or agent of
another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including service with respect to employee benefit
plans maintained or sponsored by us. We will indemnify such persons against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments,
fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if such
person acted in good faith and in a manner reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to our best interests and, with respect to
any criminal proceeding, had no reason to believe such person's conduct was unlawful. A similar standard is applicable in the
case of derivative actions, except that indemnification extends only to expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred in
connection with the defense or settlement of such actions, and court approval is required before there can be any indemnification
where the person seeking indemnification has been found liable to us. Any amendment of this provision will not reduce our
indemnification obligations relating to actions taken before an amendment. We insure our Directors and officers and those of our
subsidiaries against certain liabilities they may incur in their capacities as Directors and officers. Under these policies, the
insurer, on our behalf, may also pay amounts for which we have granted indemnification to the Directors or officers. Listing Our
shares of common stock are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and trade under the ticker symbol "WH." Transfer Agent
and Registrar The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Broadridge Corporate Issuer Solutions, Inc. Exhibit 10.
25 December 14, 2020 (19 AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT This Amended amended and
Restated restated February 13, 2023) Dear Ms. Melancon: We are pleased to confirm the terms and conditions of your
Employment employment Agreement with Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (this the "Agreement Company"), dated as
of November 7 Chief Human Resources Officer, effective as of March 1, 2022-2021 (the "Effective Date"); is hereby
made by and between Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Michele Allen (the "
Executive"). WHEREAS, the Executive and the Company are parties to an Employment Agreement dated as of December 3,
2019 (the "Original Effective Date") that expires December 3, 2022 (the "Prior Agreement"); WHEREAS, the Company
desires to continue to employ the Executive, and the Executive desires to serve the Company, in accordance with the terms and
conditions of this This position Agreement. NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and other good and valuable
eonsideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereby agree as follows: SECTION I
EMPLOYMENT; POSITION AND RESPONSIBILITIES During the Period of Employment (as defined in Section II below),
the Company agrees to employ the Executive and the Executive agrees to be employed by the Company in accordance with the
terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement. During the Period of Employment, the Executive will serve as the Chief
Financial Officer of the Company and will report reports to, and be subject to the direction of, the Chief Executive Officer of
the Company (the "Supervising Officer"). Your base salary The Executive will perform such duties and exercise such
supervision with regard to the business of the Company as are associated with the Executive's position, paid on as well as such
reasonable additional duties as may be prescribed from time to time by the Supervising Officer. The Executive will, during the
Period of Employment, devote substantially all of the Executive's time and attention during normal business hours to the
performance of services for the Company, or as otherwise directed by the Supervising Officer from time to time. The Executive
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will maintain a biweekly basis primary office and generally conduct the Executive's business in Parsippany, New Jersey,
except for customary business travel in connection with the Executive's duties hereunder. SECTION II PERIOD OF
EMPLOYMENT The period of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "Period of Employment") will begin
on the Effective Date and will end on May 31, 2026, subject to earlier termination as provided in this Agreement. No later than
180 days prior to the expiration of the Period of Employment, the Company and the Executive will commence a good faith
negotiation regarding extending the Period of Employment; provided, that neither party hereto will have any obligation
hereunder or otherwise to consummate any such extension or enter into any new agreement relating to the Executive's
employment with the Company, SECTION III COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS For all services rendered by the Executive
pursuant to this Agreement during the Period of Employment, including services as an executive officer, director or committee
member of the Company or any subsidiary or affiliate of the Company, the Executive will be $ 15 compensated as follows: A.
Base Salary. During the Period of Employment, the Company will pay the Executive a 384, 62, which equates to an
annualized base salary at of $ 400, 000. 00, subject to applicable withholdings an and deductions, and subject to annual
review by rate equal to no less than Six Hundred Thousand Dollars ($ 600, 000) effective on the Effective Date, subject to such
annual increases as the Company's Board of Directors' Compensation Committee (the "Compensation Committee") deems
appropriate in its sole discretion ("Base Salary"). Base Salary As a condition to your position as Chief Human Resources
Officer, you will be <mark>required payable according-to relocate to the customary payroll practices of the Company . B. Annual</mark>
Incentive Awards's headquarters in Parsippany, New Jersey upon the latter of: (a) the Effective Date, or (b) the date
upon which the Company's headquarters will reopen (as a result of closure due to COVID - 19) for use by Company
personnel. The Executive Company will provide you with relocation services through a company of its choice consistent
with Company policy (" Relocation Allowance "). The Relocation Allowance will be a taxable benefit to you and will be
grossed up to compensate you for any income taxes due thereon. You will be eligible to <del>earn an <mark>participate in the</mark></del>
Company's annual incentive compensation <del>award plan as</del> in <mark>effect from time respect of each fiseal year of the Company</mark>
ending during the Period of Employment, subject to time (the "AIP") Committee's discretion to grant such awards, with
<del>based upon</del> a target <mark>annual incentive compensation</mark> award opportunity equal to no less than 75 % of <mark>your eligible Base base</mark>
Salary salary ("Target Award") earned during each such year, and with your actual subject to the terms and conditions of the
annual incentive plan covering employees of compensation award (if any) determined based upon the Company, and further
subject to attainment of such one or more performance goals, eriteria or targets established and certified by the Compensation
Committee . Your in its sole discretion in respect of each such fiscal year (each such annual incentive , an "Incentive
Compensation compensation Award award (if "). The Executive's Incentive Compensation Award for the fiscal year in which
the Effective Date occurs and for any other fiscal year in which the Executive's employment pursuant to this Agreement is for
less than the entire year will be pro- rated based upon eligible earnings for the period from the Effective Date through the end of
such fiscal year. Any carned Incentive Compensation Award will be paid to you the Executive at such time as will shall be
determined by the Compensation Committee pursuant to the annual incentive plan, but in no event later than the last day of the
calendar year immediately following the calendar year in with respect to which such annual the performance targets relate. C.
Long Term Incentive incentive Awards compensation award is earned. The Executive Subject to approval by the
Compensation Committee in its February 2021 meeting, you will be granted an eligible for long term incentive awards
award under as determined by the Committee, and the Executive will participate in such grants at a level commensurate with
the Executive's position as a senior executive officer of the Company. For purposes of this Agreement, awards described in this
paragraph are referred to as "Long Term Incentive Awards." Any Long Term Incentive Awards will vest as determined by the
Committee, in its sole and absolute discretion (including with respect to any performance-based conditions applicable to
vesting), and will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Company's 2018 Equity and Incentive Plan and any amended or
successor plan thereto (the "Equity Plan") with and an aggregate value of One Million Dollars ($ 1,000,000), consisting
of a combination of Restricted Stock Units and / or stock options and vesting in one - quarter increments on the first
anniversary of the grant and each anniversary thereafter. Such award shall have such the other applicable terms and
conditions set forth in the Plan and the final award agreement evidencing respecting such award as determined by the
Committee. You Any Long Term Incentive Awards will be eligible for executive prerequisites made in the Committee's sole
discretion. D. Employee Benefits. During the Period of Employment, the which currently include a Company will - provide
provided automobile the Executive with employee benefits generally offered to all eligible full- time employees of the
Company, and financial planning assistance; however with- 2- perquisites generally offered to similarly- situated senior
executive officers of the Company, our program is subject to change the terms of the applicable plans or policies of the
Company, E. Expenses, During the Period of Employment, the Company will reimburse the Executive for reasonable business
expenses incurred by the Executive in connection with the performance of the Executive's duties and obligations under this
Agreement, subject to the Executive's compliance with such limitations and reporting requirements with respect to expenses as
may be established by the Company under its plans and policies from time to time. The In accordance with our
reimbursement policy, which is subject to being amended from time to time, the Company will reimburse all taxable
business expenses to <mark>you on or before the Executive promptly following submission but in no event later than</mark> the last day of
your the Executive's taxable year following the taxable year in which the expenses are incurred. Per SECTION IV DEATH
AND DISABILITY The Period of Employment will end upon the Executive's death. If the Executive becomes Disabled (as
defined below) during the Period of Employment, the Period of Employment may be terminated at the option of the Executive
upon notice of resignation to the Company, or at the option of the Company upon notice of termination to the Executive. For
purposes of this Agreement, "Disability" will have the meaning set forth in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of
1986 (as amended from time to time, the "Code"), and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder ("Code Section 409A
"). The Company's obligation standard policy, this letter agreement (this "Agreement") is not intended, nor should it be
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<mark>considered,</mark> to <del>make payments to be</del> an employment contract for any definite or indefinite period of time. As you know,
<mark>employment with</mark> the <del>Executive under <mark>Company is at will, and either you or the Company may terminate your </del></del></mark>
<mark>employment at any time, with or without Cause and with or without prior notice. For purposes of</mark> this Agreement <del>will</del>
eease as of such date of termination due to death or Disability, except that (a) any Base Salary earned but unpaid, (b) any
Incentive Compensation Awards owed but unpaid for a prior completed fiscal year, if any, and (c) any Long Term Incentive
Awards earned and vested but unpaid for a prior completed fiscal year, if any, as of the date of such termination, will be paid in
accordance with the terms described in Sections III- A, III- B and III- C, respectively, unless otherwise prohibited by law.
Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company will not take any action with respect to the Executive's employment status
pursuant to this Section IV earlier than the date on which the Executive becomes eligible for long-term disability benefits under
the terms of the Company's long-term disability plan in effect from time to time. SECTION V EFFECT OF TERMINATION
OF EMPLOYMENT A. Without Cause Termination and Constructive Discharge. If the Executive's employment terminates
during the Period of Employment due to either a Without Cause Termination or a Constructive Discharge (each as defined
below), the Company will pay or provide the Executive, as applicable (or the Executive's surviving spouse, estate or personal
representative, as applicable), subject to Section XVIII: i. a lump sum payment (the "Severance Payment") equal to 200..... 4-
 "Termination for Cause" means any of the following: (a termination of the Executive's employment by the Company due
to (a) your the Executive's willful failure to substantially perform your the Executive's duties as an employee of the Company
or any of its subsidiaries subsidiary (other than any such failure resulting from incapacity due to physical or mental illness) or
material breach of the Company's Business Principles, policies or standards, (b) any act of fraud, misappropriation, dishonesty,
embezzlement or similar conduct by you the Executive against the Company or any of its subsidiaries subsidiary, (c) your the
Executive's conviction or plea of nolo contendere for a felony of (or its state law equivalent) or any crime involving moral
turpitude or dishonesty (which conviction, due to the passage of time or otherwise, is not subject to further appeal), (d) the
Executive's gross negligence in the performance of the Executive's duties, or (e) the Executive purposely or negligently
making a false certification regarding the Company's financial statements. The Company will provide a detailed written notice
to the Executive of its intention to terminate the Executive's employment and that such termination is a Termination for Cause,
along with a description of the Executive's conduct that the Company believes gives rise to the Termination for Cause, and
provide the Executive with a period of fifteen (15) days to cure such conduct (unless the Company reasonably determines in its
discretion that the Executive's conduct is not subject to cure) and / or challenge the Company's determination that such
termination is a Termination for Cause; provided, however, that (x) the determination of whether such conduct has been cured
and / or gives rise to a Termination for Cause will be made by the Company, in its sole discretion, and (y) the Company will be
entitled to immediately and unilaterally restrict or suspend the Executive's duties during such fifteen (15)-day period pending
its determination, ii, "Constructive Discharge" means, without the consent of the Executive, (a) any material breach by the
Company of the terms of this Agreement (including Section XI), (b) a material diminution in the Executive's Base Salary or
Target Award, (e) a material diminution in the Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities, (d) a relocation (other than a
temporary relocation due to pandemic conditions) of the Executive's primary office to a location more than fifty (50) miles
from the Executive's then current primary business, or (e) the Company not offering to renew the Executive's employment
agreement on substantially similar terms prior to the end of the Period of Employment (as may be extended from time to time).
The Executive must provide the Company a detailed written notice that describes the circumstances being relied on for such
termination with respect to this Agreement within thirty (30) days after the event, circumstance or condition first arose giving
rise to the notice. The Company will have thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice to remedy the situation prior to the
termination for Constructive Discharge. If no such cure occurs, the Executive's employment will be terminated on the close of
business on the thirtieth (30th) day after the Executive provided the required written notice. iii. "Without Cause Termination"
or "Terminated Without Cause" means termination of the Executive's employment by the Company other than due to (a) the
Executive's death or Disability or (b) a Termination for Cause. iv. "Resignation" means a termination of the Executive's
employment by the Executive, other than in connection with a Constructive Discharge. D. Conditions to Payment and
Acceleration. In the event of a termination under this Section V, any earned but unpaid Base Salary as of the date of such
termination will be paid in accordance with Section III- A, and in the event of a Termination Without Cause or a Constructive
Discharge, any earned but unpaid Incentive Compensation Award for a prior completed fiscal year as of the date of such
termination will be paid in accordance with Section III-B, and for the avoidance of doubt, the Executive shall retain any Long
Term Incentive Awards that have vested and been paid to the Executive as of the date of such termination, unless otherwise
prohibited by law. All payments due to the Executive under-5-Sections V-A (i) will be made to the Executive in a lump sum
no later than the sixtieth (60th) day following the date of termination; provided, however, that (i) all payments and benefits
under Sections V- A (i)- (iii) will be subject to, and contingent upon, the execution by the Executive (or the Executive's
beneficiary or estate) of a general release of claims in such reasonable form determined by the Company in its reasonable
discretion, and (ii) in the event that the period during which the Executive is entitled to consider such general release of claims
(and to revoke the release, if applicable) spans two calendar years, then any payment that otherwise would have been payable
during the first calendar year will be made, assuming a timely execution of the release, on the later of (x) the end of the
revocation period (assuming that the Executive does not revoke), or (y) the first business day of the second calendar year
(regardless of whether the Executive used the full time period allowed for consideration), all as required for purposes of Code
Section 409A. The payments due to the Executive under Section V- A will be in lieu of any other severance benefits otherwise
payable to the Executive under any severance plan of the Company or its affiliates. For the sake of clarity, the Executive will not
be entitled to severance benefits under both this Agreement and another severance arrangement of the Company or its affiliates.
The Company will provide the general release to the Executive within ten (10) business days following the Executive's last day
of employment. SECTION VI OTHER DUTIES OF THE EXECUTIVE DURING AND AFTER THE PERIOD OF
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EMPLOYMENT A. The Executive will, with reasonable notice during or after the Period of Employment, furnish information as may be in the Executive's possession and fully cooperate with the Company and its affiliates as may be requested in connection with any claims or legal actions in which the Company or any of its affiliates is or may become a party or otherwise involved. During the Period of Employment, the Executive will comply in all respects with the Company's Business Principles, policies and standards. After the Period of Employment, the Executive will cooperate as reasonably requested with the Company and its affiliates in connection with any claims or legal actions in which the Company or any of its affiliates is or may become a party or otherwise involved. The Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for any reasonable out- of- pocket expenses incurred by the Executive by reason of such cooperation, including any loss of salary due, to the extent permitted by law, and the Company will make reasonable efforts to minimize interruption of the Executive's life in connection with the Executive's cooperation in such matters as provided for in this Section VI- A. B. The Executive recognizes and acknowledges that all information pertaining to this Agreement or to the affairs; business; results of operations; accounting methods, practices and procedures; members; acquisition candidates; financial condition; clients; customers or other relationships of the Company or any of its affiliates ("Information") is confidential and is a unique and valuable asset of the Company or any of its affiliates. Access to and knowledge of certain of the Information is essential to the performance of the Executive's duties under this Agreement. The Executive will not, during the Period of Employment or thereafter, except to the extent reasonably necessary in performance of the Executive's duties under this Agreement, give to any person, firm, association, corporation, or governmental agency any Information, except as may be required by law. The Exceutive will not make use of the Information for the Executive's own purposes or for the benefit of any person or organization other than the Company or any of its affiliates. The Executive will also use the Executive's best efforts to prevent the disclosure of this Information by others. All records, memoranda, etc. relating to the business of the Company or its affiliates, whether made by the Executive or otherwise coming into the Executive's possession, are confidential and will remain the property of the Company or its affiliates.- 6- C. The Executive agrees to comply with the covenants set forth in this Section VI- C unless otherwise prohibited by applicable law. i. During the Period of Employment (as may be extended from time to time) and the Post Employment Period (as defined below and, together with the Period of Employment, the "Restricted Period"), irrespective of the cause, manner or time of any termination, the Executive will not use the Executive's status with the Company or any of its affiliates to obtain loans, goods or services from another organization on terms that would not be available to the Executive in the absence of the Executive's relationship to the Company or any of its affiliates. Notwithstanding the provisions set forth herein, the Executive may disclose the Executive's employment relationship with the Company in connection with a personal loan application, ii. During the Restricted Period, the Executive will not make any statements or perform any acts intended to advance or which reasonably could have the effect of advancing the interest of any competitors of the Company or any of its affiliates or in any way injuring or intending to injure the interests of the Company or any of its affiliates. During the Restricted Period, the Executive will not, without the express prior written consent of the Company which may be withheld in the Company's sole and absolute discretion, engage in, or directly or indirectly (whether for compensation or otherwise), own or hold any proprietary interest in, manage, operate, or control, or join or participate in the ownership, management, operation or control of, or furnish any capital to or be connected in any manner with, any party or business which competes with the business of the Company or any of its affiliates, as such business or businesses may be conducted from time to time during the Executive's employment or period of service with the Company or any of its affiliates, either as a general or limited partner, proprietor, common or preferred shareholder, officer, director, agent, employee, consultant, trustee, affiliate, or otherwise. The Executive acknowledges that the Company's and its affiliates' businesses are conducted nationally and internationally and agrees that the provisions in the foregoing sentence will operate throughout the United States and the world, iii, During the Restricted Period, the Executive will not, without the express prior written consent of the Company which may be withheld in the Company's sole and absolute discretion, directly or indirectly, request or advise any then current client, customer or supplier of the Company to withdraw, curtail or cancel its business with the Company or any of its affiliates, or solicit or contact any such client, customer or supplier with a view to inducing or encouraging such client, customer or supplier to discontinue or curtail any business relationship with the Company or any of its affiliates. The Executive will not have discussions with any employee of the Company or any of its affiliates regarding information or plans for any business intended to compete with the Company or any of its affiliates. iv. During the Restricted Period, the Executive will not, without the express prior written consent of the Company which may be withheld in the Company's sole and absolute discretion, directly or indirectly cause, solicit, entice or induce (or endeavor to eause, solicit, entice or induce) any present or future employee or independent contractor of the Company or any of its affiliates to leave the employ of, or otherwise terminate its relationship with, the Company or any of its affiliates or to accept employment with, provide services to or receive compensation from the Executive or any person, firm, company, association or other entity with which the Executive is now or may hereafter become associated. The Executive hereby represents and warrants that the Executive has not entered into any agreement, understanding or arrangement with any employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates pertaining to any business in which the Executive has participated or plans to participate, or to the employment, engagement or compensation of any such employee.- 7- v. For the purposes of this Agreement, the term " proprietary interest "means legal or equitable ownership, whether through stock holding or otherwise, of an equity interest in a business, firm or entity, or ownership of any class of equity interest in a publicly-held company (unless such ownership of a publicly- held company is 5 % or less); the term "affiliate" includes without limitation all subsidiaries, joint venturers and licensees of the Company (including, without limitation, any affiliated individuals or entities); and the term, "Post Employment Period "means either (1) if the Executive's employment terminates for any reason at such time following the expiration of the Period of Employment hereunder, a period of one year following the Executive's termination of employment; or (2) if the Executive's employment terminates during the Period of Employment hereunder, a period of two years following the Executive's termination of employment. D. The Executive hereby acknowledges that damages at law may be an insufficient

remedy to the Company if the Executive violates the terms of this Agreement and that the Company will be entitled, upon making the requisite showing, to preliminary and / or permanent injunctive relief, either in any court of competent jurisdiction or in an arbitration pursuant to Section XIV below, to restrain the breach of or otherwise to specifically enforce any of the eovenants contained in this Section VI without the necessity of posting any bond or showing any actual damage or that monetary damages would not provide an adequate remedy. Such right to an injunction will be in addition to, and not in limitation of, any other rights or remedies the Company may have. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, neither party will oppose any motion the other party may make for any expedited discovery or hearing in connection with any alleged breach of this Section VI. E. The period of time during which the provisions of this Section VI will be in effect will be extended by the length of time during which the Executive is in breach of the terms hereof as determined by any court of competent jurisdiction or arbitrator on the Company's application for injunctive relief. F. The Executive agrees that the restrictions contained in this Section VI are an essential element of the compensation the Executive is granted hereunder and but for the Executive's agreement to comply with such restrictions, the Company would not have entered into this Agreement. G. Nothing in this Agreement or any other agreement between the Executive and the Company or any other policies of the Company or its affiliates shall prohibit or restrict the Executive, the Executive's attorneys or any other individual from: (a) making any disclosure of relevant and necessary information or documents in any action, investigation, or proceeding relating to this Agreement, or as required by law or legal process, including with respect to possible violations of law; (b) participating, cooperating, or testifying in any action, investigation, or proceeding with, or providing information to, any governmental agency or legislative body, or any selfregulatory organization, including but not limited to, the Department of Justice, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Congress, and any agency Inspector General; (c) accepting any U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission awards; and / or (d) making any other disclosures under the whistleblower provisions of federal law or regulation, including pursuant to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. In addition, nothing in this Agreement or any other agreement between the Executive and the Company or any other policies of the Company or its affiliates prohibits or restricts the Executive from initiating communications with, or responding to an inquiry from, any administrative, governmental, regulatory or supervisory authority regarding any good faith eoneerns about possible violations of law or regulation. The Executive does not need the prior authorization of the Company to make any such reports or disclosures and the Executive will not be required to notify the Company that such reports or disclosures have been made. Pursuant to 18 U. S. C. § 1833 (b), the Executive will not be held criminally or 8- civilly liable under any Federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret of the Company or its affiliates that (i) is made (x) in confidence to a Federal, State or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to the Executive's attorney and (y) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (ii) is made in a complaint or other document that is filed under seal in a lawsuit or other proceeding. If the Executive files a lawsuit for retaliation by the Company for reporting a suspected violation of law, the Executive may disclose the trade secret to the Executive's attorney and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the Executive files any document containing the trade secret under seal, and does not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order. Nothing in this Agreement or any other agreement between the Company and the Executive or any other policies of the Company or its affiliates is intended to conflict with 18 U. S. C. § 1833 (b) or create liability for disclosures of trade secrets that are expressly allowed by such section. SECTION VII INDEMNIFICATION The Company will indemnify the Executive to the fullest extent permitted by the laws of the state of the Company's incorporation in effect at that time, or the certificate of incorporation and by-laws of the Company, whichever affords the greater protection to the Executive (including payment of expenses in advance of final disposition of a proceeding as permitted by such laws, certificate of incorporation or by-laws). SECTION VIII MITIGATION The Executive will not be required to mitigate the amount of any payment provided for hereunder by seeking other employment or otherwise, nor will the amount of any such payment be reduced by any compensation earned by the Executive as the result of employment by another employer after the date the Executive's employment hereunder terminates. SECTION IX WITHHOLDINGS The Executive acknowledges and agrees that the Company may withhold from applicable payments under this Agreement all federal, state, local, municipal or other taxes and other applicable withholdings that will be required pursuant to any law or governmental regulation. SECTION X EFFECT OF PRIOR AGREEMENTS Upon the Effective Date, this Agreement will be deemed to have superseded and replaced each of any prior employment or consultant agreement between the Company (and / or its affiliates, including without limitation, its respective predecessors) and the Executive, including, without limitation, the Prior Agreement. 9-SECTION XI CONSOLIDATION, MERGER OR SALE OF ASSETS; ASSIGNMENT Nothing in this Agreement will preclude the Company from consolidating or merging into or with, or transferring all or a portion of its business and / or assets to, another corporation. The Company may assign this Agreement to any successor to all or a portion of the business and / or assets of the Company, provided, that in the event of such an assignment, the Company shall require such successor to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place, the failure of which shall constitute a Constructive Discharge pursuant to Section V-C (ii) herein. SECTION XII MODIFICATION This Agreement may not be modified or amended except in writing signed by the parties. No term or condition of this Agreement will be deemed to have been waived except in writing by the party charged with waiver. A waiver will operate only as to the specific term or condition waived and will not constitute a waiver for the future or act as a waiver of anything other than that which is specifically waived. SECTION XIII GOVERNING LAW VENUE This Agreement has been executed and delivered in the State of New Jersey and its validity, interpretation, performance and enforcement will be governed by the internal laws of that state. In any action brought by the Company under Section VI-D above, the Executive consents to exclusive jurisdiction and venue in the federal and state courts in, at the election of the Company, (a) the State of New Jersey; and / or (b) any state and county in which the Company contends that Executive has breached any agreement with or duty to the Company. THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY WAIVE ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY LITIGATION. SECTION XIV ARBITRATION A. The Executive

and the Company mutually consent to the resolution by final and binding arbitration of any and all disputes, controversies, or elaims related in any way to the Executive's employment and or relationship with the Company, including, without limitation, any dispute, controversy or claim of alleged discrimination or retaliation (including, but not limited to, claims based on race, sex, sexual preference, religion, national origin, age, marital or family status, medical condition, or disability) pursuant to any federal, state or local law or regulation or common law; any dispute, controversy, or claim arising out of or relating to any agreements between the Executive and the Company, including this Agreement (provided that with respect to the matters eovered by Section VI, the Company may, but will not be required to, seek injunctive relief in a court of competent jurisdiction); and any dispute as to the ability to arbitrate a matter under this Agreement (collectively, "Claims"); provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall (i) require arbitration of any Claims which, by law, cannot be the-10-subject of a compulsory arbitration agreement, including claims of sexual harassment or sexual assault unless the Executive elects to arbitrate any such claims, (ii) be interpreted to mean that the Executive is precluded from filing complaints with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the National Labor Relations Board or any similar state of local administrative agency, or (iii) interfere with any of the Executive's rights set forth in Section VI-G of this Agreement. B. Any party who is aggrieved will deliver a notice to the other party setting forth the specific points in dispute within the same statute of limitations period applicable to such Claims. Any points remaining in dispute twenty (20) days after the giving of such notice may be submitted to arbitration in New York, New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, to JAMS, before a single arbitrator appointed in accordance with the Employment Arbitration Rules and Procedures of JAMS (" JAMS Rules") then in effect, modified only as herein expressly provided. The arbitrator shall be selected in accordance with the JAMS Rules; provided that the arbitrator shall be an attorney (i) with at least ten (10) years of significant experience in employment matters and / or (ii) a former federal or state court judge. After the aforesaid twenty (20) days, either party, upon ten (10) days' notice to the other, may so submit the points in dispute to arbitration. The arbitrator may enter a default decision against any party who fails to participate in the arbitration proceedings. The arbitrator will be empowered to award either party any remedy, at law or in equity that the party would otherwise have been entitled to, had the matter been litigated in court; provided, however, that the authority to award any remedy is subject to whatever limitations, if any, exist in the applicable law on such remedies. The arbitrator shall issue a decision or award in writing, stating the essential findings of fact and conclusions of law. Any judgment on or enforcement of any award, including an award providing for interim or permanent injunctive relief, rendered by the arbitrator may be entered, enforced, or appealed in any court having jurisdiction thereof provided that the challenged decision, ruling or award is filed under seal with the court. Any arbitration proceedings, decision, or award rendered hereunder, and the validity, effect, and interpretation of this arbitration provision, shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U. S. C. § 1 et seq. C. Each party to any dispute shall pay its own expenses, including attorneys' fees; provided, however, that the Company shall pay all reasonable costs, fees, and expenses that the Executive would not otherwise have been subject to paying if the Claim had been resolved in a court of competent jurisdiction. D. The parties agree that this Section XIV has been included to rapidly, inexpensively and confidentially resolve any disputes between them, and that this Section XIV will be grounds for dismissal of any court action commenced by either party with respect to this Agreement, except as otherwise provided in Section XIV- A herein, other than (i) any action permitted under this Section VI of this Agreement to seek a restraining order and / or other preliminary and or permanent injunctive relief, or to compel arbitration from a court of competent jurisdiction, or (ii) postarbitration actions seeking to enforce an arbitration award from a court of competent jurisdiction. IN THE EVENT THAT ANY COURT DETERMINES THAT THIS ARBITRATION PROCEDURE IS NOT BINDING, OR OTHERWISE ALLOWS ANY LITIGATION REGARDING A DISPUTE, CLAIM, OR CONTROVERSY COVERED BY THIS AGREEMENT TO PROCEED, THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY WAIVE ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN OR WITH RESPECT TO SUCH LITIGATION. E. The parties will keep confidential, and will not disclose to any person, except to counsel, accountants, financial advisors and / or auditors for either of the parties and / or as may be required by law, the existence of any controversy hereunder, the referral of any such controversy to arbitration or the status or resolution thereof. Accordingly, the Executive and the Company agree that all proceedings in any arbitration shall be conducted under seal and kept strictly- 11- confidential and any arbitration award or supporting decision will be held in the fullest confidence permitted under law. In that regard, no party shall use, disclose, or permit the disclosure of any information, evidence, or documents produced by any other party in the arbitration proceedings or about the existence, contents, or results of the proceedings, except as necessary and appropriate for the preparation and conduct of the arbitration proceedings, or as may be required by any legal process, or as required in an action in aid of arbitration, or for enforcement of or appeal from an arbitral award. Before making any disclosure permitted by the preceding sentence, the party intending to make such disclosure shall give the other party reasonable written notice of the intended disclosure and afford such other party a reasonable opportunity to protect its interests (e. g., by application for a protective order and / or to file under seal). SECTION XV SURVIVAL Sections VI, VII, VIII, IX, XI, XII, XIV, and XV will continue in full force in accordance with their respective terms notwithstanding any termination of the Period of Employment. SECTION XVI SEVERABILITY All provisions of this Agreement are intended to be severable. In the event any provision or restriction contained herein is held to be invalid or unenforceable in any respect, in whole or in part, such finding will in no way affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement. The parties hereto further agree that any such invalid or unenforceable provision will be deemed modified so that it will be enforced to the greatest extent permissible under law, and to the extent that any court of competent jurisdiction or arbitrator determines any restriction herein to be unreasonable in any respect, such court or arbitrator may limit this Agreement to render it reasonable in the light of the circumstances in which it was entered into and specifically enforce this Agreement as limited. SECTION XVII NO CONFLICTS The Executive represents and warrants to the Company that the Executive is not a party to or otherwise bound by any agreement or arrangement (including, without limitation, any license, covenant, or commitment of any nature), or subject to any judgment, decree, or order of any court or administrative agency, that would conflict with or will be in conflict with or in

any way preclude, limit or inhibit the Executive's ability to execute this Agreement or to carry out the Executive's duties and responsibilities hereunder. SECTION XVIII SECTION 409A OF THE CODE A. Section 409A. Although the Company does not guarantee to the Executive any particular tax treatment relating to the payments and benefits under this Agreement, it is intended that such payments and benefits be exempt from, or comply with, Code Section 409A and this-12- Agreement will be construct and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penaltics under Code Section 409A. B. Separation From Service. A termination of employment will not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of amounts or benefits subject to Code Section 409A upon or following a termination of employment unless such termination is also a "Separation from Service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "resignation," "termination," "termination of employment" or like terms will mean Separation from Service. C. Reimbursement. With regard to any provision herein that provides for reimbursement of costs and expenses or in-kind benefits, except as otherwise permitted by Code Section 409A, (i) the right to reimbursement or in-kind benefits will not be subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit and (ii) the amount of expenses eligible for reimbursement, or in-kind benefits, provided during any taxable year will not affect the expenses eligible for reimbursement, or in-kind benefits to be provided, in any other taxable year, and such reimbursement will be made no later than the end of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the expense is incurred, provided that the foregoing elause will not be violated with regard to expenses reimbursed under any arrangement covered by Section 105 (b) of the Code solely because such expenses are subject to a limit related to the period the arrangement is in effect. D. Specified Employee. If the Executive is deemed on the date of termination of employment to be a "specified employee" within the meaning of that term under Section 409A (a) (2) (B) of the Code and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time, or if none, the default methodology, then: i. With regard to any payment, the providing of any benefit or any distribution of equity that constitutes "deferred compensation" subject to Code Section 409A, payable upon separation from service, such payment, benefit or distribution will not be made or provided prior to the earlier of (x) the expiration of the six- month period measured from the date of the Executive's Separation from Service or (y) the date of the Executive's death, to the extent required to comply with Code Section 409A; and ii. On the first day of the seventh (7th) month following the date of the Executive's Separation from Service or, if earlier, on the date of death, (x) all payments delayed pursuant to this Section XVIII will be paid or reimbursed to the Executive in a lump sum, and any remaining payments and benefits due under this Agreement will be paid or provided in accordance with the normal dates specified for them herein and (y) all distributions of equity delayed pursuant to this Section XVIII will be made to the Executive. E. Company Discretion. Whenever a payment under this Agreement specifies a payment period with reference to a number of days, the actual date of payment within the specified period will, unless otherwise required by the terms of this Agreement, be within the sole discretion of the Company and the number of days referenced will refer to the number of calendar days. - 13-F. Compliance. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in no event whatsoever will the Company or any of its affiliates be liable for any additional tax, interest or penalties that may be imposed on the Executive by Code Section 409A or any damages for failing to comply with Code Section 409A. [Signature Page Follows]- 14- IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Agreement as of the date first set forth above. By: / s / Paul F. Cash Name: Paul F. Cash Title: Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary / s / Michele Allen Exhibit 10. 22 February 15, 2020 [___] Dear Mr. Strickland: We are pleased to confirm the terms and conditions of your employment with Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (the "Company") as Chief Information Officer effective as of February 15, 2020 (the "Effective Date"). This position reports to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Your base salary, paid on a biweekly basis, will be \$ 15, 384, 62, which equates to an annualized base salary of \$ 400, 000. You will be eligible to participate in the Company's annual incentive compensation plan as in effect from time to time (the "AIP"), with a target annual incentive compensation award opportunity equal to 75 % of your eligible base salary, and with your actual annual incentive compensation award (if any) determined based upon the attainment of one or more performance goals established by the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Compensation Committee"). Your annual incentive compensation award will be paid to you at such time as shall be determined by the Compensation Committee, but in no event later than the last day of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which such annual incentive compensation award is earned. You will be eligible for executive perquisites, which currently include Company- provided automobile and financial planning assistance; however, our program is subject to change from time to time. In accordance with our reimbursement policy, as the same may be amended from time to time, the Company will reimburse all taxable business expenses to you on or before the last day of your taxable year following the taxable year in which the expenses are incurred. Per the Company's standard policy, this letter agreement (this "Agreement") is not intended, nor should it be considered, to be an employment contract for a definite or indefinite period of time. As you know, employment with the Company is at will, and either you or the Company may terminate your employment at any time, with or without Cause and with or without prior notice. For purposes of this Agreement, "Cause" means any of the following: (a) your willful failure to substantially perform your duties as an employee of the Company or any subsidiary (other than any such failure resulting from incapacity due to physical or mental illness), (b) any act of fraud, misappropriation, dishonesty, embezzlement or similar conduct by you against the Company or any subsidiary, (e) your conviction of a felony or any crime involving moral turpitude (which conviction, due to the passage of time or otherwise, is not subject to further appeal), (d) your gross negligence in the performance of your duties, or (e) your purposefully --- purposely or negligently making (or having been found to have made) a false certification to the Company pertaining to its financial statements. Unless the Company reasonably determines in its sole discretion that your conduct is not subject to cure, then the Company will provide notice to you of its intention to terminate your employment for Cause hereunder, along with a description of your conduct which the Company believes gives rise to Cause, and provide you with a period of fifteen (15) days in which to cure such conduct and / or challenge the Company's determination that Cause exists hereunder; provided however, that (i) the determination of whether such conduct has been cured and or gives rise to Cause shall be made

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by the Company in its sole discretion; and (ii) the Company shall be entitled to immediately and unilaterally restrict or suspend
your duties during such fifteen (15) -- day period pending such determination. In the event your employment with the Company
is terminated by the Company other than for Cause (not, for the avoidance of doubt, due to your death or your Disability (as
such term is defined in the Company's long -- term disability plan)) (a "Qualifying Termination"), subject to the terms and
conditions set forth in this Agreement, you will receive severance pay equal to 200 % multiplied by the sum of: (a) your then
current base salary; plus (b) an amount equal to the highest annual incentive compensation award paid to you with respect to the
three (3) fiscal years of the Company immediately preceding the fiscal year in which your termination of employment occurs,
but in no event shall the amount in (b) exceed 100 % of your then eurrent base salary target compensation incentive award. In
the event you become entitled to severance pay under the circumstances described in this Agreement during the three (3) years
following the Effective Date, the amount in subsection (b) above shall be no less than your then current base salary target
annual incentive compensation award. The severance pay will be paid to you in the form of a cash lump sum payment, less
all applicable withholdings and deductions, in the first payroll period following the date on which the separation agreement
referenced in the following paragraph becomes effective and non -- revocable; provided that, to the extent your severance
payment is subject to Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations and guidance issued
thereunder (collectively, "Code Section 409A"), your termination of employment must constitute a "separation from service"
under Code Section 409A; provided, further, that in the event the period during which you are entitled to consider (and revoke,
if applicable) such separation agreement spans two calendar years, then any payment that otherwise would have been payable
during the first calendar year will in no case be made until the later of (a) the end of the revocation period (assuming that you do
not revoke) and (b) the first business day of the second calendar year (regardless of whether you used the full time period
allowed for consideration), as and to the extent required for purposes of Code Section 409A; and provided, further, that the
Company shall have the right to offset against such severance pay any then — existing documented and bona fide monetary
debts you owe to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, to the extent permissible under Code Section 409A. The above
provision of severance pay is subject to, and contingent upon, your execution and non -- revocation of a separation agreement,
in such form as is determined by the Company, within sixty (60) days says of your termination date. Such separation agreement
will require you to release all of your actual and purported claims against the Company and its affiliates (including, without
limitation, the Company's affiliated individuals and entities) and will be in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.
You <mark>will be</mark> eligible to continue to participate in the Company <mark>'s</mark> health plans in which <mark>you the Exceutive participates</mark>--
participate (medical, dental and vision) through the end of the month in which your the Executive's termination becomes
effective. Following As a result of such time termination of participation, you the Executive may elect to continue health plan
coverage in accordance with the provisions of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act ("COBRA"), and if the
Executive elects such coverage,the Company will reimburse you the Executive for the costs associated with such continuing
health coverage under COBRA until the earlier of (x) eighteen (18) months from the coverage commencement date or and (y)
the date on which you the Executive becomes - become eligible for health and medical benefits form a subsequent
employer. You agree that you will, with reasonable notice during or after your employment with the Company, furnish such
information as may be in your possession and fully cooperate with the Company and its affiliates as may be requested in
connection with any claims or legal action actions in which the Company or any of its affiliates is or may become a party.
During your employment, you will comply in all respects with the Company's Business Principles, policies and standards. After
your employment with the Company, you will cooperate as reasonably requested with the Company and its affiliates in
connection with any claims or legal actions in which the Company or any of its affiliates is or may become a party. The
Company agrees to reimburse your for any reasonable out -- of -- pocket expenses incurred by you by reason of such
cooperation, including any loss of salary due, to the extent permitted by law, and the Company will make reasonable efforts to
minimize interruption of your life in connection with your cooperation in such matters as provided for in this paragraph. You
recognize and acknowledge that all information pertaining to this Agreement or to the affairs; business; results of operations;
accounting methods, practices and procedures; members; acquisition candidates; financial condition; clients; eustomers-
customer or other relationships of the Company or any of its affiliates ("Information") is confidential and is a unique and
valuable asset of the Company or any of its affiliates. Access to and knowledge of certain of the Information is essential to the
performance of your duties under this Agreement. You will not, during your employment with the Company or thereafter,
except to the extent reasonably necessary in performance of your duties under this Agreement, give to any person, firm,
association, corporation, or governmental agency any Information, except as may be required by law. You will not make use of
the Information for your own purposes or for the benefit of any person or organization other than the Company or any of its
affiliates. You will also use your best efforts to prevent the disclosure of this Information by others. All records, memoranda,
ete. documents and information, including but not limited to the Information, relating to the business of the Company or its
affiliates, whether made by you or otherwise coming into your possession, are confidential and will remain the property of the
Company or its affiliates. Upon a Qualifying Termination, you will be eligible to vest in and be paid a pro -- rata portion of any
performance -- based long -- term incentive award (excluding stock options and stock appreciation rights) that you may hold at
the time of such Qualifying Termination, with such pro—ration based upon the portion of the full performance period during
which you were employed by the Company plus twelve (12) months (or, if less, assuming your continued employment for the
entire performance period remaining after your Qualifying Termination); provided that the performance goals applicable to the
performance -- based long -- term incentive award are achieved. Payment of any such vested performance -- based long --
term incentive award will occur at the same time that such performance -- based long -- term incentive awards are paid to
actively -- employed employees generally. In addition, all long -- term incentive awards that are not subject to performance --
based vesting and that would have otherwise vested within the twelve (12) -month period following your Qualifying
Termination will become vested upon your Qualifying Termination, and any such long -- term incentive awards which are stock
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options or stock appreciation rights will remain outstanding for a period of two (2) years (but not beyond the original expiration
date) following your Qualifying Termination. This paragraph shall not supersede or replace any provision or right relating to the
acceleration of the vesting of any long -- term incentive award (whether or not performance -- based) in the event of a change in
control of the Company or your death or disability, whether pursuant to an applicable stock plan document or award agreement.
Although the Company does not guarantee to you any particular tax treatment relating to any payments made or benefits
provided to you in connection with your employment with the Company, it is intended that such payments and benefits be
exempt from, or comply with, Code Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed in a manner
consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Code Section 409A. You hereby acknowledge and agree
to the dispute resolution provisions set forth in Appendix A Exhibit B attached hereto. Thank This Agreement has been
executed and delivered in the State of New Jersey, and its validity, interpretation, performance and enforcement will be
governed by the internal laws of that state. [ Remainder of page intentionally left blank ] We are excited to have you <del>for</del>
contribute to the success of the Company and look forward to having your as member continued contribution to the success
of our <del>company senior executive team</del>. Sincerely, By: Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. / s / Mary Falvey Name Geoffrey A.
Ballotti By: Mary Falvey Geoffrey A. Ballotti Title: President and Chief Administrative Executive Officer
ACKNOWLEDGED AND ACCEPTED: / s / <del>Scott StricklandName Monica Melancon Name</del> : <del>Scott StricklandDate </del>Monica
Melancon Date: April March 8, 2020 APPENDIX A 1. You and the Company mutually consent to the resolution by final and
binding arbitration of any and all disputes, controversies, or claims related in any way to your employment and / or relationship
with the Company, including, without limitation, any dispute, controversy or claim of alleged discrimination, harassment, or
retaliation (including, but not limited to, claims based on race, sex, sexual preference, religion, national origin, age, marital or
family status, medical condition, or disability); any dispute, controversy, or claim arising out of or relating to any agreements
between you and the Company, including this Agreement; and any dispute as to the ability to arbitrate a matter under this
Agreement (collectively, "Claims"); provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall require arbitration of any Claims
which, by law, cannot be the subject of a compulsory arbitration agreement, and nothing in this Agreement shall be interpreted
to mean that you are precluded from filing complaints with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or the National
Labor Relations Board. 2. Any party who is aggrieved will deliver a notice to the other party setting forth the specific points in
dispute within the same statute of limitations period applicable to such Claims. Any points remaining in dispute twenty (20)
days after the giving of such notice may be submitted to arbitration in New York, New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, to
JAMS, before a single arbitrator appointed in accordance with the Employment Arbitration Rules and Procedures of JAMS ("
JAMS Rules") then in effect, modified only as herein expressly provided. The arbitrator shall be selected in accordance with the
JAMS Rules; provided that the arbitrator shall be an attorney (i) with at least ten (10) years of significant experience in
employment matters and / or (ii) a former federal or state court judge. After the aforesaid twenty (20) days, either party, upon
ten (10) days' notice to the other, may so submit the points in dispute to arbitration. The arbitrator may enter a default decision
against any party who fails to participate in the arbitration proceedings. The arbitrator will be empowered to award either party
any remedy, at law or in equity, that the party would otherwise have been entitled to, had the matter been litigated in court;
provided, however, that the authority to award any remedy is subject to whatever limitations, if any, exist in the applicable law
on such remedies. The arbitrator shall issue a decision or award in writing, stating the essential findings of fact and conclusions
of law. Any judgment on or enforcement of any award, including an award providing for interim or permanent injunctive relief,
rendered by the arbitrator may be entered, enforced, or appealed in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any arbitration
proceedings, decision, or award rendered hereunder, and the validity, effect, and interpretation of this arbitration provision, shall
be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U. S. C. § 1 et seq. 3 . Each party to any dispute shall pay its own expenses , 2023
including attorneys' fees; provided, however, that the Company shall pay all reasonable costs, fees, and expenses that you would
not otherwise have been subject to paying if the Claim had been resolved in a court of competent jurisdiction. 4. The parties
agree that this Appendix A has been included to rapidly, inexpensively and confidentially resolve any disputes between them,
and that this Appendix A will be grounds for dismissal of any court action commenced by either party with respect to this
Agreement, except as otherwise provided in Paragraph 1 herein, other than (i) any action seeking a restraining order or other
injunctive or equitable relief or order in aid of arbitration or to compel arbitration from a court of competent jurisdiction, (ii) any
action seeking interim injunctive or equitable relief from the arbitrator pursuant to the JAMS Rules or (iii) post-arbitration
actions seeking to enforce an arbitration award from a court of competent jurisdiction. IN THE EVENT THAT ANY COURT
DETERMINES THAT THIS ARBITRATION PROCEDURE IS NOT BINDING, OR OTHERWISE ALLOWS ANY
LITIGATION REGARDING A DISPUTE, CLAIM, OR CONTROVERSY COVERED BY THIS AGREEMENT TO
PROCEED, THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY WAIVE ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN OR WITH
RESPECT TO SUCH LITIGATION. 5. The parties will keep confidential, and will not disclose to any person, except to counsel
for either of the parties and / or as may be required by law, the existence of any controversy hereunder, the referral of any such
controversy to arbitration or the status or resolution thereof. Accordingly, you and the Company agree that all proceedings in
any arbitration shall be conducted under seal and kept strictly confidential. In that regard, no party shall use, disclose, or permit
the disclosure of any information, evidence, or documents produced by any other party in the arbitration proceedings or about
the existence, contents, or results of the proceedings, except as necessary and appropriate for the preparation and conduct of the
arbitration proceedings, or as may be required by any legal process, or as required in an action in aid of arbitration, or for
enforcement of or appeal from an arbitral award. Before making any disclosure permitted by the preceding sentence, the party
intending to make such disclosure shall give the other party reasonable written notice of the intended disclosure and afford such
other party a reasonable opportunity to protect its interests (e. g., by application for a protective order and / or to file under seal).
EXHIBIT A FORM OF RELEASE As a condition precedent to Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (the "Company") providing
the consideration set forth in Section ______ of the Separation and Release Agreement dated ______
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20 ____ ("the Separation-Agreement"), to which this Release is attached as Exhibit A, on or following the
"ADEA Release Effective Date" (as defined below) to the undersigned executive ("Executive"), Executive hereby agrees to
the terms of this Release as follows: 1. Release. (a). Subject to Section 1 (c) below, Executive, on behalf of Executive and
Executive's heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, hereby voluntarily, unconditionally, irrevocably and
absolutely releases and discharges the Company, its parent entities, and each of its subsidiaries, affiliates, and all of its past and
present employees, officers, directors, agents, owners, shareholders, representatives, members, attorneys, insurers and benefit
plans, and all of their predecessors, successors and assigns (collectively, the "Released Parties", and each a "Released Party")
from any and all claims, demands, causes of action, suits, controversies, actions, cross --- claims, counter --- claims, demands,
debts, compensatory damages, liquidated damages, punitive or exemplary damages, any other damages, claims for costs and
attorneys' fees, losses or liabilities of any nature whatsoever in law and in equity and any other liabilities, known or unknown,
suspected or unsuspected of any nature whatsoever (hereinafter, "Claims") that Executive has or may have against the Released
Parties: (i) from the beginning of time through the date upon which Executive signs this Release; (ii) arising from or in any way
related to Executive's employment or termination of employment with any of the Released Parties; (iii) arising from or in any
way related to any agreement with any of the Released Parties, including but not limited to the employment Employment letter
agreement executed by Executive on ______, 20__ ("Agreement"); and / or (iv) arising from or in any way related to
awards, policies, plans, programs or practices of any of the Released Parties that may apply to Executive or in which Executive
may participate, in each case, including, but not limited to, under any federal, state or local law, act, statute, code, order,
judgment, injunction, ruling, decree or writ, ordinance or regulation, including, but not limited to: • Title VII of the Civil Rights
Act of 1964; • Sections 1981 through 1988 of Title 42 of the United States Code; • The Employee Retirement Income Security
Act of 1974 (" ERISA") (as modified below); • The Immigration Reform and Control Act; • The Americans with Disabilities
Act of 1990; • The Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 ("ADEA"); • The Worker Adjustment and Retraining
Notification Act; • The Fair Credit Reporting Act; • The Family and Medical Leave Act; • The Equal Pay Act; • The Genetic
Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008; • The Occupational Safety and Health Act; • The Family First Coronavirus
Response Act; • The New Jersey Law Against Discrimination; • The New Jersey Civil Rights Act; • The New Jersey Family
Leave Act; • The New Jersey State Wage and Hour Law; • The Millville Dallas Airmotive Plant Job Loss Notification Act; •
The New Jersey Conscientious Employee Protection Act; • The New Jersey Equal Pay Law; • The New Jersey Occupational
Safety and Health Law; • The New Jersey Smokers' Rights Law; • The New Jersey Genetic Privacy Act; • The New Jersey Fair
Credit Reporting Act; • The New Jersey Paid Sick Leave Act; • The New Jersey Statutory Provision Regarding Retaliation /
Discrimination for Filing A Workers' Compensation Claim; • The New Jersey Public Employees' Occupational Safety and
Health Act; New Jersey laws regarding Political Activities of Employees, Lie Detector Tests, Jury Duty, Employment
Protection, and Discrimination; • the Texas Commission on Human Rights Act (Tex. Lab. Code Ch. 21), as amended; • any
provision of the Texas Payday Act; • any provision of the Texas Labor Code; • the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies
Code; • the Texas Health and Safety Code; • any other federal, state or local law, rule, regulation, or ordinance; • any public
policy, contract, tort, or common law; or • any basis for recovering costs, fees, or other expenses including attorneys' fees
incurred in these matters. (-b). Executive understands that Executive may later discover claims or facts that may be different
than, or in addition to, those which Executive now knows or believes to exist with regards to the subject matter of this Release
and the releases in this Section 1, and which, if known at the time of executing this Release, may have materially affected this
Release or Executive's decision to enter into it. Executive hereby waives any right or claim that might arise as a result of such
different or additional claims or facts. (c) . This Release is not intended to bar or affect: (i) any Claims that may not be waived
by private agreement under applicable law, such as claims for workers' compensation or unemployment insurance benefits; (ii)
vested rights under the Company's 401 (k) or pension plan; (iii) any right to the payments and benefits set forth in Section —2.
1 of the <del>Separation</del> Agreement; and / or (iv) any earned, but unpaid, wages or paid -- time -- off payable upon a termination of
employment that may be owed pursuant to Company policy and applicable law or any unreimbursed expenses payable in
accordance with Company policy. (-d). Nothing in this Release is intended to prohibit or restrict Executive's right to file a
charge with, or participate in a charge by, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or any other local, state, or federal
administrative body or government agency; provided, however, that Executive hereby waives the right to recover any monetary
damages or other relief against any Released Parties to the fullest extent permitted by law, excepting any benefit or remedy to
which Executive is or becomes entitled to pursuant to Section 922 of the Dodd —— Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer
Protection Act. (-c). Notwithstanding anything in this Release to the contrary, Executive's release of Claims under the ADEA
("the ADEA Release") shall become effective only upon: (i) Executive's separate signature set forth on the signature page of
this Release reflecting <del>his-her</del> assent to <del>his-her r</del>elease of Claims under the ADEA; and (ii) the occurrence of the ADEA Release
Effective Date. (f). Executive represents that Executive has made no assignment or transfer of any right or Claim covered by
this Section 1 and that Executive further agrees that he-she is not aware of any such right or Claim covered by this Section 1. (-g
7. As of the date upon which Executive executes this Release, Executive acknowledges that he-she does not have any current
charge, complaint, grievance or other proceeding against any of the Released Parties pending before any local, state or federal
agency regarding his her employment or separation from employment. This provision shall in all respects be subject to
Subsection (d) herein and Section 6 of this Release. (h) As of the date upon which Executive executes this Release, Executive
affirms that he-she has not knowingly provided, either directly or indirectly, any information or assistance to any non --
governmental party that may be considering or is taking legal action against any of the Released Parties with the purpose of
assisting such person in connection with such legal action. Executive understands that if this Release, and the Separation
Agreement to which this Release is attached, were not signed, he she would have the right to voluntarily provide information or
assistance to any party who may be considering or is taking legal action against any of the Released Parties. Executive hereby
waives that right and agrees that <del>he she</del> will not provide any such assistance other than the assistance to a governmental party or
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pursuant to a valid subpoena or court order. This provision shall in all respects be subject to Subsection (d) herein and Section 6 of this Release. 2. Return of Company Property. Executive represents that he-she has returned to the Company all Company property and confidential and proprietary information in his her possession or control, including but not limited to Confidential Information as defined in the Separation Agreement, in any form whatsoever, including without limitation, equipment, telephones, smart phones, PDAs, laptops, credit cards, keys, access cards, identification cards, security devices, network access devices, pagers, documents, manuals, reports, books, compilations, work product, e -- mail messages, recordings, tapes, removable storage devices, hard drives, computers and computer discs, files and data, which Executive prepared or obtained during the course of his her employment with the Company. Executive has also provided the Company with the passcodes to any lock devices or password protected work -- related accounts. If Executive discovers any property of the Company (or any Released Party) or confidential or proprietary information in his her possession after the date upon which he she signs this Separation Agreement and Release. Executive shall immediately return such property. 3. Non -- disparagement. Subject to Section 6 below, Executive agrees not to: (a) make any statement, written or oral, directly or indirectly, which in any way disparages the Released Parties or their business, products or services in any manner whatsoever, or portrays the Released Parties or their business, products or services in a negative light or would in any way place the Released Parties in disrepute; and / or (b) encourage anyone else to disparage or criticize the Released Parties or their business, products or services, or put them in a bad light. 4. Consultation / Voluntary Agreement. Executive acknowledges that the Company has advised Executive to consult with an attorney prior to executing this Release. Executive has carefully read and fully understands all of the provisions of this Release. Executive is entering into this Release, knowingly, freely and voluntarily in exchange for good and valuable consideration to which Executive would not be entitled in the absence of executing and not revoking this Release. 5. Review and Revocation Period. Executive has been given twenty -- one (21) calendar days to consider the terms of this Release, although Executive may sign it at any time sooner. Executive has seven (7) calendar days after the date on which Executive executes this Release for purposes of the ADEA Release to revoke Executive's consent to the ADEA Release. Such revocation must be in writing and must be e -- mailed to -, at wyndham. com. Notice of such revocation of the ADEA Release must be received within the seven (7) calendar days referenced above. In the event of such revocation of the ADEA Release by Executive, with the exception of the ADEA Release (which shall become null and void), this Release shall otherwise remain fully effective. Provided that Executive does not revoke his her execution of the ADEA Release within such seven (7) day revocation period, the "ADEA Release Effective Date" shall occur on the eighth (8th) calendar day after the date on which Executive signs the signature page of this Release reflecting his her assent to the ADEA Release. If Executive does not sign this Release within twenty -- one (21) days after the Company presents it to him her, or if Executive revokes this Release within the permissible period, Executive shall have no right to the payments and benefits set forth in the Separation Agreement. 6. Permitted Disclosures. Nothing in this Release or any other agreement between Executive and the Company or any other policies of the Company or its affiliates shall prohibit or restrict Executive or Executive's attorneys from: (a) making any disclosure of relevant and necessary information or documents in any action, investigation, or proceeding relating to this Release, or as required by law or legal process, including with respect to possible violations of law; (b) participating, cooperating, or testifying in any action, investigation, or proceeding with, or providing information to, any governmental agency or legislative body, any self -- regulatory organization, and / or pursuant to the Sarbanes -- Oxley Act; or (c) accepting any U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission awards. In addition, nothing in this Release or any other agreement between Executive and the Company or any other policies of the Company or its affiliates prohibits or restricts Executive from initiating communications with, or responding to any inquiry from, any regulatory or supervisory authority regarding any good faith concerns about possible violations of law or regulation, Pursuant to 18 U. S. C. § 1833 (b), Executive will not be held criminally or civilly liable under any Federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret of the Company or its affiliates that: (i) is made (x) in confidence to a Federal, state, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to Executive's attorney and (y) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (ii) is made in a complaint or other document that is filed under seal in a lawsuit or other proceeding. If Executive files a lawsuit for retaliation by the Company for reporting a suspected violation of law, Executive may disclose the trade secret to Executive's attorney and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if Executive files any document containing the trade secret under seal, and does not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order. Nothing in this Release or any other agreement between the Company and Executive or any other policies of the Company or its affiliates is intended to conflict with 18 U. S. C. § 1833 (b) or create liability for disclosures of trade secrets that are expressly allowed by such section. 7. No Admission of Wrongdoing. Neither this Release, nor the furnishing of the consideration for this Release, shall be deemed or construed at any time to be an admission by the parties or any of the Released Parties of any improper or unlawful conduct, all of which is denied. 8. Third — Party Beneficiaries. Executive acknowledges and agrees that all Released Parties are third — party beneficiaries of this Release and have the right to enforce this Release. 9. Amendments and Waivers. No amendment to or waiver of this Release or any of its terms will be binding unless consented to in writing by Executive and an authorized representative of the Company. No waiver by any Released Party of a breach of any provision of this Release, or of compliance with any condition or provision of this Release to be performed by Executive, will operate or be construed as a waiver of any subsequent breach with respect to any other Released Party or any similar or dissimilar provision or condition at the same or any subsequent time. The failure of any Released Party to take any action by reason of any breach will not deprive any other Released Party of the right to take action at any time. 10. Governing Law; Jury Waiver. This Release shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New Jersey, without regard to the application of any choice -- of -- law rules that would result in the application of another state's laws. Subject to Section 13 below, Executive irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction of, and exclusive venue in, the state and federal courts in New Jersey with respect to any matters pertaining to, or arising from, this Release. UNLESS OTHERWISE PROHIBITED BY LAW, EXECUTIVE

EXPRESSLY, KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WAIVES THE RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING RELATING TO OR ARISING IN ANY WAY FROM THIS RELEASE OR THE MATTERS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY. 11. Savings Clause. If any term or provision of this Release is invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other term or provision of this Release or invalidate or render unenforceable such term or provision in any other jurisdiction. Upon such determination that any term or other provision of this Release is invalid, illegal or unenforceable, this Release shall be enforceable as closely as possible to its intent of providing the Released Parties with a full release of all legally releasable claims through the date upon which Executive signs this Release. 12. Continuing Obligations. Executive's post -- termination obligations set forth in the Agreement and Separation Agreement, as well as Executive's obligations set forth in the Agreement and Separation Agreement , are incorporated herein by reference (the "Continuing Obligations"). If Executive breaches the Continuing Obligations, all amounts and benefits payable under this Release shall cease and, upon request, Executive shall immediately repay to the Company any and all amounts already paid pursuant to this Release. If any one or more of the Continuing Obligations shall be held by an arbitrator or a court of competent jurisdiction to be excessively broad as to duration, geography, scope, activity or subject, such provisions shall be construed by limiting and reducing them so as to be enforceable to the maximum extent allowed by applicable law. 13. Arbitration. Appendix A-B of the Employment Agreement is incorporated herein by reference and such terms and conditions shall apply to any disputes under the Agreement, the Separation Agreement and under this Release. 14. Continuing Cooperation. Executive agrees, in addition to obligations set forth in this Release , the Agreement and the Separation Agreement to which this Release is attached, to cooperate and make himself herself available to the Company or any of its successors (including any past or future subsidiary of the Company), any of the Released Parties, or its or their General Counsel, as the Company may reasonably request, to assist in any matter, including giving truthful testimony in any litigation or potential litigation, over which Executive may have knowledge, information or expertise. Executive shall be reimbursed, to the extent permitted by law, any reasonable out -- of -- pocket expenses associated with such cooperation, provided those expenses are pre -- approved by the Company (or Released Party, as applicable) prior to the Executive incurring them. Executive acknowledges that his her agreement to this provision is a material inducement to the Company to enter into the Separation Agreement and pay the consideration described therein. 15. Business Expenses. As of the date upon which Executive executes this Release, Executive confirms that any business - - related expenses for which he <mark>she seeks or will seek</u></mark> reimbursement have been, or will be, documented and submitted to the Company within 10 business days after the Termination Date. Furthermore, Executive represents that any amounts owed by him-her to the Company have been paid. In the event Executive has been reimbursed for business expenses, but has failed to pay any Company -- issued charge card or credit card bill related to such reimbursed expenses, Executive shall promptly pay any such amounts within 7 days after any request by the Company and, in addition, the Company has the right and is hereby authorized to deduct the amount of any unpaid charge card or credit card bill from the severance payments or otherwise suspend payments or other benefits in an amount equal to the unpaid business expenses without being in breach of the Separation Agreement. 16. Entire Agreement. Except as expressly set forth herein, Executive acknowledges and agrees that this Release and the Separation Agreement to which this Release is attached constitutes the complete and entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Executive with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes in its entirety any and all prior understandings, commitments, obligations and / or agreements, whether written or oral, with respect thereto; it being understood and agreed that this Release, and the Separation Agreement to which this Release is attached, including the mutual covenants, agreements, acknowledgments and affirmations contained herein and therein, is intended to constitute a complete settlement and resolution of all matters set forth in Section 1 hereof. Executive represents that, in executing this Release, Executive has not relied upon any representation or statement made by any of the Released Parties, other than those set forth in this Release and the Separation-Agreement to which this Release is attached, with regard to the subject matter, basis, or effect of this Release. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Executive has executed this Release as of the below ——indicated date (s).

ACKNOWLEDGED AND AGREED WITH RESPECT TO ADEA RELEASE

EXHIBIT B 1. You and the Company mutually consent to the resolution by final and binding arbitration of any and all disputes, controversies, or claims related in any way to your employment and / or relationship with the Company, including, without limitation, any dispute, controversy or claim of alleged discrimination, harassment, or retaliation (including, but not limited to, claims based on race, sex, sexual preference, religion, national origin, age, marital or family status, medical condition, or disability); any dispute, controversy, or claim arising out of or relating to any agreements between you and the Company, including this Agreement; and any dispute as to the ability to arbitrate a matter under this Agreement (collectively, " Claims "); provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall require arbitration of any Claims which, by law, cannot be the subject of a compulsory arbitration agreement, and nothing in this Agreement shall be interpreted to mean that you are precluded from filing complaints with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or the National Labor Relations Board. 2. Any party who is aggrieved will deliver a notice to the other party setting forth the specific points in dispute within the same statute of limitations period applicable to such Claims. Any points remaining in dispute twenty (20) days after the giving of such notice may be submitted to arbitration through JAMS Mediation, Arbitration and ADR Services, in New York, New York, before a single arbitrator appointed in accordance with the Employment Arbitration Rules and Procedures of JAMS ("JAMS Rules") then in effect, modified only as herein expressly provided. The arbitrator shall be selected in accordance with the JAMS Rules; provided that the arbitrator shall be an attorney (i) with at least ten (10) years of significant experience and / or (ii) a former federal or state court judge. After the aforesaid twenty (20) days, either party, upon ten (10) days' notice to the other, may so submit the points in dispute to arbitration. The arbitrator may enter a default decision against any party who fails to participate in the arbitration proceedings. The arbitrator will be empowered to award either party any

remedy, at law or in equity, that the party would otherwise have been entitled to, had the matter been litigated in court; provided, however, that the authority to award any remedy is subject to whatever limitations, if any, exist in the applicable law on such remedies. The arbitrator shall issue a decision or award in writing, stating the essential findings of fact and conclusions or law. Any judgement on or enforcement of any award, including an award providing for interim or permanent injunctive relief, rendered by the arbitrator may be entered, enforced, or appealed in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any arbitration proceedings, decision, or award rendered hereunder, and the validity, effect, and interpretation of this arbitration provision, shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U. S. C. § 1, et seq. 3. Each party to any dispute shall pay their own expenses, including attorneys' fees; provided, however, that the Company shall pay all reasonable costs, fees, and expenses that you would not otherwise have been subject to paying if the Claim had been resolved in a court of competent jurisdiction, 4. The parties agree that this Exhibit B has been included to resolve expeditiously, inexpensively and confidentially any disputes between them, and that this Exhibit B will be grounds for dismissal of any court action commenced by either party with respect to this Agreement, except as otherwise provided in Paragraph 1 herein, other than: (i) any action seeking a restraining order or other injunctive or equitable relief or order in aid of arbitration or to compel arbitration from a court of competent jurisdiction; (ii) any action seeking interim injunctive or equitable relief from the arbitrator pursuant to JAMS Rules; or (iii) post - arbitration actions seeking to enforce an arbitration award from a court of competent jurisdiction. IN THE EVENT THAT ANY COURT DETERMINES THAT THIS ARBITRATION PROCEDURE IS NOT BINDING, OR OTHERWISE ALLOWS ANY LITIGATION REGARDING A DISPUTE, CLAIM, OR CONTROVERSY COVERED BY THIS AGREEMENT TO PROCEEED, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WAIVE ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN OR WITH RESPECT TO SUCH LITIGATION. 5. You have the right to seek the advice of legal counsel of your choosing before signing this Agreement, and you have been encouraged by the Company to do so. 6. The parties will keep confidential, and will not disclose to any person, except to counsel, insurers, financial advisors, accountants or auditors for either of the parties and / or as may be required by law, the existence of any controversy hereunder, the referral of any such controversy to arbitration of the status or resolution thereof. Accordingly, you and the Company agree that all proceedings in any arbitration shall be conducted so as to be kept strictly confidential. In that regard, no party shall use, disclose, or permit the disclosure of any information, evidence, or documents produced by any other party in the arbitration proceedings or about the existence, contents, or results of the proceedings, except as necessary and appropriate for the preparation and conduct of the arbitration proceedings, or as may be required by any legal process, or as required in an action in aid of arbitration, or for enforcement of or appeal from an arbitral award. Before making any disclosure permitted by the preceding sentence, the party intending to make such disclosure shall give the other party reasonable written notice of the intended disclosure and afford such other party a reasonable opportunity to protect its interests (e.g., by application for a protective order and / or to file under seal).